

FISH TERMINOLOGIES

Components Thesaurus

Report Format: Hierarchical listing - alpha

Notes: A thesaurus for the recording of the component parts of a monument.

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A FRAME STEAM ENGINE

- SN A simple, single cylinder vertical steam engine with its cylinder mounted directly on a baseplate, driving an overhead crankshaft which is supported by two A-shaped frames
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

A STRUT

- SN A strut with a reflecting counterpart that forms the letter A on either side of a king post.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT STRUT
- NT SPANDREL STRUT

ABACUS

- SN The flat slab at the top of a capital.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL

ABUTMENT

- UF Butment
- SN Solid masonry placed to counteract the lateral thrust of a vault or arch.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

ACANTHUS

- SN A long much indented leaf usually curled over at the tip which is a standard form of foliage in classical decoration.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS

- UF Arms
Coat Of Arms
- SN A display or depiction of authorised armorial bearings, such as the elements of a coat of arms, livery and personal badges and flags, mottoes etc..
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT ESCUTCHEON
HATCHMENT

ACROTHERION

- SN A plinth or pedestal, sometimes decorated, and sometimes supporting statuary, placed at the apex and lower extremity of a pediment.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PEDESTAL
- RT PEDIMENT

ADIT

- SN A passage, usually horizontal, leading into a mine to allow for access or drainage.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ENTRANCE

ADMINISTRATION BLOCK

- SN A part of a building or complex where administrative duties are undertaken.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Adyton

- USE ADYTUM

ADYTUM

- UF Adyton
- SN Originally, the inner sanctuary of a Greek temple

from where the oracle was delivered. Now used for any private chamber or sanctuary.

- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

AEDICULE (FRAME)

- SN The framing of a door or window with two columns piers or pilasters which support a lintel, entablature etc.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT DOOR
NICHE
WINDOW

AEDICULE (SHRINE)

- SN An opening or shrine, usually containing a statue, framed by a pair of pilasters or columns supporting an entablature and pediment.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SHRINE

AGED MENS WARD

- SN Series of rooms within a workhouse where elderly men were housed.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

AGIASTERIUM

- SN The area of the Basilica, especially in the early church, in which the altar resides.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

AGRAFE

- UF Agraffe
- SN A keystone decorated with a relief sculpture, usually a cartouche
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT KEYSTONE

Agraffe

- USE AGRAFE

AILERON

- SN A half gable or half pediment concealing the lean-to roof of an aisle.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PEDIMENT
GABLE

AIR PUMP

- SN A pump for removing condensed steam from the condenser of a steam raising plant.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT PUMP

Air Shaft

- USE VENTILATION SHAFT

Airing Yard

- USE EXERCISE YARD

AISLE

- SN The side compartment of a building, usually a church, hall or barn, separated from the main body of the building by an arcade; or a passage allowing access to rows of seats in an auditorium or church.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT AMBULATORY (INTERIOR)
 CARREL (AISLE)
 PASSAGE AISLE

AISLE PLATE

SN A horizontal member along the length of an aisle
 wall to receive the ends of rafters.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT WALL PLATE

AISLE TRUSS

SN A roof truss supported by arcade posts in an
 aisled building.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT TRUSS

Alatoria
 USE **COVERED WAY**

Alatorium
 USE **COVERED WAY**

ALCOVE

SN A recess within a wall or room.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Aleoia
 USE **LOOPHOLE**

Allure
 USE **ALURE**

Almery
 USE **AUMBRY**

ALMONRY

SN A room in a monastery from which alms were
 distributed; or the residence of an almoner.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

Alorium
 USE **COVERED WAY**

ALTAR

UF Communion Table
 SN An elevated table or podium on which to place,
 or sacrifice, offerings to a god or gods.
 CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
 RT ALTAR RAIL

ALTAR RAIL

UF Communion Rail
 SN A rail or balustrade that separates the altar from
 the rest of the church.
 CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
 RT ALTAR

ALTAR SCREEN

SN A partition or wall behind an altar, often
 separating the choir and altar from the ambulatory
 and east chapel.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT SCREEN
 RT AMBULATORY (INTERIOR)
 CHOIR

Alura
 USE **ALURE**

ALURE

UF Allure
 Alura

SN A walkway around the parapets of a castle or
 the roof of a church.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

AMBITUS

SN The consecrated ground immediately surrounding
 a tomb or grave.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
 INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
 RT TOMB

AMBO

SN A reading desk usually placed near the west end
 of the choir.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

Ambry
 USE **AUMBRY**

AMBULATORY (EXTERNAL)

UF Deambulatory
 SN A path or area for exercise, usually taken in the
 form of walking. Can be partially or totally
 covered.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
 NT CLOISTER

AMBULATORY (INTERIOR)

SN An aisle within a chancel providing access to,
 and around, the High Altar and surrounding cells.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT AISLE
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT AISLE
 RT ALTAR SCREEN
 CHEVET

AMORINO

SN A representation of a winged boy who
 represents Cupid or Love.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT HUMAN FIGURE

Analemma
 USE **BUTTRESS
 WALL**

SN Use appropriate term.

ANCHOR AND COLLAR HINGE

SN A simple type of hinge used for large gates.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT HINGE

ANCHOR BEAM

SN A beam the end of which is fixed beyond the
 upright it passes through.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT BEAM

ANCHORAGE

SN A room over the vestry of a church, often
 thought to have been where anchorites lived.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

ANCONE (CONSTRUCTION)

SN A projection left on a stone block to allow it to be hoisted into position.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

ANCONE (STRUCTURAL)

SN An ornamental bracket on either side of a doorway supporting a cornice.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

ANGLE BAR

SN The corner upright bar of a polygonal sash.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Angle Bead

USE **ANGLE STAFF**

ANGLE BOB

SN A mechanical component or device that can change the direction of motion of a pump rod from the vertical to the horizontal plane and vice versa.

CL MACHINERY

Angle Brace

USE **BRACE**

ANGLE BRACKET

SN A bracket that is shaped to form an angle.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BRACKET

ANGLE BUTTRESS

SN Two buttresses which meet at a right angle at the corner of the structure they are supporting.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BUTTRESS

ANGLE CAPITAL

UF Corner Capital

SN A capital at the corner of a colonnade or portico in the Ionic Order in which the volutes are splayed outwards at 45 degrees.

CL ORDER

BT IONIC CAPITAL

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT IONIC CAPITAL

ANGLE CHIMNEY

SN A chimney placed at an angle with the walls so that there is an obtuse angle with each wall.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CHIMNEY

ANGLE COLUMN

UF Angular Column

SN A column at the corner of a structure.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT COLUMN

ANGLE MODILLION

SN A diagonally set modillion placed at a cornice's external corner.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT MODILLION

ANGLE RAFTER

SN A principal rafter below a hip rafter that supports

the ends of purlins under a hip.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT PRINCIPAL RAFTER

ANGLE RIB

SN A rib placed at an angle to support timbers.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT RIB

ANGLE STAFF

UF Angle Bead

SN A vertical piece of wood fixed on corners of walls to help the fixing of plaster and to protect against damage to the plaster.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Angle Stone

USE **QUOIN**

ANGLE STRUT

SN A strut which is at an angle between the principal rafter and tiebeam.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT STRUT

ANGLE TOWER

SN A projection from the inner angle of a building around a court or with advancing wings, usually containing a staircase and often crowned above the roof line with an ogee dome.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT TOWER

ANGULAR CAPITAL

SN A type of Ionic diagonal capital where all four sides are the same and with therefore eight volutes.

CL ORDER

BT IONIC CAPITAL

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT IONIC CAPITAL

Angular Column

USE **ANGLE COLUMN**

ANGULAR NICHE

SN A niche in the corner of a structure.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT NICHE

ANIMAL FIGURE

SN A sculptural or decorative representation of an animal. Includes mythical and fantastical animals such as dragons, centaurs etc.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

NT BUCRANIUM

GARGOYLE

GROTESQUE

ANNEX

SN A structure, or building, forming a supplementary and subsidiary part of a main complex.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

ANNULAR MOULDING

SN A circular moulding.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

ANNULAR VAULT

- SN A term used to describe a vaulted roof where the vault goes from either the newel of a staircase to a wall or from one wall to another where the walls are circular in plan.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT VAULT

ANNULATED COLUMN

- SN A column joined to another by a band or ring.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

ANNULET

- SN A small, flat band or fillet around a shaft or column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

Anse De Panier

- USE **BASKET ARCH**

ANTA

- SN A pilaster terminating the side walls of a temple whose capital and base differ from those of its associated columns. Such an arrangement, where the columns do not project beyond the faces of the antae, is said to be 'in antis'.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PILASTER

Antechamber

- USE **ANTEROOM**

ANTECHAPEL

- SN The partially enclosed western part of a chapel, leading to the chapel proper.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ANTECHOIR

- UF Forechoir
- SN Part of a church in front of the choir and usually enclosed by tombs, screens etc.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ANTECHURCH

- UF Forechurch
- SN An addition to the west end of a church which is similar to a porch or narthex but usually consists of a nave and aisles.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- NT NARTHEX (MEDIEVAL)

ANTECOURT

- SN The first court which is before the principal court.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT COURTYARD

ANTEFIX

- SN A decorative tile on the end of the cornice or eaves of a building to conceal the ends of tiles.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

ANTEHALL

- SN The hall before a great hall.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

Antepagmenta

- USE **ARCHITRAVE**

ANTEPORTICO

- SN A porch in front of the solid wall of a cloister.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- RT CLOISTER

ANTEROOM

- UF Antechamber
- SN A room before a larger room which is often used as a waiting room.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

ANTHEMION

- SN A stylised, leafy decorative feature reminiscent of, and sometimes referred to as, honeysuckle.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

APARTMENT

- SN A room or group of rooms in a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

APEX STONE

- UF Saddle Stone
- SN The top stone in a gable end.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT GABLE

APODYTERIUM

- SN The undressing room in a bath house or similar.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

APOPHYGE

- SN The outward curve at the top or bottom of a column where it joins the base or capital.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

APOTHECA

- SN A storeroom for valuable goods, such as wine, oil and spices.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREROOM

Apothecarium

- USE **INFIRMARY**

APOTHESIS

- SN Found in early churches this was a part of a church on the south side of the chancel where there were bookshelves and storage for vestments.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

APPLIED BEAM

- SN A beam that has been applied to a wall face.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

APPLIED COLUMN

- SN An engaged column, that is one attached to a wall.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN
RT ENGAGED COLUMN

APPLIED ORDER

SN A classical order in which the columns or pilasters are applied to a wall.
CL ORDER

APRON

SN A shaped or decorated raised panel below the sill of a window or a niche.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT NICHE
WINDOW

APSE

SN A polygonal or semicircular recess projecting from an external wall, often with a rounded vault.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT APSIDIOLE
COUNTER APSE
RT CHEVET
EXEDRA

APSE CHAPEL

SN A chapel that radiates from an apsidal end of a cathedral or church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT CHAPEL

APSIDIOLE

SN A small apse.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT APSE

AQUA THRUSTER PUMP

SN A type of water pump used in the Wigan coalfields in the late 18th and 19th centuries.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATER PUMP

ARABESQUE

SN A style of decorative design consisting of intertwined, geometrical patterns of leaves, branches, tendrils etc. Often defined as being devoid of human or animal figures.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

ARCADE

SN A series of arches.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT BLIND ARCADE
INTERLACING ARCADE

ARCADE PLATE

SN A timber running above vertical posts, in the place of a wall-plate, within a timber-framed building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PLATE

ARCH

SN A curved construction, spanning an opening, formed from wedge-shaped blocks supported by mutual pressure; they can also be formed from moulded concrete and cast metal.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT ARCH BAND
ARCH BRICK
BASKET ARCH
CHANCEL ARCH
ELLIPTICAL ARCH
EQUILATERAL ARCH
EXTRADOS
FALSE ARCH
FLAT ARCH
FOUR CENTRED ARCH
HORSESHOE ARCH
IMPOST
INTRADOS
POINTED ARCH
PROSCENIUM ARCH
RELIEVING ARCH
SEGMENTAL ARCH
SHOULDERED ARCH
SKEW ARCH
SPLAYED ARCH
SQUINCH
STILTED ARCH
STRAINER ARCH
THREE CENTRED ARCH
TUSCAN ARCH
TWO CENTRED ARCH
RT ARCHWAY
CENTERING

ARCH BAND

SN The part of a rib or arch visible below the general surface of the vault.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

ARCH BRACE

SN A curving, upright timber brace used in roof construction, found in pairs, forming an arch.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

ARCH BRICK

SN A wedge shaped brick used to construct arches.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH
NT KEYSTONE

ARCH BUTTRESS

SN A buttress shaped like an arch and springing from a pier in arched form to the wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS
RT FLYING BUTTRESS

ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURE

SN A feature found during an archaeological investigation which implies the presence of a monument, building, structure or human activity.
CL IMPLIED FEATURE

ARCHITRAVE

UF Antepagmenta
Epistyle
SN The lowest of the three main parts of an entablature. Also the lintels, jambs and mouldings surrounding a door, window, panels or niche; or the ornamental mouldings around the exterior curve of an arch.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ENTABLATURE
NT FASCIA
GIBBS SURROUND

ARCHIVOLT

SN A series of concentric mouldings decorating the curved face of an arch.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
RT MOULDING

ARCHWAY

SN An opening in a structure which is arched.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT ARCH

ARCOSOLIUM

SN An arched or vaulted recess, within a tomb or catacomb, intended to contain a coffin or sarcophagus.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT CRYPT

AREAS AND SPACES

SN Areas and spaces within a monument or site.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
NT CHAPEL
DANCE FLOOR
ENTRANCE
EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
LAVATORIUM
NEST HOLE
PAVILION WARD BLOCK
STAGE

ARENA

SN The body of a church or chapel as opposed to galleries.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ARK

UF Aron Hakodesh
Aron Kodesh
SN A cupboard set into the eastern wall of a synagogue, facing Jerusalem. The Torah scrolls are kept in the Ark.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
BT RELIGIOUS ELEMENTS

ARMILLA

SN A metal binding or ring fastened around the top of a pile to stop splitting.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FASTENING

ARMOURY

SN A room where weapons and armour are stored.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT STOREROOM

Arms

USE **ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS**

Aron Hakodesh

USE **ARK**

Aron Kodesh

USE **ARK**

ARRIS FILLET

SN A triangular piece of wood used to raise slates next to a wall or similar.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

ARRIS GUTTER

SN A V-shaped gutter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT GUTTER

ARTISTS STUDIO

SN A workroom or apartment, often with a north-light, used for the creation of artwork by painters, sculptors etc.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

ASHLAR PIECE

UF Ashlar Post
SN An inclined timber running from a rafter to the inner face of a wall, forming a triangle.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ASHLARING

Ashlar Post

USE **ASHLAR PIECE**

ASHLARING

SN Short vertical timbers which go from the rafters to the inner plate on a thick wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ASHLAR PIECE

ASIATIC BASE

SN An Ionic base with a lower disc with horizontal fluting or reeding, above which is a torus, also reeded.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BASE
CL ORDER
BT IONIC ORDER

ASSEMBLY ROOM

SN A large room for large numbers of people, eg for balls, meetings etc.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM
NT CHAPTER HOUSE

ASTRAGAL

SN A moulding which is small, convex and circular.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
NT BEAD AND REEL
RT BEAD

ASTYLAR

SN Describes a Classical interior, exterior or facade without pilasters or columns.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FACADE

ATLANTIS

UF Atlas
Telamone
SN A whole male figure used in place of a column to

support an entablature.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT HUMAN FIGURE

Atlas

USE **ATLANTIS**

ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE

- UF Vacuum Engine
- SN An early steam engine using steam at atmospheric pressure. Chiefly employed in mine pumping. sometimes known as a vacuum engine.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

ATRIUM (ECCLESIASTICAL)

- SN A court in front of a church, usually open.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ATRIUM (SECULAR)

- SN A central area within a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

Attached Column

USE **ENGAGED COLUMN**

ATTIC

- UF Attic Storey
- SN An area partly or fully within the roof space of a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREY
- NT GARRET
- LOFT

ATTIC BASE

- SN A column base featuring a hollow, concave - or scotia - moulding between two tori, which are projecting, convex mouldings.
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER
- CORINTHIAN ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BASE

ATTIC COLUMN

- SN A square pillar.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

Attic Storey

USE **ATTIC**

AUCTION ROOM

- SN A room in which public or private auctions are held.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

AUDIENCE CHAMBER

- UF Presence Chamber
- SN A room where a monarch or similar would meet people, usually in a palace or similar building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

AUDITORIUM

- SN A room or hall designed for an audience to listen and view, as in a theatre, concert hall, lecture hall etc..
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT CONFERENCE ROOM
- LECTURE THEATRE

AUMBRY

- UF Almery
- Ambry
- Aumery
- SN A recess or cupboard within a church, usually positioned near the altar, used for the storage of sacred vessels.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CUPBOARD
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT CUPBOARD

Aumery

USE **AUMBRY**

AUREOLE

- UF Glory
- SN Circular or almond-shaped halo surrounding the figure of Christ, the Virgin or a saint.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

AUXILIARY RAFTER

- SN In a truss, a rafter used to stiffen the principal rafter by doubling it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER

AXIAL BEAM

- SN A ceiling beam aligned with the length of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

AXIAL CHIMNEY PLAN

- UF Central Chimney Plan
- SN A plan of a building which consists of two or more cells where the chimney is placed on the axis of the building between two rooms and midway between the lateral walls.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Back Choir

USE **RETROCHOIR**

BACK PURLIN

- SN A purlin that is joined to the back of a principal rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT THROUGH PURLIN

BACK STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase for the use of servants, tradesmen or individuals not permitted to use the main part of a building or establishment.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

BACKWASHING MACHINE

SN A machine used in the worsted industry for cleaning w oolen slivers after gilling and cording.
CL MACHINERY

BAFFLE ENTRY PLAN

SN A plan featuring a doorless entry to a lobby in front of an axial chimney-stack.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
RT LOBBY ENTRY PLAN

Bag Hoist

USE **SACK HOIST**

BAGNETTE

SN A small semicircular moulding.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
RT BEAD

BAILEY

SN Defences or an external wall surrounding a castle's motte or keep. Also a castle's outer court, or a court within a castle's walls.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
NT INNER BAILEY
OUTER BAILEY

BAKERY

SN A room for baking.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

BALANCE BOB

SN A counter balance designed to support the excess weight of a mineshaft's wooden beams.
CL MACHINERY

BALCONY

SN A platform projecting from the surface of a wall of a building carried on brackets, consoles or columns, usually placed before windows or openings, and protected by a railing or balustrade. It can also be a gallery in an auditorium.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BALDACCHINO

UF Baldachin
Baldaquin
SN A canopy suspended, or on pillars, over a throne or altar.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Baldachin

USE **BALDACCHINO**

Baldaquin

USE **BALDACCHINO**

Balistraria

USE **LOOPHOLE**

Balk

USE **HAYLOFT**

BALL FINIAL

SN A decorative ball usually used to ornament a

bench end, canopy, gable, pinnacle or spire.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FINIAL

BALL FLOWER

SN Decorative ornamentation in the form of a ball enclosed within petals.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

BALL MILL

SN A cylindrical device using ceramic or metallic balls to grind materials like ores, chemicals, ceramic raw materials and paints
CL MACHINERY

BALL WINDING MACHINE

SN A hand operated machine for winding cotton and linen thread into balls - invented in 1802.
CL MACHINERY

BALLROOM

SN A room for holding receptions particularly balls.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

BALUSTER

SN An upright member supporting a coping or handrail in a balustrade or staircase.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BALUSTRADE
NT SPLIT BALUSTER
TURNED BALUSTER
TWIST BALUSTER

BALUSTRADE

SN The structure consisting of a series of balusters supporting a rail or coping, and sometimes a base and pedestal, on a parapet, balcony or staircase.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT BALUSTER

BAND (MOULDING)

SN A continuous series of ornaments within a horizontal moulding.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
NT BANDEROLLE
FRET BAND
GUILLOCHE

BAND (STRUCTURAL)

SN A flat, horizontal strip, block or moulding, sometimes decorated, on a facade or interrupting an architectural feature such as a column.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BANDED COLUMN

SN A column in which the shaft is interrupted by stone bands.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN

BANDEROLLE

UF Bannerolle
SN A flat band carrying a motto.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT BAND (MOULDING)

BANKING HALL

SN An open area within a bank where financial transactions take place.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

Bannerrolle

USE **BANDEROLLE**

BANQUETING HALL

UF Banqueting Room
SN A hall normally reserved for holding feasts on special occasions.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT DINING ROOM

Banqueting Room

USE **BANQUETING HALL**

BANQUETTE

SN A firing step from which standing defenders could fire over the crest of a high parapet.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FIRING STEP
RT PARAPET

BAPTISTERY

SN A building, or part of a church, used for baptismal rites, usually containing a font.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

BAR

SN A counter from which beverages are served in a bar room.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
BT COUNTER
RT BAR ROOM

BAR ROOM

SN A room in a public house, hotel, club etc. containing a bar from which alcoholic drinks are served.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
RT BAR

BARE FACED DOVETAIL JOINT

SN A joint in which a dovetailed timber's surface is proud of the receiving member on one side.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

BARE FACED TENON JOINT

SN A joint in which the tenon retains one or more of the original sides of the timber.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

BARGE BOARD

SN A board fixed at the gable end to purlins, often decorated.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Barrel Roof

USE **WAGON ROOF**

BARREL VAULT

UF Tunnel Vault
Wagon Vault

SN A semi-circular or pointed vault uninterrupted by cross vaults, the ceiling bearing a resemblance to a tunnel or the inside of a barrel.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT VAULT

BARRING ENGINE

SN A small auxiliary engine to help start up a large steam engine - invented 1866.
CL MACHINERY
BT ENGINE

Bartisan

USE **BARTIZAN**

BARTIZAN

UF Bartisan
SN A small turret that projects from the top of a tower or parapet.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT TURRET

BASE

SN The lowest part of a structure, such as a pier, or the section of an order on which the shaft of a column sits.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ASIATIC BASE
ATTIC BASE
COMPOSITE BASE
CORINTHIAN BASE
DORIC BASE
IONIC BASE
TUSCAN BASE

BASE COURT

SN A small outer courtyard, or service-yard.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT COURTYARD

BASE CRUCK

SN A cruck, forming the main upright of a wall but whose blades are truncated by a transverse member.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CRUCK

BASEMENT

SN The bottom storey of a building, often below or partially below ground level.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT STOREY

BASILICA PLAN

SN A plan type, usually for a church, having a rectangular core with one apsidal end wall.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

BASKET ARCH

UF Anse De Panier
SN An arch consisting of a segment of a circle connected to other segments with smaller radii.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

BASKET CAPITAL

SN A Byzantine bell-type capital, ornamented with carving resembling wicker-work or basket-

w eave.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL

BASTION

SN An outward projection from a defensive wall allowing the defenders to attack the flanks of any force attacking the wall.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BATH

SN A container for holding water in which to bathe.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

BATHROOM

SN A room intended to contain a bath and often other toilet facilities.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WASHING ROOM

BATTEN

UF Cover Slip
SN A small timber fixed to a wall to support items such as cladding. Also a strip of timber fixed across two or more parallel boards to join them together or conceal their join.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BATTENED DOOR

SN A door with a planked outer face and spaced horizontal members such as battens or ledges on the inner face.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOOR

BATTLEMENT

UF Embattlement
SN An indented parapet consisting of raised parts, called merlons, separated by gaps, or crenelles.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PARAPET
NT CRENELLATION
MACHICOLATION
MERLON

BAY

SN A regular structural subdivision or compartment within a building, defined by dividing walls or the positions of the principal supporting members.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT PLAN COMPONENT
NT HALF BAY
SMOKE BAY
RT CELL

BAY LEAF

SN Bay-leaf shaped decorative ornamentation, usually adorning mouldings or friezes, often depicted in a garland arrangement.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

BAY WINDOW

SN A window that forms a projection from the body of a building, extending down to ground level, forming a bay in the wall's interior.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW
RT ORIEL WINDOW

BEAD

SN A small convex moulding, often decorated with beads and reels.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
RT ASTRAGAL
BAGNETTE

Bead And Berry

USE **BEAD AND REEL**

BEAD AND REEL

UF Bead And Berry
Paternoster
Pearl And Olive
SN Decorative ornamentation consisting of alternating bead shapes with small, elliptical forms resembling reels
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT ASTRAGAL

BEADED CHAMFER

SN A chamfer with a convex bead-like moulding projecting from the chamfer.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT CHAMFER

BEAK HEAD MOULDING

UF Birds Head Moulding
SN A decorative moulding depicting an animal or bird head with a tongue or beak that overlaps the moulding set below it.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
RT CATS HEAD MOULDING

Beaked Ionic Capital

USE **IONIC CAPITAL**

BEAM

SN A main load-bearing horizontal member.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ANCHOR BEAM
APPLIED BEAM
AXIAL BEAM
BRESSUMMER
DAIS BEAM
DRAGON BEAM
FALSE HAMMER BEAM
FLITCHED BEAM
GIRDING BEAM
HALF BEAM
HAMMER BEAM
ROOD BEAM
STRAINER BEAM
TIEBEAM
TRANSVERSE BEAM

Beam Engine

USE **BEAM STEAM ENGINE**

BEAM SLOT

SN A slot, usually in a wall, into which a beam was placed.
CL IMPLIED FEATURE

BEAM STEAM ENGINE

UF Beam Engine

- SN An engine which operates machinery via a pivoted, horizontal beam with a piston located at one end and a reciprocating pump beneath the other, resulting in a rocking, seesaw-like motion. Variations featured the steam piston placed above the beam.
- CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE
NT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE
CORNISH ENGINE
NEWCOMEN ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE
ROTATIVE BEAM ENGINE
SIDE LEVER ENGINE
SIMS COMPOUND ENGINE
- Bed Chamber
USE **BEDROOM**
- BED MOULDING**
- SN A moulding on an entablature that is between the frieze and the corona.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
- BED NOOK**
- UF Bed Recess
SN A small projection designed to allow space for a bed.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- Bed Recess
USE **BED NOOK**
- BEDROOM**
- UF Bed Chamber
SN A room intended to contain a bed.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT RETIREMENT ROOM
NT CAMERA (BEDROOM)
- BEETLE**
- SN A float or pontoon supporting a flexible steel roadway as part of a Mulberry Harbour.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- Belfast Roof
USE **BELFAST TRUSS ROOF**
- BELFAST TRUSS**
- SN A bow string truss with the space between its members filled by a lattice of crossing diagonal rods.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BOWSTRING TRUSS
RT BELFAST TRUSS ROOF
- BELFAST TRUSS ROOF**
- UF Belfast Roof
SN A roof with a bow-shaped, segmental timber truss which has the space between its members filled by a lattice of crossing diagonal rods.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BOWSTRING ROOF
RT BELFAST TRUSS
- BELFRY**
- SN The tower, generally attached to a church or other building but sometimes separate, where bells are hung and from which sound is emitted.
- Also applied to the upper chamber where bells are hung, or the wooden structure supporting them.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
- BELL**
- SN The core of a capital.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL
- BELL CAPITAL**
- SN A capital which is circular and has several mouldings but no foliage.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL
- BELL FRAME**
- SN A timber frame placed in the bell chamber of a church tower or belfry designed to hold the bells.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- Bell Gable
USE **BELLCOTE**
- BELL TOWER**
- UF Bell Turret
SN A high tower, attached to or detached from a building such as a church, with a belfry stage containing bells.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT TOWER
RT RINGING CHAMBER
- Bell Turret
USE **BELL TOWER**
- BELLCOTE**
- UF Bell Gable
Sanctus Bell Cote
SN A housing for one or more bells, usually gabled or roofed.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BELVEDERE**
- SN A turret on the side of a house providing views across the surrounding countryside.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT TURRET
- BENCH PEW**
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
BT PEW
- BILLET FRIEZE**
- SN A series of billet mouldings forming a decorative band of small, regularly placed squared or rounded blocks.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT BILLET MOULDING
- BILLET MOULDING**
- SN An ornamental moulding consisting of a series of small, regularly placed squared or rounded blocks.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
NT BILLET FRIEZE

BILLIARD ROOM

- SN A room intended for the placement and use of a billiard table.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT GAMESROOM

BIMAH

- SN An elevated area or platform in a synagogue where the person reading aloud from the Torah stands.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT RELIGIOUS ELEMENTS

BIRDMOUTHED JOINT

- SN A joint in which the end of one timber is cut in V-form and rests on the edge of another timber, frequently found between common rafters and wall plates.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

Birds Head Moulding

- USE **BEAK HEAD MOULDING**

BLADE

- SN A principal member in a cruck truss.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CRUCK

BLEEDING ROOM

- SN A room dedicated to the drawing or letting of blood, a procedure once thought to possess medicinal properties.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

BLIND ARCADE

- UF Wall Arcade
- SN A succession of arches on shafts with no openings, attached to and used to enliven a wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCADE
- RT TRIFORIUM

BLIND COLONNADE

- SN A series of columns in a straight line supporting an entablature with no openings or glazing.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLONNADE

BLOCK

- SN A small piece of timber occupying the angle between two other timbers.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Block Capital

- USE **CUSHION CAPITAL**

BLOCK CORNICE

- SN An Italian cornice consisting of a bed moulding, a row of plain block corbels or modillions, and a corona or cornice.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CORNICE

BLOCKED COLUMN

- SN A column whose shaft is interrupted by square blocks.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

- BT COLUMN

BLOCKING COURSE

- SN A plain stone course, sometimes projecting, above a cornice and counterbalancing the cantilevered sections of stone, or at the base of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BLOWING ENGINE

- SN A steam engine driving a reciprocating air pump to provide air for a blast furnace.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE

Board Room

- USE **BOARDROOM**

BOARDROOM

- UF Board Room
- SN A meeting room intended specifically for the use of a board of directors or governors of an organization or company..
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

BOATING POOL

- SN Manmade feature to contain water for the purpose of floating miniature boats in it. Different to BOATING LAKE as lake can be naturally occurring park feature and can be used for full sized boats.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

BOILER

- SN A steam generator comprising a pressure vessel, and/or rows of tubes arranged to receive heat from a firegrate.
- CL MACHINERY

BOILER ROOM

- SN A room, usually at ground level or below, housing the tank in which water is heated as part of a building's heating system.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

BOLECTION MOULDING

- SN A moulding which projects beyond the face of a panel or frame, usually found in panelling or in doors.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

BOLSTER

- SN One of the rolls forming the sides of an ionic capital, joining the volutes of the front and rear faces.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Bolter

- USE **SIFTER**

BOOT SCRAPER

- SN A device, usually cast iron and often decorative in design, placed upon, embedded in or built into a doostep facilitating the removal of mud, dirt, manure etc. from footwear before entering a

- building.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BOSS**
- UF Roof Boss
- SN A carved, convex block, often richly decorated, at the intersections of vault-ribs, beam-junctions or terminations of mouldings.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BOUDOIR**
- SN A small, finely-furnished room, traditionally where a lady could retire to be alone or entertain intimate friends.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RETIREMENT ROOM
- BOW WINDOW**
- SN A window set within a curved projection from the face of a wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW
- BOWER**
- UF Bow re
- SN A private room or parlour usually at the same level as the hall.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PRIVATE ROOM
- Bow re
- USE **BOWER**
- BOWSTRING ROOF**
- SN A roof constructed of horizontal tiebeams and curved trusses.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF
- NT BELFAST TRUSS ROOF
- RT BOWSTRING TRUSS
- BOWSTRING TRUSS**
- SN An arched, or bow-shaped, segmental timber truss with its ends tied together by a straight or cambered member.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS
- NT BELFAST TRUSS
- RT BOWSTRING ROOF
- BOX FRAME**
- UF Post And Truss Frame
- SN Timber framed construction where a box of horizontal and vertical members is created to support the roof.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BOX FRAMED TRUSS**
- SN A complete cross-frame from ground level to ridge in a box-framed building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS
- BOX OFFICE**
- SN A ticket booth in a theatre or cinema.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- BOX PEW**
- SN An enclosed, high-sided seat, sometimes entered through a door, usually found in churches as one of a series of box-like compartments.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT PEW
- RT PEW PLATFORM
- BRACE**
- UF Angle Brace
- SN An inclined timber used to support and provide rigidity to roofs, partitions etc.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FASTENING
- NT ARCH BRACE
- CONCEALED BRACE
- CORNER BRACE
- DOWNWARD BRACE
- DRAGON TIE
- KNEE BRACE
- OGEE BRACE
- PARALLEL BRACE
- PASSING BRACE
- PASSING WINDBRACE
- RAFTER BRACE
- SCISSOR BRACES
- SLING BRACE
- UPWARD BRACE
- BRACKET**
- SN A small support designed to help support a weight, such as that of a projecting member.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANGLE BRACKET
- CONSOLE
- MODILLION
- BRACKET MOULDING**
- SN A decorative moulding consisting of two ogee-forms with joined faces.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- BRAKE WHEEL**
- SN The main gear wheel, which is engaged by a brake to halt or slow the machinery, mounted on the windshaft of a windmill.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BREAD ROOM**
- SN A room for the storage of bread, biscuits, flour etc. Often part of a buttery in medieval times.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM
- BREAKFAST ROOM**
- SN A room where meals, particularly breakfast are partaken.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT DINING ROOM
- BREASTSHOT WHEEL**
- SN A water wheel in which the incoming water is directed onto the periphery at approximately the same level as the axle, the water being kept in contact with the floats, or buckets, by breastwork of masonry, timber or iron.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT WATERWHEEL

Breastsummer

USE **BRESSUMMER**

BRESSUMMER

- UF Breastsummer
Brest Summer
Chimney Bar
- SN A horizontal, supporting beam set above an opening in an external wall, a fireplace opening or in timber framed construction set forward from the lower part of a building to support a jettied wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

Brest Summer

USE **BRESSUMMER**

BRICKWORK

- SN A structure, part of a structure or area constructed from plain bricks.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BRIDGE TREE

- SN An adjustable, horizontal beam, supporting the vertical stone spindle in a water or windmill, which allows the gap between the grinding stones to be varied.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BRIDLED JOINT

- SN A joint consisting of a projecting tongue fitting into an opening in a scarf joint or the apex of a rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

BRINE TANK

- SN A tank within a salt works used for storing brine after it has been pumped from underground. The brine is then fed by gravity into the evaporating pans in the Pan House.
- CL MACHINERY

BROACH SPIRE

- SN An octagonal spire atop a square tower, the transition between structures effected by partially pyramidal masonry forms called broaches.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SPIRE

BROKEN PEDIMENT

- SN A pediment with a gap at the centre of its base.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PEDIMENT
- RT OPEN PEDIMENT

BUCRANIUM

- SN Decorative motif in the form of an ox skull.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT ANIMAL FIGURE

BUILDING COMPONENT

- SN A feature which forms part of a building and has a specific functional usage or decorative form.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- NT ADMINISTRATION BLOCK
AGED MENS WARD

ALURE
ANNEX
ANTECHURCH
BALCONY
BASTION
CAPONIER
CHILDRENS BLOCK
CONSERVATORY
COUNTERSCARP BANK
CUPOLA
DOVECOTE
EARTH CLOSET
EASTER SEPULCHRE
ENTRANCE BLOCK
GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)
GARDEROBE (TOILET)
HOSPITAL BLOCK
HYPOCAUST
LANDING
LANTERN
LIFT
LOGGIA
NARTHEX (CLASSICAL)
NEST HOLE
ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER
OUTSHOT
PAVILION
PENTHOUSE (APARTMENT)
PERGOLA
PORCH
RECEIVING BLOCK
ROOD LOFT
SERVICE BLOCK
STAIRCASE
STEEPLE
SUPERVISORY HUB
SWIMMING POOL
TOMB
TOWER
VENTILATION SHAFT
VERANDA
WESTWORK

BULL ENGINE

- SN An early type of steam engine, similar to a Cornish Engine, designed by Edward Bull.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

BULLSEYE WINDOW

- UF Oeil De Boeuf
- SN An oval window placed with its long axis horizontal. The term is often applied to similar round windows.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW

BURIAL PIT

- SN The pit in which human or animal remains are placed for interment, which may be either an inhumation or cremation.
- CL UNASSIGNED

BURSARY

- SN A treasury, often the bursar's room in a college or university.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

Business Room

USE **OFFICE**

Butment

USE **ABUTMENT**

Butt Purlin

USE **TENONED PURLIN**

BUTTERFLY PLAN

UF Double Suntrap Plan

SN A nineteenth century plan where two or four wings of a house are constructed at an angle to the core, usually at approximately 45 degrees to the wall of the core building.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

BUTTERY

SN A room for the storage of food and drink.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

BUTTRESS

UF Analemma

SN A mass of stone or brick built against or as part of a wall to provide additional strength to it.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT ANGLE BUTTRESS

ARCH BUTTRESS

CLASPING BUTTRESS

DIAGONAL BUTTRESS

FLYING BUTTRESS

HANGING BUTTRESS

LATERAL BUTTRESS

PIER BUTTRESS

SETBACK BUTTRESS

CABINET

SN A small room used as a study for the preservation of papers etc. Generally use for any small room appended to a larger one.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

CABLE MOULDING

SN A decorative moulding shaped to resemble a length of cable or twisted rope.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

CALDARIUM

UF Hot Bath

SN The hot room in a Roman baths.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

RT FRIGIDARIUM

PALAESTR

TEPIDARIUM

Calefactory

USE **WARMING ROOM**

CALVARY

SN A representation of the crucifixion of Christ or related scenes as a sculpture, etc.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT SCULPTURE

CAMBA

SN A place in which brewing and sometimes baking took place.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

CAME

SN An H-sectioned strip of lead used to hold panes of glass in position in stained-glass windows or other leaded lights.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RT SADDLE BAR

STANCHION

WINDOW

CAMERA (BEDROOM)

SN A private bed sitting room.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT BEDROOM

CAMERA (CEILING)

SN A ceiling that is curved or vaulted, sometimes employed to give a space the appearance of a vault.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CEILING

Camera (Generic)

USE **ROOM**

CAMERA (SUITE)

SN A suite of rooms.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

CAMOUFLAGE

SN The application of colour and other materials to a structure to either conceal it from identification or to make it look like something else.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

CANAL INCLINED PLANE

SN A slope, usually with rails, by which a boat can be transferred from one level of waterway to another.

CL MACHINERY

BT INCLINED PLANE

CANEPHORA

SN A sculpted female figure carrying a basket on her head.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT HUMAN FIGURE

CANTEEN

SN A room intended for the taking of refreshments, usually containing a counter from which they are served.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT DINING ROOM

CAP

SN The rotating top section of a tower or smock mill.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CAPITAL

SN The top part of a column, often decorated.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT ABACUS

BASKET CAPITAL
 BELL
 BELL CAPITAL
 COMPOSITE CAPITAL
 CORINTHIAN CAPITAL
 CROCKET CAPITAL
 CUSHION CAPITAL
 DORIC CAPITAL
 IONIC CAPITAL
 PROTOMA CAPITAL
 STIFF LEAF CAPITAL
 TUSCAN CAPITAL
 WATER LEAF CAPITAL

CAPONIER

SN An enclosed, defensible passageway, equipped with gun ports, extending into or traversing a dry ditch.
 CL BUILDING COMPONENT

CAPSTONE

SN A large stone laid horizontally to form the roof of a chamber.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CARREL (AISLE)

SN An aisle divided into chapels. This term is sometimes applied to the screens dividing the aisle, or the chapels themselves.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT AISLE
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT AISLE

CARREL (NICHE)

SN An enclosure or niche in a library or cloister used for study.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT NICHE

CARRIAGE ENTRANCE

SN An entrance large enough for carriages and vehicles leading through a building or wall into an inner courtyard.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ENTRANCE
 RT PORTE COCHERE

CARTOUCHE

SN A decorative, framed tablet, usually bearing an inscription or coat of arms, in the form of a scroll or curving piece of parchment.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

CARYATID

SN A female figure used instead of a column, usually supporting an entablature.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT COLUMN
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT HUMAN FIGURE

CASEMATE

SN A chamber built into a wall in a defensive structure.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

CASEMENT

SN A hollow moulding, often enriched, similar to a scotia or cavetto, used in Gothic jambs and cornices.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT MOULDING

CASEMENT WINDOW

SN A window where the sash is hung vertically and the window opens outwards or inwards.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT WINDOW
 NT FRENCH WINDOW

Casual Ward

USE **VAGRANTS WARD**

SN Use VAGRANTS WARD as it is meant to shelter wandering vagrants overnight rather than the permanent inhabitants of a workhouse.

CATS HEAD MOULDING

SN A decorative moulding depicting an animal or bird head, similar to a beak head moulding but with a shorter, cone-like tongue or beak overlapping the moulding set beneath it.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT MOULDING
 RT BEAK HEAD MOULDING

CATSLIDE ROOF

SN A roof with one side longer than the other, continuing at the same pitch over an extension to a building. Commonly found in New England Colonial architecture.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT PENT ROOF

CAULICOLI

SN The lesser stalks springing from the principal stalks, or caules, within the decoration on a Corinthian capital.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT FLORAL FEATURE

CAVETTO

SN A concave moulding where the profile is a quarter of a circle.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT MOULDING

CEILING

SN The surface of a room which conceals overhead structural members.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT CAMERA (CEILING)

CEILING PAINTING

SN A two dimensional image using paint applied to the surface of a ceiling.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 RT WALL PAINTING

CELL

SN Term used to indicate the basic unit of accommodation in the plan of a building. It does not necessarily relate to the structural divisions within a building.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM
 RT BAY

CELLAR

- UF Cellarium
- SN A room that is underground or partially underground. Primarily used for storage.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREROOM

Cellarium

USE **CELLAR**

CENTERING

- SN A temporary support placed under a vault or arch to support them during construction.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT ARCH

Central Chimney Plan

USE **AXIAL CHIMNEY PLAN**

- SN see axial chimney plan

CENTRAL FIREPLACE PLAN

- SN A plan in which a chimney containing back-to-back fireplaces heats two rooms simultaneously by being placed within the dividing wall.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

CENTRAL STAIRCASE PLAN

- SN A plan in which the staircase is placed at the centre of the building.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Centre Valve Steam Engine

USE **WILLANS CENTRE VALVE STEAM ENGINE**

CHAIN MOULDING

- SN A decorative moulding in the form of a chain.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

CHAIN PUMP

- UF Rag And Chain Pump
- SN An early design of pump featuring a series of pistons, or sometimes bundles of rags, passing through a barrel on a continuous chain, forcing water upwards.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT PUMP

Chamber

USE **ROOM**

CHAMBER BLOCK

- SN An area of several rooms in a medieval house or building. Probably for domestic use.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT WING
- RT ROOM
- SOLAR

CHAMFER

- SN A surface formed by cutting off a square edge, usually at 45 degrees. Use more specific type where known.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT BEADED CHAMFER
- HOLLOW CHAMFER

STOPPED CHAMFER

CHANCEL

- SN The choir and sanctuary in the liturgical eastern part of a church appropriated for those who officiate during services.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

CHANCEL ARCH

- SN An arch at the liturgical east of the nave, carrying a gabled wall above, separating nave from chancel.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

Chancel Screen

USE **ROOD SCREEN**

CHANDELIER

- SN A branched, hanging light fitting, often ornate in design, providing illumination from a number of candles or lightbulbs.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

CHANGING ROOM

- SN A room within a building, such as a shop or leisure complex, sometimes equipped with cubicles or screens to allow a degree of privacy, where clothing can be tried on or changed.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT DRESSING ROOM

Chantry

USE **CHANTRY CHAPEL**

CHANTRY CHAPEL

- UF Chantry
- SN A chapel, often attached to or screened off inside a church, endowed for the celebration of masses principally for the repose of the founder's soul.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT CHAPEL

CHAPEL

- SN A building, room or area, often within or attached to a church or other building, serving as a place of worship. Where a monument, use the Thesaurus of Monument Types.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- NT APSE CHAPEL
- CHANTRY CHAPEL
- GALILEE
- LADY CHAPEL
- RADIATING CHAPEL
- RT CHEVET

CHAPTER HOUSE

- SN A building, sometimes polygonal in plan, attached to a cathedral, church, abbey etc. and used for the assembly of chapter or brethren, often to address official business.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ASSEMBLY ROOM

CHEESE PRESS

- SN A device used in the production of hard cheeses

that exerts pressure upon fresh curds in order to remove and drain away excess whey.

CL MACHINERY

CHEVET

SN The area that contains the ambulatory, apse and chapels. Usually found in larger churches, monasteries and cathedrals.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

RT AMBULATORY (INTERIOR)

APSE

CHAPEL

CHEVRON MOULDING

UF Zigzag Moulding

SN A three-dimensional decorative ornamentation composed of a series of Vs forming a zigzag.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

CHILDRENS BLOCK

SN Series of rooms in a workhouse complex where children were housed and looked after.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

CHIMNEY

SN The flue or channel that funnels smoke from a fire.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT ANGLE CHIMNEY

CHIMNEY BREAST

CHIMNEY COWL

CHIMNEY POT

CHIMNEY SHAFT

CHIMNEY STACK

Chimney Back

USE FIREBACK

Chimney Bar

USE BRESSUMMER

CHIMNEY BREAST

SN A stone or brick structure that projects into, or out of, a room and contains the flue.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CHIMNEY

CHIMNEY COWL

SN A covering of metal, stone or pottery set on a chimney breast above a fire to prevent smoke entering the room and instead directing it up the chimney.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CHIMNEY

Chimney Piece

USE MANTELPIECE

CHIMNEY POT

SN A cylindrical, polygonal, or square element of brick, metal or terracotta fixed on top of a chimney stack to extend the flue and improve the extraction of smoke.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CHIMNEY

CHIMNEY SHAFT

SN A very high chimney, though more often a

chimney stack containing only one flue.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CHIMNEY

CHIMNEY STACK

SN A masonry or brickwork structure projecting above a roof and containing several flues.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CHIMNEY

CHINESE ROOM

SN A room decorated, and furnished, in the style of the Chinese.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

CHOIR

SN Part of a large church, east of the nave, appropriated for singers and clergy.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

RT ALTAR SCREEN

CHOIR SCREEN

SN A screen separating the choir from other parts of the church.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT SCREEN

CHUTE

SN A vertical or inclined plane, channel, or passage through which objects are moved from a higher to a lower level by means of gravity.

CL MACHINERY

CIDER PRESS

SN A machine that presses apples to extract juice for the production of cider.

CL MACHINERY

Gill

USE SILL

CINQUEFOIL

SN An ornamental foliation in panels or tracery so called because it is arranged around five intervals, known as foils or cusps, that describe the outlines of five leaves or petals.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT TRACERY

CIRCULAR PLAN

SN The plan on which a circular building is constructed.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

CLADDING

SN A non-structural covering, such as tile, slate, wood etc., applied to an exterior wall.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT CLAPBOARD

SLATE HANGING

TILE HANGING

WEATHERBOARDING

CLAPBOARD

SN A horizontal, riven board, tapered in section, used for external cladding.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CLADDING
- CLAPPING QUOIN**
- UF Hollow Quoin
SN A quoin, usually of stone, with a concave rebate at one corner forming the surface against which the rounded edge of a canal lock gate turns, making a kind of hinge.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT QUOIN
- CLASPED PURLIN**
- SN A purlin that rests against the lower surface of a principal rafter and is supported by a queen post, collar or raking strut.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT THROUGH PURLIN
- CLASPING BUTTRESS**
- SN A buttress which encases the corner between two walls.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS
- CLASSROOM**
- SN A room intended for the purpose of teaching a group or class of students simultaneously.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT SCHOOLROOM
- Clearstorey
USE **CLERESTORY**
- Clearstory
USE **CLERESTORY**
- Clerestorey
USE **CLERESTORY**
- CLERESTORY**
- UF Clearstorey
Clearstory
Clerestorey
Overstorey
SN The upper parts of walls carried on arcades or colonnades in the nave, choir or transepts of a church or hall, rising higher than the lean-to roofs of the aisles and pierced with windows to allow light to penetrate.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- CLIMBING WALL**
- SN An artificially constructed wall with recessed and projecting grips for hands and feet and places to attach ropes. Used for practising rock climbing. If the wall is a free-standing external structure use term for the Thesaurus of Monument Types.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- CLOAKROOM**
- SN A room in which cloaks, coats, hats etc may be left and often including coathooks, hat boxes and similar fixtures and fittings.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
- CLOCK TOWER**
- SN A tall structure, high in proportion to its lateral dimensions, often rising in stages, free standing or part of another building, surmounted by a clock.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT TOWER
- CLOISTER**
- SN A covered ambulatory, usually arcaded, arranged around three or four sides of a quadrangle in a monastic or collegiate establishment.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT AMBULATORY (EXTERNAL)
RT ANTEPORTICO
- CLOISTER GARTH**
- SN A quadrangle or courtyard, often grassed or planted, surrounded by cloisters
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT COURTYARD
- CLOSE STUDDING**
- SN In timber framed buildings this is the division of a wall into narrow panels by vertical studs.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STUD
- CLOSED TRUSS**
- SN A truss in which spaces between timbers are filled, as between rooms and at the ends of a building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS
- CLOSET**
- SN A small chamber or private room.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- CLOTHING STORE**
- SN A room within a building or complex used for storing clothing.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT STOREROOM
- CLUSTERED COLUMN**
- UF Compound Column
SN A pier made up of several columns clustered together. They can be attached through their whole length or only at top and bottom.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN
- Clustered Pier
USE **COMPOUND PIER**
- COAL TIPPLER**
- SN Loading machinery tipping coal into railway wagons, usually at a pithead.
CL MACHINERY
NT HYDRAULIC TIPPLER
- COALING CRANE**
- SN A crane used for moving coal during the refuelling of coal-powered vessels or locomotives.
CL MACHINERY
BT CRANE

Coat Of Arms

USE **ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS**

COFFERING

- SN A series of recessed, ornamental panels decorating a ceiling.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT PANELLING

COGGED JOIST

- SN A joist that has its end resting in a recess in a transverse beam.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOIST

Coien

USE **QUOIN**

Coign

USE **QUOIN**

Coin

USE **QUOIN**

Cold Bath

USE **FRIGIDARIUM**

COLLAR

- SN A horizontal member connecting rafters or cruck blades at a point between their feet and the apex of the roof.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

COLLAR PLATE

- SN A horizontal timber that joins the collars of a series of roof trusses.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PLATE

COLLAR PURLIN

- SN A longitudinal member in a roof, running beneath the collar beams and intended to give stability to the roof.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PURLIN

COLLEGE HALL

- SN A large communal room within a college complex used for functions, assemblies, examinations etc.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT HALL (COMMUNAL)
- NT EXAMINATION HALL

COLONNADE

- SN A row of columns that carry arches or an entablature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BLIND COLONNADE
COLONNADE A JOUR
PERISTYLE

COLONNADE A JOUR

- SN A colonnade where it is exposed to the air on two sides.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLONNADE

COLONNETTE

- SN A small shaft or column.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- NT NOOK SHAFT

COLOSSAL ORDER

- UF Giant Order
- SN An order in which the columns rise more than one storey in height from the ground or plinth.
- CL ORDER

COLUMN

- UF Demi Column
- SN A vertical, circular member, usually load-carrying. Where separate, use monument type.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANGLE COLUMN
ANNULATED COLUMN
ANNULET
APOPHYGE
APPLIED COLUMN
ATLANTIS
ATTIC COLUMN
BANDED COLUMN
BLOCKED COLUMN
CARYATID
CLUSTERED COLUMN
COLONNETTE
COMPOSITE COLUMN
CORINTHIAN COLUMN
DETACHED COLUMN
DORIC COLUMN
DRUM
ENGAGED COLUMN
IONIC COLUMN
SPIRAL COLUMN
TUSCAN COLUMN

COMBER

- SN A machine used for combing wool. Use more specific term where known.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT HEILMANN COMBER
HOLDEN COMBER
LISTER COMBER
NOBLE COMBER

COMBINATION MILL

- SN A flour milling machine using both stones and rollers to produce flour and, perhaps mainly from the stones, animal feed from grains other than wheat.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT FLOUR MILL

COMBINED DIESEL AND GAS TURBINE

- SN A propulsion system for ships which need a maximum speed that is considerably faster than their cruise speed, particularly warships. It consists of diesel engines for cruising and gas turbines for high-speed transits.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT GAS TURBINE
DIESEL ENGINE

COMBINED STEAM AND GAS TURBINE

- SN A propulsion system for ships using a combination of steam turbines and gas turbines to power the shafts.

CL MACHINERY
BT GAS TURBINE
STEAM TURBINE

COMMITTEE ROOM

SN A room where a committee meets to discuss matters put before them.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM

COMMON RAFTER

SN A rafter of uniform size placed at regular intervals along the length of a roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RAFTER

COMMON RAFTER ROOF

SN A roof consisting entirely of common rafters, without the use of principals, in pairs but not connected by collar-beams.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

COMMON RAFTER TRUSS

SN A pair of common rafters with a collar.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

COMMON ROOM

SN A room in general use for persons to meet, often found at institutions such as colleges.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM

Communion Rail

USE ALTAR RAIL

Communion Table

USE ALTAR

COMPOSITE ARCH

SN A lancet arch designed in the composite style.
CL ORDER
BT COMPOSITE ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT LANCET ARCH

COMPOSITE BASE

SN Bases of this order are often referred to as spiras and have a double astragal in the middle.
CL ORDER
BT COMPOSITE ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BASE

COMPOSITE CAPITAL

SN An ornate version of an eight-voluted Ionic capital known as an angular capital or Scamozzi under which are added two tiers of acanthus leaves.
CL ORDER
BT COMPOSITE ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL

COMPOSITE COLUMN

SN A detached, sometimes monolithic vertical structural element usually circular, square or polygonal bearing an ornate eight-voluted Ionic Capital.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN
CL ORDER
BT COMPOSITE ORDER

COMPOSITE ENTABLATURE

SN The horizontal assembly of architrave, frieze and cornice carried upon columns and pilasters in the Composite order; and so containing elements of the Ionic and Corinthian orders.
CL ORDER
BT COMPOSITE ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ENTABLATURE

COMPOSITE ORDER

SN An order composed of elements of the Ionic and Corinthian orders.
CL ORDER
NT COMPOSITE ARCH
COMPOSITE BASE
COMPOSITE CAPITAL
COMPOSITE COLUMN
COMPOSITE ENTABLATURE

Compound Column

USE CLUSTERED COLUMN

COMPOUND PIER

UF Clustered Pier
SN A pier made up of several shafts against it. The shafts can be attached or detached.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

COMPOUND RAFTER

SN A doubled rafter, separated by cleats, spacers or distance pieces.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RAFTER
NT SECONDARY RAFTER

COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine that uses the same steam successively to drive pistons in high and then low pressure cylinders.
CL MACHINERY
BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE
NT EXTRACTION ENGINE
MANHATTAN ENGINE
WILLANS CENTRE VALVE STEAM ENGINE
WOOLF COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

CONCEALED BRACE

SN A brace halved to the inside of studs, and so not visible from outside.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

CONDENSING STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine in which the spent steam leaving the cylinder passes to a condenser instead of being exhausted to the atmosphere. The condenser creates a partial vacuum which increases the pressure drop across the engine, so raising its efficiency.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

CONFERENCE ROOM

- SN A room where organizations and associations meet for the undertaking of presentations and consultation.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT AUDITORIUM
MEETING ROOM
- CONFESSIO**
- SN A recess or chamber near the altar which holds a relic. A feature of medieval churches.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- CONFESSIONAL**
- SN A booth, cubicle or recess, often enclosed, in which a priest, usually screened from view, hears confessions.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- CONSERVATORY**
- SN An extension to a building usually made primarily of glass, for growing plants.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CONSOLE**
- SN An S-shaped ornamental bracket with a greater height than projection.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACKET
- CONTRA FLOW STEAM ENGINE**
- SN The common design of steam engine, where steam enters the cylinder at one end, and after it has pushed the piston to the other end, its direction of flow is reversed as the piston returns, the steam leaving the cylinder through the exhaust ports.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE
- CONTROL ROOM**
- SN A room in which actions are checked, verified and approved.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- CONVEYOR BELT**
- UF Creeper
- SN A machine consisting of a continuously moving band of fabric, rubber, or metal used for transporting people or objects from one place to another.
- CL MACHINERY
- COOLING TOWER**
- SN A large structure, usually associated with power stations, in which hot water undergoes a process of cooling before being re-used.
- CL MACHINERY
- COPING**
- SN A protective covering applied to the top of a wall, chimney, gable etc., usually curved, sloping or ridged to prevent rainwater settling.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- CORBEL**
- SN A cantilevered block projecting from the face of a wall and supporting a structure such as a parapet, beam or arch.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT CORBEL TABLE
- CORBEL TABLE**
- SN A projecting wall or structure, such as a parapet or battlement, supported by a series of corbels.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT CORBEL
- CORINTHIAN BASE**
- SN A slender and elegant base usually of Attic type with two tori, two scotiae and two astragals.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BASE
- CL ORDER
- BT CORINTHIAN ORDER
- CORINTHIAN CAPITAL**
- SN A capital with two rows of eight acanthus leaves rising above an astragal; from between the leaves of the upper row rise eight stalks, each surmounted by a calyx from which emerge volutes carrying the corners of the concave-sided abacus and central ornaments
- CL ORDER
- BT CORINTHIAN ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL
- CORINTHIAN COLUMN**
- SN A vertical structure usually with an Attic base or spira with slender and elegant design, with a capital decorated with acanthus leaves and an entablature rich in carved ornament.
- CL ORDER
- BT CORINTHIAN ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- CORINTHIAN ENTABLATURE**
- SN An entablature often of great magnificence with bead and reel between fasciae of the architrave, frieze ornamented with continuous sculpture and cornice, with ornate coffers and richly carved modillions.
- CL ORDER
- BT CORINTHIAN ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ENTABLATURE
- CORINTHIAN ORDER**
- SN A classical order having a bell-shaped capital that is decorated with laurel, olive or acanthus leaves from which CAULICOLI emerge. The shaft is usually fluted and the base is often an Attic base.
- CL ORDER
- NT ATTIC BASE
CORINTHIAN BASE
CORINTHIAN CAPITAL
CORINTHIAN COLUMN
CORINTHIAN ENTABLATURE
- CORNER BRACE**
- SN A short, horizontal brace set between a tiebeam and a wall plate to strengthen the structure.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

Corner Capital

USE **ANGLE CAPITAL**

CORNICE

SN The upper part of the classical entablature. Also a moulded projection crowning a door, wall, window etc.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ENTABLATURE
NT BLOCK CORNICE
CORONA
CYMATIUM
MUTULE
RAKING CORNICE

CORNISH ENGINE

SN A beam steam engine originating in Cornwall, first used for raising water from mines.

CL MACHINERY
BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE

CORNUCOPIA

SN Decorative ornamentation in the form of a horn filled with fruit etc.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

CORONA

SN A vertical faced projection in the cornice.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CORNICE

CORPS DE LOGIS

SN The main body of a structure not including wings etc.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT PLAN COMPONENT

CORRIDOR

SN A passageway within a building providing access to rooms.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

COUNCIL CHAMBER

SN A assembly room or rooms in which a collection of nominated persons meet to transact business of relevant purpose.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM

COUNTER

UF Sales Counter

SN A flat-topped, often elongated, construction at which customers are served by staff in a commercial establishment such as a bank, shop, inn etc.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
NT BAR

COUNTER APSE

SN The apse at the west end of the nave in a double-ended church.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT APSE

COUNTERSCARP BANK

SN A low bank on the edge of a defensive ditch on the side away from the main rampart.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

COUPLED ROOF

SN A roof in which pairs of rafters are fixed to the ridge piece and the wall plates without any collars or tiebeams.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

COURTROOM

SN The place, hall or chamber in which justice is administered.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM

COURTYARD

SN An enclosed area, often surrounded by walls or buildings.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
NT ANTECOURT
BASE COURT
CLOISTER GARTH
FORECOURT

COURTYARD PLAN

UF Quadrangle Plan

SN A plan of a house where the buildings are around at least three sides of a quadrilateral courtyard.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
NT DOUBLE COURTYARD PLAN

COVE

SN A large concave moulding.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

Cover Slip

USE **BATTEN**

COVERED WAY

UF Alatoria
Alatorium
Alorium
Pentice
Slype

SN A passageway or corridor between two areas which is covered.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

Covey

USE **PANTRY**

Covie

USE **PANTRY**

Coyne

USE **QUOIN**

Cradle Roof

USE **WAGON ROOF**

CRANE

SN A machine used for lifting materials.

CL MACHINERY

NT COALING CRANE
DERRICK
FLOATING CRANE
HYDRAULIC CRANE
JIB CRANE
MOVING CRANE
QUARRY HOIST
QUAY CRANE
STEAM CRANE
TRAVELLING CRANE
TREADMILL CRANE
WALL CRANE

CREDENCE

SN In churches a niche, or shelf, within or beside a piscina, or a table for the sacramental elements and vessels. (Source: Pevsner Glossary)
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT NICHE
RT PISCINA

CREEP

UF Sheep Creep
SN A small opening built into a stone wall or hedge to allow small animals through.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ENTRANCE

Creeper

USE **CONVEYOR BELT**

Crenel

USE **CRENELLATION**

CRENELLATION

UF Crenel
Crenelle
Embrasure
SN The openings between the upright blocks, or merlons, of a battlement.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BATTLEMENT

Crenelle

USE **CRENELLATION**

CROCKET CAPITAL

SN A capital which is decorated with stylized leaves similar to small volutes.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL

CROSS ENTRY

SN The entry to a hall through opposed doorways, but without a passage formed by a wall or partition.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ENTRANCE

CROSS GABLE

SN A gable supporting a roof, placed at right-angles to the main part of the roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT GABLE

CROSS JOISTING

SN A method of floor construction in which sections of joists run at right-angles to one another.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT JOIST

CROSS PASSAGE

SN Entry to a hall through opposing doors with a partition screening the hall and forming a passageway.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PASSAGE

CROSS TRANSEPT

SN The transverse portion of a cruciform church, or the arms on either side of the crossing, often with chapels at the east sides and possibly with aisles as well.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT TRANSEPT

CROSS TREE

SN Two intersecting beams set on the ground to support a post, usually for a post mill.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT QUARTER BAR

CROSS VAULT

SN A vault created by the intersection of two other vaults set at right angles to each other and of equal size.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT VAULT

CROSS WINDOW

SN A window with a single mullion and a single transom.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

CROSS WING

SN A wing joined to the main body of the building with the roof at right angles to the main roof.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT WING

CROSSING

SN The intersection and space between the nave, chancel and transepts in a cruciform church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
RT CROSSING TOWER

CROSSING TOWER

SN A tower which rises above the space at the intersection of the nave, chancel and transepts of a church. Usually pierced by windows to provide light directly to the area below.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT TOWER
RT CROSSING
LANTERN

Crouds

USE **CRYPT**

CROWN PLATE

SN A plate in a crown post roof, supported on crown posts and bearing the collars.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PLATE

CROWN POST

- SN An upright timber standing on a tiebeam to support a collar or purlin. Once used as an alternative to king post, this term is now restricted to the shorter post ending at collar level.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT POST

CROWN STEEPLE

- SN A steeple in which the spire resembles a crown.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STEEPLE

CROWN STRUT

- SN An upright timber similar to a crown post, but not supporting a plate.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT STRUT

CROWN TREE

- SN The main vertical beam standing at the centre of a post mill carrying the bearing upon which the body of the mill rotates.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CROWN WHEEL

- SN The gear wheel on the upright shaft within a windmill from which secondary drives operating other parts of the machinery are powered. are taken
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CROWSTEPS GABLE

- SN A gable with sides shaped like a flight of steps.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT GABLE

CRUCIFORM PLAN

- SN A building plan in the shape of a cross.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

CRUCK

- UF Full Cruck
- SN A pair of timbers, or blades, usually curved, rising from a place at or near ground level to a point at or near the apex of a roof, forming an approximately triangular frame on which the subsidiary structure rests.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS
- NT BASE CRUCK
BLADE
CRUCK SPUR
END CRUCK
JOINTED CRUCK
RAISED CRUCK
UPPER CRUCK

CRUCK SPUR

- SN A short timber connecting a cruck's timber, or blade, to a wall plate.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CRUCK

CRUCK STUD

- SN A stud on the outside of a cruck blade and attached to it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT STUD

CRUSHING CIRCLE

- SN A horse-powered apparatus, for the crushing of commodities such as ore or cider apples, consisting of a stone wheel running over a circular iron or stone bed.
- CL MACHINERY

CRYPT

- UF Crouds
- SN A wholly or partially underground chamber, often beneath a chancel, equipped for religious services and usually containing tombs.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT ARCOSOLIUM
RING CRYPT

Cube Capital

- USE **CUSHION CAPITAL**

CUPBOARD

- SN A recess, often containing shelves and usually fitted with a door or doors, used for the storage of items.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- NT AUMBRY
WARDROBE

CUPOLA

- SN A small dome on top of a larger dome, roof etc.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

CURTAIN WALL

- SN A wall connecting two pavilions, bastions, towers etc..
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WALL

CUSHION CAPITAL

- UF Block Capital
Cube Capital
Pillow Capital
- SN A cube-shaped capital with its lower corners rounded to facilitate the transition from the circular shaft below to the square abacus it supports.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL
- NT SCALLOPED CAPITAL

CUTWATER

- SN The wedge shaped end of a bridge pier designed to break the current of water.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CYCLE RACK

- SN A structure used for the secure storage of bicycles.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

CYMA RECTA

- UF Ogee Moulding
- SN A decorative S-shaped moulding, usually placed at the top of a cornice, with a convex lower half and a concave upper half.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

RT OGEE

CYMA REVERSA

- SN A decorative S-shaped moulding, usually placed at the top of a cornice, with a concave lower half and a convex upper half.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

CYMATIUM

- SN The top of a cornice in an entablature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CORNICE

DADO (PEDESTAL)

- UF Die
- SN The area between the base and the cornice of a plinth.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PEDESTAL

DADO (WALL)

- SN The lower area of a interior wall between the skirting board and the dado rail
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WALL
- RT DADO RAIL

DADO RAIL

- SN A wall-mounted moulding defining the upper edge of the dado, intended to protect the wall's surface from damage caused by chairs being pushed against it.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- RT DADO (WALL)

DAIS

- SN A raised platform at the end of a hall on which the high table sat, though sometimes used to describe the table itself.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

DAIS BEAM

- SN A decorated beam, above the dais or high table, attached to the partition at the upper end of a hall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

DAIS CANOPY

- SN A framed canopy suspended above the dais or high table at the upper end of a hall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

DANCE FLOOR

- SN An open floor surface for dancing.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES

DASHWHEEL

- SN An early washing machine used in bleaching works for washing calico and other textiles.
- CL MACHINERY

DAY ROOM

- SN A communal living room.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

Deambulatory

USE **AMBULATORY (EXTERNAL)**

Dean Hole

USE **PRIESTS HOLE**

DEBATING ROOM

- SN A chamber where discussions of issues take place, often found at universities.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

DECORATED PANEL

- UF Inscribed Panel
Painted Panel
- SN A panel, usually wooden or stone, painted or engraved with an illustration or inscription.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PANEL

DECORATIVE FEATURES

- SN A component part that is designed deliberately for decorative purposes.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS
ANIMAL FIGURE
ANTEFIX
ARCHIVOLT
AUREOLE
CAMOUFLAGE
CARTOUCHE
CEILING PAINTING
CHAMFER
CORNUCOPIA
DECORATIVE PLASTERWORK
DENTIL
DIAPER
EGG AND DART
FINIAL
FLORAL FEATURE
FLUSHWORK
GRAFFITO
GUTTAE
HUMAN FIGURE
KEY PATTERN
KNOTWORK
MEDALLION
MOULDING
OGEE
OVERMANTEL
OVERTHROW
PAINTING
PANELLING
PATERA
PICTURE FRAME
PINNACLE
REBUS
SCULPTURE
SPIRAL FLUTING
STONE CARVING
STRAPWORK
TILING
TRACERY
VOLUTE
WALL PAINTING
WALLPAPER

DECORATIVE PLASTERWORK

- SN An area of plasterwork modelled or incised with ornamental designs or motifs.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT PARGETTING

Demi Column

USE **COLUMN**

DENTIL

- SN One of a series of small, rectangular blocks arranged like a row of teeth, projecting from the lower part of a cornice in many classical orders.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

DERRICK

- SN A machine for hoisting or moving heavy weights, consisting of a spar or boom set up obliquely, with its head steadied by guys, and furnished with suitable tackle and purchases.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE

DETACHED COLUMN

- UF Insulated Column
- SN An unengaged, or free-standing, column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

Diaconicon

USE **SACRISTY**

DIAGONAL BUTTRESS

- SN A buttress placed at the exterior corner of a building, forming a 135 degree angle with the walls it supports.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BUTTRESS

DIAMOND MULLION

- SN A mullion of square section set diagonally.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT MULLION

DIAPER

- SN A decorative, repeating geometric pattern, utilizing motifs such as lozenges, leaves etc., applied to a wall or panel, or incorporated into brickwork by laying different coloured bricks in a series of squares, diamonds.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Die

USE **DADO (PEDESTAL)**

DIESEL ENGINE

- SN Internal combustion engine powered by diesel fuel.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE
- NT COMBINED DIESEL AND GAS TURBINE

DIMINISHED PRINCIPAL

- SN A principal that has been reduced to the same thickness as a common rafter where the roof has clasped purlins.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PRINCIPAL

DINING ROOM

- UF Tearroom
- SN A room, furnished with tables and chairs, where meals and refreshments are served and consumed.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT BANQUETING HALL
BREAKFAST ROOM
CANTEEN
HINDS HALL
REFECTORY

DIOCLETIAN WINDOW

- UF Therm
Thermal Window
- SN A semi-circular opening or window divided, by two mullions, into three sections, the central section being wider than those either side of it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT MULLIONED WINDOW

DIRECT ENTRY PLAN

- SN A plan in which entry is directly into a room without being situated opposite a fireplace.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Discharging Arch

USE **RELIEVING ARCH**

DISK ENGINE

- SN A hydraulic engine patented in 1830 comprising a large specially shaped cast-iron outer casing enclosing a close-fitting but separate solid globe.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT HYDRAULIC ENGINE

DISPLAY CASE

- SN An enclosed structure, usually glass fronted, designed to contain, and facilitate the viewing of, objects or notices. May be built into the fabric of a room, affixed to an exterior or exterior wall or free standing.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

DOGLEG STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase divided into two parallel flights joined by a landing with no wall between the outer strings.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

DOGTOOTH MOULDING

- SN A decorative moulding featuring a repeating star-like motif carved in relief.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

DOME

- SN A roof, circular in plan, usually semicircular in section, over a circular, square or polygonal base.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

DOOR

- SN The entrance to a building, apartment or any enclosure consisting of a movable barrier, usually lockable, of wood or other materials.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT BATTENED DOOR
 HECK DOOR
 JIB DOOR
 PANELLED DOOR
 PLANKED DOOR
 PRIESTS DOOR
 STUDDER DOOR
 TRAPDOOR
 WICKET
 RT AEDICULE (FRAME)
 DOORCASE
 DOORWAY
 DRAW BAR
 FANLIGHT
- DOOR LINTEL**
 SN A lintel over a door.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT LINTEL
- DOOR POST**
 SN A vertical upright on either side of a door.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT POST
 RT JAMB
- DOORCASE**
 SN The wood, stone or brick framework, lining a doorway, from which the door is hung.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 RT DOOR
 DOORWAY
- DOORWAY**
 SN The space in which a door is placed, allowing passage through.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ENTRANCE
 RT DOOR
 DOORCASE
 TRUMEAU
- DORIC BASE**
 SN A base of the Roman Doric order with a torus, an astragal and a fillet.
 CL ORDER
 BT DORIC ORDER
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT BASE
- DORIC CAPITAL**
 SN A capital with an abacus, ovolo, neck and astragal.
 CL ORDER
 BT DORIC ORDER
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT CAPITAL
- DORIC COLUMN**
 SN A column that is equidistant, with intercolumniations, even at the corners, with two or more triglyphs over each intercolumniation.
 CL ORDER
 BT DORIC ORDER
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT COLUMN
- DORIC ENTABLATURE**
 SN An entablature with a plain architrave or principal beam over which are the frieze and cornice.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT ENTABLATURE
 CL ORDER
 BT DORIC ORDER
- DORIC ORDER**
 SN A classical order with metopes and triglyphs in the frieze. Greek Doric has no base and a fluted column but Roman Doric does have a base and may or may not have a fluted column.
 CL ORDER
 NT DORIC BASE
 DORIC CAPITAL
 DORIC COLUMN
 DORIC ENTABLATURE
 METOPE
 TRIGLYPH
- DORMER**
 SN A chamber usually used for sleeping.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- DORMER WINDOW**
 SN A projecting vertical window in the sloping roof of a house.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT WINDOW
- DORMITORY**
 UF DORTER
 SN A sleeping apartment usually containing a number of beds and sometimes partitioned into cubicles. A room for sleeping in, usually for a number of beds.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT RETIREMENT ROOM
 NT WARD
- Dorter
 USE **DORMITORY**
- DOUBLE ARCH BRACED TRUSS**
 SN A truss in which two pairs of arch braces form a continuous curve from the wall-heads or below to meet in the centre of the collar.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT TRUSS
- DOUBLE COURTYARD PLAN**
 SN Two linked quadrangular open areas surrounded by walls or buildings.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT COURTYARD PLAN
- DOUBLE DEPTH PLAN**
 SN A plan in which the building is two rooms deep but has no central corridor.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
- DOUBLE PILE PLAN**
 SN An English seventeenth century house plan consisting of a rectangular block two rooms deep, the rooms sometimes separated by a passage.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Double Suntrap Plan

USE **BUTTERFLY PLAN**

DOVECOTE

SN A shelter for doves or pigeons, often containing nesting boxes, either free-standing or built into other structures (barns, towers etc.). If a dedicated, free-standing structure, index with MONUMENT TYPE: DOVECOTE.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

RT NEST HOLE

DOVETAIL JOINT

SN A joint in which the end is shaped like a dovetail.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT JOINT

NT LAP DOVETAIL JOINT

Downpipe

USE **RAINWATER PIPE**

DOWNWARD BRACE

SN A brace running from a vertical to a lower horizontal timber.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BRACE

DRAGON BEAM

SN A horizontal member cutting through the corner formed by two walls to act as a support to a hip rafter to support jetties on two adjacent sides of an upper floor.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BEAM

DRAGON TIE

SN A horizontal brace linking tiebeam and wall plate, or adjacent wall plates at the corner of a hipped roof.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BRACE

DRAW BAR

SN A wooden bar sliding from a long channel at one side of a doorway into a socket in the other jamb so as to bar the door.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RT DOOR

DRAW LOOM

SN A hand-operated loom on which figured cloth could be woven, also known as a drawing engine.

CL MACHINERY

BT LOOM

DRAWING ROOM

UF Withdrawing Chamber
Withdrawing Room

SN A room to withdraw to from the dining room.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT MEETING ROOM

Dresser

USE **SIFTER**

DRESSING ROOM

SN A room, particularly in a house or theatre,

intended for dressing or changing one's clothes and furnished with wardrobes, dressing tables and other facilities for the application of make-up, styling of hair etc.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

RT CHANGING ROOM

Drip Mould

USE **DRIPSTONE**

DRIPSTONE

UF Drip Mould

Hood Mould

SN A moulding that projects from a wall above an exterior opening and is shaped to channel rainwater away from it.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

NT LABEL

SHELL HOOD

RT LABEL STOP

DRIVE

UF Drive Mechanism

SN The primary mechanism within an engine or device that transmits motion, especially rotary motion, to wheels, cogs, turntables etc.

CL MACHINERY

Drive Mechanism

USE **DRIVE**

DROP ARCH

SN A pointed, two-centred, arch whose span is greater than its height.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT POINTED ARCH

DROPPED TIEBEAM

SN A transverse ceiling beam set below wall-plate level in order to increase head room within the roof space; it carries knee principals, or the struts or braces of an interrupted tiebeam truss.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT TIEBEAM

DRUM

SN A polygonal or circular stone forming part of the shaft of a column.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT COLUMN

DUNGEON

SN A chamber for the incarceration of one or more prisoners.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

NT OUBLIETTE

DUPLEX PUMP

SN A type of direct-acting, twin cylinder steam driven water pump.

CL MACHINERY

BT PUMP

DWARF TRANSEPT

SN A transept in which the two wings that extend beyond the walls of the nave are lower than the

nave and the crossing of the church.

- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT TRANSEPT

E SHAPE PLAN

- SN A plan type of a hall with two wings and a central porch.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

EARTH CLOSET

- SN A wooden commode containing earth, which was used to cover and absorb human waste. An alternative, and rival, to the water closet.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

EASTER SEPULCHRE

- SN A recess, usually situated in the north wall of a chancel, often canopied, containing a decorated tomb chest representing the burial and resurrection of Christ.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- RT TOMB

EAVE

- SN The edge of a roof that hangs over the wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF
- NT EAVES BOARD

EAVES BOARD

- SN A board on the lower edge of a sloping roof which protects the top of the external wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT EAVE

EAVES DRIP GULLY

- SN A feature formed by water falling from the roof of a building and creating a linear or curving indentation in the ground.
- CL IMPLIED FEATURE

ECHINUS MOULDING

- SN An ovolo moulding below the abacus of a Doric or Ionic Capital.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

EDGE ROLL MOULDING

- SN A rounded or convex moulding, such as an ovolo or torus.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

Egg And Anchor

- USE **EGG AND DART**

EGG AND DART

- UF Egg And Anchor
Egg And Leaf
Egg And Tongue
- SN Decorative ornamentation consisting of alternating oval and V-shaped motifs, used to enrich ovolo mouldings.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Egg And Leaf

- USE **EGG AND DART**

Egg And Tongue

- USE **EGG AND DART**

Elevator

- USE **LIFT**

ELLIPTICAL ARCH

- SN An arch which is half an ellipse.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

EMBATTLED MOULDING

- SN A decorative moulding featuring a geometric pattern suggesting the crenelles and merlons of a battlement.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

Embattlement

- USE **BATTELEMENT**

Embrasure

- USE **CRENELLATION**

END CRUCK

- SN A cruck blade, sometimes jointed, set in the centre of a gable wall, usually of a cruck-framed building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CRUCK

END HALL PLAN

- SN A medieval plan with the hall situated at one end of the main range.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

END LOBBY ENTRY PLAN

- SN A plan featuring a lobby entry, situated at one end of a side wall, which provides access to one room only.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Engaged Baluster

- USE **SPLIT BALUSTER**

ENGAGED COLUMN

- UF Attached Column
- SN A column that is attached to or partly sunk into a wall or pier.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- RT APPLIED COLUMN

ENGINE

- SN A piece of machinery used to convert energy of one sort (for instance steam) into motive energy.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT BARRING ENGINE
BLOWING ENGINE
FIXED ENGINE
GRASSHOPPER ENGINE
HOT AIR ENGINE
HYDRAULIC ENGINE
INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE
SCOTCH CRANK ENGINE
STEAM ENGINE

ENTABLATURE

- SN In the Classical Orders, the horizontal assembly of architrave, frieze and cornice carried upon columns and pilasters.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ARCHITRAVE
COMPOSITE ENTABLATURE
CORINTHIAN ENTABLATURE
CORNICE
DORIC ENTABLATURE
FRIEZE
IONIC ENTABLATURE
TUSCAN ENTABLATURE

ENTERCLOSE

- SN A passage between two rooms in a house or leading from the door to the hall.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE

ENTRANCE

- SN A place of entry into a site, monument or building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- NT ADIT
CARRIAGE ENTRANCE
CREEP
CROSS ENTRY
DOORWAY
ENTRANCE HALL
GATEWAY

ENTRANCE BLOCK

- SN A building forming part of a complex or larger establishment, such as a workhouse, that serves as an entrance equipped with facilities associated with procedures undergone by new arrivals.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

ENTRANCE HALL

- SN The passage, area, lobby, room or vestibule into which a building's main entrance opens.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT HALL (COMMUNAL)
ENTRANCE

Epistyle

- USE ARCHITRAVE

EQUILATERAL ARCH

- SN An arch whose height is equal to its span.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

ESCALATOR

- SN Staircase whose moving steps are driven mechanically whilst remaining permanently in a horizontal plane allowing users or objects to be moved effortlessly from one level to another, within or outside a building.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE
- CL MACHINERY

ESCUTCHEON

- SN A decorative feature of a shield for armorial bearings.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS

Ewery

- USE SCULLERY

EXAMINATION HALL

- SN A large room within a school or college used and appropriately furnished for the sitting of examinations by students..
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT COLLEGE HALL

EXEDRA

- SN A semicircular niche or recess in a wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT NICHE
- RT APSE

EXERCISE YARD

- UF Airing Yard
- SN A yard intended for the purpose of taking exercise, for example within the grounds of a prison.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

- SN A space or area that is outside a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- NT AMBITUS
AMBULATORY (EXTERNAL)
ANTEPORTICO
ATRIUM (ECCLESIASTICAL)
BAILEY
BOATING POOL
COURTYARD
COVERED WAY
EXERCISE YARD
PADDLING POOL
PARADISE
PARVIS
PERGOLA

EXTERNAL STAIRCASE

- SN A flight of stairs, situated on a building's exterior, extending to an upper storey.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

EXTRACTION ENGINE

- SN A compound steam engine with provision for bleeding off some steam after it has passed through the high pressure cylinder and before it enters the low pressure cylinder.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

EXTRADOS

- SN The outer curve of an arch or vault.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH
- RT INTRADOS

FACADE

- SN The external face or elevation of a building, especially the principal front.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ASTYLAR

FACE HALVED JOINT

- SN A joint in which the side, or face, of a timber has

been squarely cut away to fit into a corresponding cut-away in the side of another member.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

FAIRBAIRN JIB CRANE

SN A specialised form of crane, usually employed on a dockside, featuring a curving, solid jib.
CL MACHINERY
BT JIB CRANE

FAIRBAIRNS LEVER

SN A mechanical testing machine used to carry out pioneering tests on various materials, particularly cast-iron beams, to determine practical data on their strength and other properties.
CL MACHINERY

FALSE ARCH

SN An arch built by corbelling or cantilevering in from both sides with horizontal joints.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

FALSE GABLE

SN A gable without a roof behind it.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT GABLE

FALSE HAMMER BEAM

SN A transverse timber resembling a hammer beam but without a hammer post above, being braced to a principal or collar instead.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

FALSE HAMMER BEAM TRUSS

SN A truss with a transverse timber like a hammer-beam, but braced to a principal or collar without a hammer-post.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

FAN CARRIAGE

SN A wheeled device supporting a windmill's fantail that moves around a trackway thus turning the windmill into the wind.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT FANTAIL

FAN VAULT

SN A vault composed of concave cones, inverted and overlaid with ribs that rise from the springing of the vault and diverge equally in different directions, producing an effect like the ribs of an opened fan.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIBBED VAULT

FANLIGHT

SN A semi-circular window, often decorated and with its glazing bars radiating like the ribs of an opened fan, set above a door.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW
RT DOOR

FANTAIL

SN A bladed wheel attached to the rear, and at right angles to the main sails, of a windmill. Connected to winding gear, the fantail would catch the wind when it changed direction, allowing the mill to move automatically into the wind.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT FAN CARRIAGE

FASCIA

SN One of two or three bands on a classical architrave, each projecting slightly beyond the one below, often separated by enriched mouldings. Also a vertical band or board, such as that over a shop front on which its name is painted.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCHITRAVE

FASTENING

SN An item used to fasten, bind or join one item to another.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ARMILLA
BRACE
HINGE
JOINT
KEY
PIVOT

FEATURE

SN An archaeological component which cuts, overlies or abuts other features such as ditches, pits and building foundations.
CL UNASSIGNED

FERETORY

SN An area in a church, sometimes defined by screens, containing a shrine. Also a shrine, usually portable, containing religious relics.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

FEVER WARD

SN An area of a building or complex, such as a workhouse, hospital or prison used to house infirm inmates suffering from fever.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WARD

FILLET

SN A plain, narrow moulding or area, sometimes projecting, separating two decorated mouldings or features such as the vertical grooves on a fluted column.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

FINIAL

SN The shaped projection on the top of a newel post or at the apex of a gable.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT BALL FINIAL

FIRE WINDOW

SN A small window placed to cast light upon a fireplace.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

FIREBACK

- UF Chimney Back
- SN The heat-resistant wall, or sometimes decorative cast iron panel, at the back of a fireplace.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FIREPLACE

FIREPLACE

- SN The opening at the base of a chimney stack.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT FIREBACK
- INGLENOOK
- RT MANTELPIECE

FIRING STEP

- SN A cutting, bank or block positioned against the wall of a trench, fort, parapet etc. to allow riflemen to shoot over the crest of the wall or parapet from a standing position.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BANQUETTE

FIRST AID ROOM

- SN A room set aside for the initial treatment of injuries sustained for example in public amenities such as lidos.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

FITNESS SUITE

- SN A room or rooms containing fitness equipment such as running machines and weights.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM

FIXED ENGINE

- SN A stationary winding steam engine positioned at the top of a railway incline for hauling up trains and locomotives.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE

FIXED QUAY CRANE

- SN A crane that is fixed to a quay and used for the loading and unloading of cargo.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT QUAY CRANE

FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

- SN Accessories used in furnishing and embellishing a building or structure.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- NT ALTAR
- ALTAR RAIL
- AMBO
- BATH
- BOOT SCRAPER
- CHANDELIER
- CLIMBING WALL
- CONFESSIONAL
- COUNTER
- CUPBOARD
- CYCLE RACK
- DISPLAY CASE
- FONT
- FUSEBOX
- GRILLE
- LAMP

- LECTERN
- MANTELPIECE
- ORGAN
- OVEN
- PEW PLATFORM
- PISCINA
- PULPIT
- RAILING
- RELIGIOUS ELEMENTS
- RETABLE
- SCONCE
- SEAT
- SHELF
- SHRINE
- SIGN
- STOUP
- SWIMMING POOL
- TABERNACLE
- TRUNKING
- VAT
- WALL SAFE
- WATER TANK
- YORKSHIRE SQUARE

FLAT ARCH

- SN An arch which is formed by keystones but is flat like a lintel
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

FLAT ROOF

- SN A roof with a slope of less than ten degrees to the horizontal.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF

FLECHE

- SN A spire, or spirelet surmounting a roof, especially over the crossing of a French Gothic Cathedral.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SPIRE

FLEMISH GABLE

- SN A gable with curved sides and an identifiable pediment.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT GABLE

FLEUR DE LYS

- SN Decorative ornamentation of a formalized lily.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

FLEURON

- SN Decorative ornamentation of a flower or leaf.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

FLITCHED BEAM

- SN A composite beam of timber strengthened by an iron plate, or plates, used in the construction of 18th and 19th century timber framed mills and warehouses.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

FLOATING CRANE

- SN A mobile crane which floats on water.
- CL MACHINERY

BT CRANE
FLOOR
SN The lower, horizontal surface of a room on which people walk. Can also mean a storey of a building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT MOSAIC

FLORAL FEATURE

SN A decorative feature in the style of a flower or plant. Use more specific term.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT ACANTHUS
ANTHEMION
ARABESQUE
BALL FLOWER
BAY LEAF
CAULICOLI
FLEUR DE LYS
FLEURON
PALMETTE
ROSETTE
TUDOR FLOWER
TUDOR ROSE

FLOUR MILL

SN A machine, usually contained in a building called a flour mill which reduces grain into constituent parts or 'streams' which include flour. For a Flour Mill building use FLOUR MILL in Monument Type.
CL MACHINERY
NT COMBINATION MILL
ROLLER MILL
STONE MILL

FLUE

SN A duct or channel for hot air to travel through.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

FLUSHWORK

SN The use of knapped flint applied to a wall to form a decorative pattern.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

FLUTING

SN A concave groove or series of grooves.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

FLYING BUTTRESS

SN A buttress set away from the structure it supports, joined to it by an arch.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS
RT ARCH BUTTRESS

FLYING SHUTTLE

SN A device patented in 1733 for speeding up the weaving of cloth.
CL MACHINERY

FONT

SN A receptacle to hold water used in baptism usually found in a baptistery or nave of a church.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
NT IMMERSION FONT

FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

SN A room in which food is prepared.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT BAKERY
BREAD ROOM
BUTTERY
CAMBA
KITCHEN
LARDER
PANTRY

FOREBUILDING

SN A subsidiary tower or projection attached to the front of a keep containing access to its first floor entrance.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT TOWER

Forechoir

USE ANTECHOIR

Forechurch

USE ANTECHURCH

FORECOURT

SN An enclosed area in front of a structure.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT COURTYARD

FOUNDATION

SN The lowest part, or base, of a structure, sometimes built into the ground, on which the weight of the whole rests.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

FOUNDATION STONE

SN A stone, usually inscribed, laid during a ceremony to commemorate the founding of a new building
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

FOUR CENTRED ARCH

SN A pointed arch which, on a plan, is shown to be constructed around four arcs: two centred below and two centred upon the springing line, which is the level at which the vertical sides of the arch begin to curve.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

FOURDRINIER MACHINE

SN A machine for making paper in a continuous length.
CL MACHINERY

FOURNEYRON WATER TURBINE

SN An outward radial flow reaction water turbine.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATER TURBINE

Foyer

USE LOBBY

FRANCIS WATER TURBINE

SN A mixed-flow reaction water turbine, developed in the USA in 1840 by James Bichino Francis, in which water enters the runner radially and leaves axially.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATER TURBINE

Frater

USE **REFECTORY**

FRENCH WINDOW

SN A casement window, carried down to floor level, and opening like two-leafed glazed doors to a garden, veranda or terrace.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CASEMENT WINDOW

FRESCO

SN A two dimensional image using paint applied to plasterwork whilst the plaster is still damp.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT WALL PAINTING

FRET BAND

SN Decorative ornamentation of a key pattern

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT BAND (MOULDING)

FRIEZE

SN The middle section, between the architrave and the cornice, of an entablature.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ENTABLATURE

NT METOPE

PULVINATED FRIEZE

TRIGLYPH

FRIGIDARIUM

UF Cold Bath

SN The cold room in a Roman baths.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

RT CALDARIUM

PALAESTRA

TEPIDARIUM

Full Cruck

USE **CRUCK**

FUMIGATORY

SN A room within a building or complex, such as a workhouse, used for purifying objects with smoke.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

FUNCTION ROOM

SN A room set aside within a building where social and other functions such as parties, presentations and meetings can be held.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

Fuse Box

USE **FUSEBOX**

FUSEBOX

UF Fuse Box

SN A box or cupboard enclosing the fuses for the electrical circuits within a building.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

GABLE

SN The part of the wall that supports a pitched roof at the end of the roof.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT AILERON

CROSS GABLE

CROWSTEPPED GABLE

FALSE GABLE

FLEMISH GABLE

GABLET

RT APEX STONE

GABLE ENTRY PLAN

SN A plan of a building where the entrance is in the gable wall.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

GABLED ROOF

SN The commonest type of roof with sloping sides meeting at a ridge and with a gable at each end.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ROOF

GABLET

SN A small gable above a hipped roof. Also used ornamentally, such as on a buttress or over a niche.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT GABLE

GADROON

SN A convex, finger-like moulding, usually applied in a series to form a pattern of ridges.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

GALILEE

SN A lobby or chapel at the western entrance of a church. Sometimes a place of burial, an area reserved for women, or a place where monks could meet female relatives.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT CHAPEL

RT NARTHEX (MEDIEVAL)

Gallery (Chapel)

USE **GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)**

Gallery (Church)

USE **GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)**

GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)

UF Gallery (Chapel)

Gallery (Church)

SN An upper story in a chapel, church or cathedral, situated above the aisle and below the clerestory, often arcaded and sometime called a Tribune.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

NT MUSICIANS GALLERY

ORGAN LOFT

GALLERY (SECULAR)

SN A long room for recreation, often on an upper floor.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

NT LONG GALLERY

MUSICIANS GALLERY

PICTURE GALLERY

Gambrel Roof

USE **MANSARD ROOF**

GAME LARDER

- UF Venison Larder
- SN A store for undressed meat, usually for keeping grouse, partridge, pheasant or rabbit in a cool environment.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT LARDER

GAMESROOM

- UF Shovelboard Parlour
- SN A room in which board and table games are usually played.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM
- NT BILLIARD ROOM

GARDEROBE (TOILET)

- SN A latrine built into, or projecting beyond, the wall of a medieval castle featuring a stone or wooden seat situated above a pit or the castle moat.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Garderobe (Wardrobe)

USE **WARDROBE**

GARGOYLE

- SN A projecting spout to throw water from a gutter away from the wall, frequently decorated with grotesque figures to spew out evil away from the House of God.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT ANIMAL FIGURE
HUMAN FIGURE

GARRET

- SN An apartment contained, wholly or partially, within the roof space of a house.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ATTIC

GAS ENGINE

- SN An internal combustion heat engine which uses gas as its fuel, and acts as a prime mover or power source for driving other machinery.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE

GAS TURBINE

- SN A heat engine prime mover in which hot gases or hot air expand as they pass through and rotate vanes attached to a central shaft, enclosed in a chamber.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT TURBINE
- NT COMBINED DIESEL AND GAS TURBINE
COMBINED STEAM AND GAS TURBINE

GATE

- SN A movable barrier, usually external, within an opening in a wall, fence, hedge or similar.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT PORTCULLIS
- RT GATEWAY

GATE PIER

- SN A pier which supports a gate.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PIER

GATEWAY

- SN A form of entrance closed by a gate.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ENTRANCE
- RT GATE

Giant Order

USE **COLOSSAL ORDER**

GIBBS SURROUND

- SN An architrave surrounding a door, window or niche interrupted by large blocks of stone, and often by a massive keystone set under a pediment. Named after the architect James Gibbs (1682-1754).
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCHITRAVE

Gigantic Order

USE **TUSCAN ORDER**

- SN Alternative name for the Tuscan Order according to Vincenzo Scamozzi. Not to be confused with COLOSSAL ORDER.

GIRDING BEAM

- SN A beam that is part of a frame in a wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

GLAZING BAR

- SN A moulded bar or baton dividing the panes of glass within a window light.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT LIGHT
WINDOW

Glory

USE **AUREOLE**

GOVERNOR

- SN A device which automatically controls a particular function within a machine or mechanism, such as regulating the gap between millstones in a windmill.
- CL MACHINERY

GRAFFITO

- SN An inscription or illustration applied to a wall by carving into its plaster to reveal a different colour beneath.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

GRASSHOPPER ENGINE

- UF Half Beam Engine
- SN Also known as a half-beam engine, named for the characteristic nodding action of the overhead beam which is supposed to resemble the action of the rear legs of the grasshopper.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE

GRATING

- SN A framework of crossed or parallel wooden or metal bars placed over an opening to prevent access but allow the passage of air, light, water etc.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

GREAT CHAMBER

SN An apartment for the use of people of high status, often the owner of the building. Also a room adjoining, or close to, a hall and used as a drawing room or venue for private functions.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

GREAT HALL

UF Long Room

SN A large communal room often occupying the full height of the building, used for functions such as meetings, entertainments etc. Traditionally found in medieval buildings but also found in later buildings emulating medieval architecture.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT HALL (COMMUNAL)

GREEN MAN

SN A sculpture, drawing, or other representation of a face surrounded by or made from leaves and branches or vines. Green Men are frequently found on carvings in both secular and church buildings, and are thought to represent pagan fertility deities.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT HUMAN FIGURE

GRILLE

SN An open grating of wrought iron, bronze, wood etc., forming a screen to a door, window or other opening, or used as a divider.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

GRINDING ROOM

SN A room where usually materials or consumables are processed into tools or meal, for example in a workshop or mill.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

GROIN

SN The ridge formed at the intersection of two vaulted surfaces.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

GROTESQUE

SN A classical ornamentation featuring foliage, fruits and, unlike Arabesque, human and animal figures, sometimes fantastic or mythological in nature. The term may have originated from the fact that many examples of such ornamentation were found in grottoes.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT ANIMAL FIGURE

HUMAN FIGURE

GUARD CHAMBER

SN A room frequently in a military building where sentries guard and protect the premises.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

Gudgeon

USE JOURNAL

GUILLOCHE

SN A decorative ornamentation of interlaced bands in the form of a plait.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT BAND (MOULDING)

GULLY

SN A usually shallow cut linear feature often used for drainage.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Gun Loop

USE GUN PORT

GUN PORT

UF Gun Loop

SN A strategically placed aperture in the wall of a fortification through which guns and cannon can fire upon an invading force.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

GUN ROOM

SN A room for storing guns.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT STOREROOM

GUTTAE

SN Small 'drops' or conic projections under the mutules (a repeating block motif) and triglyphs (rectangular blocks embellished with vertical grooves) in a Doric entablature.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

GUTTER

SN A trough or watercourse constructed to collect rainwater from a roof and channel it towards a drain or pipe.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT ARRIS GUTTER

PARAPET GUTTER

RT RAINWATER PIPE

WATER SPOUT

GYMNASIUM

SN A room equipped with apparatus to facilitate physical exercise, gymnastics or indoor sports.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT RECREATION ROOM

H SHAPE PLAN

SN A building plan that features a hall lying between, and at right-angles to, two projecting wings.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Hagioscope

USE SQUINT

HALF BAY

SN A short bay, usually in a hall, commonly as a smoke bay or for a cross-entry.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT BAY

HALF BEAM

SN A beam which is half the width of a main beam, usually supporting joists.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BEAM

Half Beam Engine

USE **GRASSHOPPER ENGINE**

HALF HIPPED ROOF

SN A roof w hose ends are partly gabled and partly sloped.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

HALL (COMMUNAL)

SN The principal room in early houses, w hich occupies the entire height of the building.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT COLLEGE HALL
ENTRANCE HALL
GREAT HALL
OPEN HALL

Hall (Lobby)

USE **LOBBY**

HALL AND CROSS WING PLAN

SN A common plan form of large medieval and sub medieval houses, w ith a hall range flanked by tw o wings; also found w ith only one wing.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

HALVED JOINT

SN A joint in w hich both timbers are reduced in thickness.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

HALVED LAP JOINT

SN A joint in w hich one timber is reduced in thickness.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

HAMMER BEAM

SN A short beam that projects into a roof space from the foot of a principal rafter to receive a hammer post and, often, an arched brace.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

HAMMER BEAM TRUSS

SN A truss w ith transverse timbers, like a tie-beam from w hich the middle section has been removed, supported on braces and carrying hammer-posts and braces that carry the open structure of the roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

HAMMER POST

SN A vertical timber resting on a hammer beam and forming a triangle betw een it and a principal.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT POST

HAMMERBEAM ROOF

SN A roof consisting of trusses that have a pair of brackets supporting the hammer posts that in turn support the rafters.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

Handrail

USE **RAILING**

HANGING BUTTRESS

SN A type of slender support carried on a corbel.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS

HARNESS ROOM

SN A room w here fittings such as saddles and harnesses for horses are usually kept.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT STOREROOM
RT TACK ROOM

HATCHMENT

SN A w ooden panel, mounted on the w all of a church, bearing the Achievement of Arms of an individual w hose funeral has taken place there.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS

HAUNCH

SN A part of an arch betw een the apex and the springer.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

HAYLOFT

UF Balk
SN A loft for the storage of hay.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

HEAD RACE

SN A channel, usually placed upstream of a mill, that carries w ater from a river or other w ater source to a w aterw heel.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
CL MACHINERY
RT TAIL RACE

HEARTH

SN The area directly in front of a fireplace or the floor of a fireplace itself.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT OPEN HEARTH
RT HEARTH PASSAGE PLAN

HEARTH PASSAGE PLAN

SN A plan in w hich the chimney stack backs onto the cross passage betw een a building's tw o entrances.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
RT HEARTH

HECK DOOR

SN A door divided horizontally into tw o parts, independently hinged.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOOR

HEILMANN COMBER

SN A machine for combing the fibres of cotton, w orsted, flax etc to remove short fibres, clean out extraneous matter, and lay the fibres more or less parallel to each other.
CL MACHINERY

BT COMBER

HELM ROOF

UF Rhenish Helm
SN A roof with four sloping sides, rising from four gables, joining at the apex like a pyramid.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

HERRINGBONE STUDDING

SN Studding in which the studs are at an inclined angle to the posts.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STUD

HESLOP STEAM ENGINE

SN A rotative beam steam engine patented in 1790.
CL MACHINERY
BT ROTATIVE BEAM ENGINE

HEXAGONAL PLAN

SN A building or structure with a six-sided plan.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

HINDS HALL

SN A dining hall for the use of seasonal labourers.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT DINING ROOM

HINGE

SN A movable joint, usually consisting of two plates joined by a pin, that fastens a door, gate, window etc. to its frame and allows it to open and shut.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FASTENING
NT ANCHOR AND COLLAR HINGE

HIP RAFTER

SN A rafter set at the corner of a hipped roof, to take the upper end of a common rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RAFTER

HIPPED ROOF

SN A ridged roof that slopes on all four sides.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

HOLDEN COMBER

SN A wool combing machine for very fine wools.
CL MACHINERY
BT COMBER

HOLLOW CHAMFER

SN A chamfer that has been hollowed out to form a concave shape. This is also known as a chamfret.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT CHAMFER

Hollow Quoin

USE CLAPPING QUOIN

HOLLOW SPANDREL

SN A spandrel that is sunk below the surface of the arch.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SPANDREL

Hood Mould

USE DRIPSTONE

HOPPER

SN A funnel-like container from which grain or other material is fed to a grinding mechanism below.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine in which the cylinder, crosshead and crankshaft lie in a horizontal line, as opposed to vertical designs.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

HORSE ENGINE

SN A device or engine powered by one or more horses or donkeys walking around a circular track and harnessed so as to turn a large toothed wheel, either in the same plane or above, which turned smaller wheels operating machinery.
CL MACHINERY

Horse Gin

USE HORSE WHIM

HORSE WHIM

UF Horse Gin
SN A timber, horse-powered device consisting of a large, rotating drum around which a rope would be wound, hoisting material from a quarry pit, mine shaft etc..
CL MACHINERY

HORSESHOE ARCH

SN An arch, either pointed or round, which broadens above the springing line, creating a horseshoe shape.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

HOSPITAL BLOCK

SN An area of a building functioning as a hospital.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

HOT AIR ENGINE

SN An engine which uses air or the products of combustion as its working medium.
CL MACHINERY
BT ENGINE

Hot Bath

USE CALDARIUM

HUMAN FIGURE

SN A sculptural or decorative representation of a human figure. Includes mythical and fantastical figures such as Cupid, Atlas etc.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT AMORINO
ATLANTIS
CANEPHORA
CARYATID
GARGOYLE
GREEN MAN
GROTESQUE
SHEELANA GIG

HURST

- UF Hursting Frame
- SN The large wooden framework that supports the grinding wheels in a corn mill.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Hursting Frame

USE **HURST**

HYDRAULIC BOX CRANE

- SN A box crane which uses hydraulic power
- CL MACHINERY
- BT HYDRAULIC CRANE

HYDRAULIC CRANE

- SN A crane using hydraulic power.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE
- NT HYDRAULIC BOX CRANE
HYDRAULIC PILLAR CRANE

HYDRAULIC ENGINE

- SN An engine, introduced in Germany 1748 for use in mines, worked by high pressure water.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE
- NT DISK ENGINE

HYDRAULIC JIGGER

- SN A hydraulic machine used to magnify the stroke of a hydraulic piston. The pulleys and chains of a crane or other device are attached to the jigger.
- CL MACHINERY

HYDRAULIC PILLAR CRANE

- SN A hydraulic machine used to drive a pillar crane.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT HYDRAULIC CRANE

HYDRAULIC PRESS

- SN A machine that uses liquid pressure to exert a large force on two platens so that items placed between them are pressed to a shape, compressed, or forced together.
- CL MACHINERY

HYDRAULIC RAM

- SN A device in which a large quantity of low pressure water is made to pump a small proportion of itself to a greater height than its source or to a higher pressure; achieved by using the pressure rise resulting from suddenly interrupting the flow
- CL MACHINERY

HYDRAULIC TIPLER

- SN An hydraulically powered machine that tips coal into railway wagons, usually situated at a pithead.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT COAL TIPLER

HYPOCAUST

- SN An underfloor heating system.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

HYPOCYCLOID STEAM ENGINE

- SN A design of vertical steam engine patented in 1802.

- CL MACHINERY
- BT VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE

ICONOSTASIS

- SN In Orthodox churches, the screen that divides off the sanctuary, usually decorated with sacred images (icons). (Source: Pevsner Glossary)
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SCREEN

IMMERSION FONT

- SN A structure, usually sunk into the ground, for the purpose of allowing total bodily immersion as part of a baptismal ceremony.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT FONT

IMPERIAL STAIRCASE

- SN A grand staircase where the lower flight splits into two upper flights.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

IMPLIED FEATURE

- SN Terms covering features of a monument or building which imply the previous presence of a component or structure. Use for negative evidence of a component or structure.
- CL IMPLIED FEATURE
- NT ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURE
BEAM SLOT
EAVES DRIP GULLY
POST HOLE
PUTLOG HOLE

IMPOST

- SN The band or block from which the springing of an arch occurs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH
- NT IMPOST MOULDING

IMPOST MOULDING

- SN A decorative style on a block or band from which an arch springs.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT IMPOST

INCINERATOR

- SN A machine used to burn and desiccate rubbish.
- CL MACHINERY

INCLINED PLANE

- SN A slope, usually with rails, along which a vehicle can be moved between two relatively flat stretches of railway, or by which a boat can be transferred from one level of waterway to another.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT CANAL INCLINED PLANE
RAILWAY INCLINED PLANE

INDOOR SWIMMING POOL

- SN An enclosed feature, usually sub-terranean, constructed to contain water for public or private recreation and sporting activities. Often a component of a larger SPORTS CENTRE. Use

OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL for unenclosed pools.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
BT SWIMMING POOL
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT SWIMMING POOL

INFIRMARY

UF Apothecarium
SN A room or group of rooms for healing the sick. Where it is a monument use the Thesaurus of Monument Types.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

INGLENOOK

SN An area within a large fireplace where it is possible to sit.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FIREPLACE

INNER BAILEY

SN An inner defensive area within a castle.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT BAILEY

Inscribed Panel

USE **DECORATED PANEL**

Insulated Column

USE **DETACHED COLUMN**

INTERLACING ARCADE

SN Romanesque overlapping arcades, producing a series of pointed arches.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCADE

Intermediate Truss

USE **SECONDARY TRUSS**

INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

SN An area or space within a building.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
NT AGIASTERIUM
AMBITUS
ANTECHAPEL
ANTECHOIR
APOTHESIS
ARENA
ATRIUM (SECULAR)
AUCTION ROOM
BAPTISTERY
CHANCEL
CHEVET
CHOIR
CLOSET
CONFESSIONAL
CORRIDOR
CROSSING
FERETORY
HAYLOFT
LOGGIA
NAVE
OFFERTORIUM
ORATORY
ORCHESTRA PIT
ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER

PASSAGE
PENTHOUSE (APARTMENT)
PRESBYTERY
RETROCHOIR
RINGING CHAMBER
ROOM
SANCTUARY
SMOKE BAY
SPA POOL
STOREY
SUPERVISORY HUB
TRADING FLOOR
TRANSEPT
UNDERCROFT
WALKING SPACE
WARMING ROOM

INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE

SN An engine or prime mover, in which a mixture of air and fuel is ignited inside a closed cylinder, and the resulting explosion drives a piston to the opposite end of the cylinder, its movement turning a crankshaft via suitable mechanical parts.
CL MACHINERY
BT ENGINE
NT DIESEL ENGINE
GAS ENGINE
OIL ENGINE
PETROL ENGINE

INTERRUPTED TIEBEAM

SN A tiebeam whose central section is omitted to increase head room; its inner ends are held by a slip-braces or struts rising from a dropped tiebeam and can be used in end frames.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TIEBEAM

INTRADOS

SN The lower, or inner, curve of an arch
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH
RT EXTRADOS

INVERTED VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE

SN A type of steam engine in which the steam cylinders are placed above the crankshaft supported on a robust frame.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

IONIC BASE

SN A base embellished with horizontal reeds and other mouldings.
CL ORDER
BT IONIC ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BASE

IONIC CAPITAL

UF Beaked Ionic Capital
SN A Capital with a rolled up cushion-like form on either side creating distinctive volutes.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL
CL ORDER
BT IONIC ORDER
NT ANGLE CAPITAL
ANGULAR CAPITAL

IONIC COLUMN

- SN A column of the Ionic Order, set upon a base and characterized by its slender form.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER

IONIC ENTABLATURE

- SN An entablature consisting of an architrave, usually a frieze and cornice.
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ENTABLATURE

IONIC ORDER

- SN A classical order with an Attic base and fluted column. The cornice has dentils and the capital volutes.
- CL ORDER
- NT ASIATIC BASE
- ATTIC BASE
- IONIC BASE
- IONIC CAPITAL
- IONIC COLUMN
- IONIC ENTABLATURE

IRON ORE CALCINER

- SN A kiln in which Iron ores were heated before smelting in order to drive off the impurities such as sulphur.
- CL MACHINERY

ISOLATION WARD

- SN An area of a building or complex, such as a workhouse or hospital, for isolating new residents before admission into main building, used to prevent spread of disease
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT WARD

JACK FRAME

- SN A machine for the final reduction in cross sectional area of a cotton sliver into a fine roving preparatory to spinning high counts of yarn.
- CL MACHINERY

JACK RAFTER

- SN A shortened common rafter that runs between ridge and a valley rafter, or between eaves and a hip rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER

JACQUARD LOOM

- SN A loom developed by Joseph Jacquard in 1801 which used a series of punched cards to control the movement of the warp threads thereby allowing complex patterns to be created without the intervention of the weaver
- CL MACHINERY
- BT LOOM

JAMB

- SN The vertical lining of a doorway, window or other opening.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

- RT DOOR POST

JENNY

- SN An 18th century hand-operated machine capable of spinning several yarns at once, invented in circa 1767.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT SPINNING MACHINE

JETTY

- SN A projecting part of a building that overhangs the wall below it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT JETTY BRACKET
- JETTY BRESSUMER
- JETTY PLATE

JETTY BRACKET

- SN The bracket under a jetty bressumer.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JETTY

JETTY BRESSUMER

- SN The sill beam of the jettied upper floor resting on projecting ends of joists or on jetty brackets.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JETTY

JETTY PLATE

- SN The wall plate of the lower storey on which the joists of a jetty rest.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JETTY

JIB CRANE

- SN A crane consisting of a vertical tower or similar structure from which projects a movable boom, or jib, fitted with a mechanical hoist.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE
- NT FAIRBAIRN JIB CRANE

JIB DOOR

- SN An internal door flush with, and decorated to match, the wall it is set in for the purpose of concealment.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT DOOR

Jigger

USE **WALL CRANE**

JOCKEY PULLEY

- SN A pulley running on the outside of a belt to improve the effectiveness of a drive.
- CL MACHINERY

JOINT

- SN A junction whereby two members or elements of an artificial structure or mechanism are joined or fitted together, whether rigidly or hinged.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FASTENING
- NT BARE FACED DOVETAIL JOINT
- BARE FACED TENON JOINT
- BIRDMOUTHED JOINT
- BRIDLED JOINT
- DOVETAIL JOINT
- FACE HALVED JOINT

HALVED JOINT
 HALVED LAP JOINT
 JOIST JOINT
 JOWL
 LAP JOINT
 MASONS MITRE
 MORTICE AND TENON JOINT
 NOTCHED LAP JOINT
 SADDLE JOINT
 SCARF JOINT
 SCRIBED JOINT
 SCRIBED MITRE
 SECRET BRIDLE JOINT
 SLIP TENON JOINT
 SPLAYED AND Tabled SCARF JOINT
 SPLAYED SCARF JOINT
 STOP SPLAYED SCARF JOINT
 THROUGH TENON JOINT
 TRUE MITRE

JOINTED CRUCK

SN A cruck truss whose blades are composed of two pieces of timber joined near the wall head in a variety of ways.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT CRUCK

JOIST

SN Horizontal timbers laid parallel to each other on which flooring is laid and to which a ceiling is fixed.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT COGGED JOIST
 CROSS JOISTING
 LODGED JOIST

JOIST JOINT

SN A joint used to secure the end of a joist
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT JOINT

JONVAL WATER TURBINE

SN A parallel or axial-flow reaction water turbine invented in France in 1843, in which water descends through fixed curved guide vanes which direct the flow sideways onto curved vanes on the runner.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT WATER TURBINE

JOURNAL

UF Gudgeon
 SN The area at the end of an axle or shaft around which a wheel, bearing etc. pivots or rotates.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

JOWL

SN The end of a timber post made wider than the rest of its length on one face to accommodate tiebeams, wall-plates etc..
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT JOINT

JUSTICE ROOM

SN A room in the house of a Justice of the Peace in which cases were heard. Houses after 1848 contained these for prestige purposes since the practice of hearing cases at home was made

illegal at that date.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT MEETING ROOM

KEEL MOULDING

SN A curved moulding with a sharp edge running along its centre. So named as its profile resembles the keel of a ship.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT MOULDING

KEEPING ROOM

SN A room that serves as a combined living-room, kitchen and workshop.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

KERB

SN A stone edging on a footway dividing it from a carriageway.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

KERB PRINCIPAL

SN A short principal rafter that rises from a tiebeam to a collar.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT PRINCIPAL RAFTER
 RT KERB PRINCIPAL TRUSS

KERB PRINCIPAL TRUSS

SN A truss with two curved kerb-principals, which are the short principal rafters rising from a tiebeam to a collar, placed either side of a crown strut.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT TRUSS
 RT KERB PRINCIPAL

KEY

SN A piece of wood of square or rectangular section driven through a scarf joint to tighten it
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT FASTENING

KEY PATTERN

SN Classical decorative motif of interlocking right-angled and vertical lines, usually applied as a continuous pattern.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

KEystone

SN The wedge-shaped block placed at the crown of an arch to consolidate the structure. Sometimes employed as a decorative feature.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT ARCH BRICK
 NT AGRAFE

KING MULLION

SN A mullion which divides a window with four or more lights and is larger than the mullions either side of it, often sharing the dimensions of the frame's members.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT MULLION

KING PENDANT

SN A vertical timber in a truss, descending from the ridge, and projecting below the lower transverse

timber, normally used with scissor beams.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
King Pin

USE WATERWHEEL SHAFT

KING POST

SN An upright post set on a tiebeam or collar and used to support a ridge piece.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT POST

KING STRUT

SN A vertical timber set on a collar or tie-beam extending to the apex of a pitched roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STRUT

KITCHEN

SN A room in which food is prepared.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM
RT SCULLERY

KNEE BRACE

SN A very short brace between post and tiebeam, or post and wall plate.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

KNEE PRINCIPAL

SN A principal that has a short, angled section, resembling a knee-joint, at one end.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PRINCIPAL

KNEELER

SN A large approximately triangular stone at the foot of a gable, cut to have a horizontal bed and a top conforming, wholly or in part, to the slope of the gable.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

KNIGHTS CHAMBER

SN A communal sleeping room in medieval houses for male servants.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

KNOTWORK

SN Decorative ornamentation in the form of interlacing ribbons or cords, usually in an intricate pattern.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

L SHAPE PLAN

SN A house plan with a hall and a single wing.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

LABEL

SN A rectangular dripstone.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT DRIPSTONE
RT LABEL STOP

LABEL STOP

SN A termination, either in the form of a decorative feature or a right-angle applied to the end of the moulding, of a label, dripstone or string course.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
RT DRIPSTONE
LABEL
STRING COURSE

LABORATORY

SN A room, within a building or institution, equipped for conducting scientific experiments or research.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

LACED WINDOW

SN One of a set of windows placed vertically and linked either decoratively or by aprons extending to the lintel below.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

LADY CHAPEL

SN A chapel dedicated to the Virgin, usually east of the chancel.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT CHAPEL

LAMP

SN A light, usually encased and mounted upon brackets, often used outdoors. It may be powered by gas, electricity or house a candle.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

LANCASHIRE LOOM

SN A semi-automatic loom developed in Lancashire. Although it is self-acting, it has to be stopped to recharge empty shuttles.
CL MACHINERY
BT LOOM

LANCET ARCH

SN A pointed, two-centred, arch whose height is much greater than its span.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT POINTED ARCH
NT COMPOSITE ARCH

LANCET WINDOW

SN A tall, narrow window with a pointed arched head.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

LANDING

SN The area or platform at the top of a staircase.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
RT STAIRCASE

LANTERN

SN A small structure, often polygonal or circular, on top of a roof, dome, tower etc. featuring apertures to light or ventilate the building it adorns.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
RT CROSSING TOWER

LAP DOVETAIL JOINT

SN A joint in which the dovetailed member is proud of the receiving member and is not finished flush with it.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOVETAIL JOINT

LAP JOINT

SN A joint in which one timber is applied to the surface of the other.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

LARDER

SN A room in which food, usually meat, is kept.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM
NT GAME LARDER

LATERAL BUTTRESS

SN A buttress attached to a corner of a structure, seeming to be a continuation of one of the walls.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS

LATH

SN The smallest piece of timber (2-5cms) across used in building, employed on rafters to support the roof covering or in a partition as a base for plaster or external render and wall covering.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

LAUNDRY ROOM

SN A room for washing and cleaning linen.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
RT UTILITY ROOM

LAVATORIUM

SN A communal wash area, sometimes a dedicated outbuilding, or facility, such as a basin or trough, used by monks.
CL AREAS AND SPACES

LAVATORY

SN A room with apparatus for washing the hands and face, now often combined with a water closet.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WASHING ROOM

LAYER

UF Site Layer
SN An archaeological unit of soil in a horizontal plane which may seal features or be cut through by other features.
CL UNASSIGNED

LEARNER POOL

SN Swimming pool, usually part of a larger LIDO or SPORTS CENTRE complex. Medium size pool, between large pool and paddling pool, used primarily for learners.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT SWIMMING POOL
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
BT SWIMMING POOL

LECTERN

SN A stand, either fixed or free-standing, usually with a sloping surface from which a bible, book or notes can be read, found in a church or lecture theatre.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

LECTURE THEATRE

SN A large room with fixed seating, often including audio-visual facilities, in which lectures are given.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT AUDITORIUM

LESENE

SN A pilaster without base or capital.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PILASTER

Low come

USE **LUCAM**

LIBRARY

SN A place set apart to contain books for reading, study or reference.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
RT READING ROOM

LIERNE

SN A tertiary vault rib, usually employed for decorative purposes, that links one intersection of the main ribs to another.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIB
RT VAULT

LIFT

UF Elevator
SN An apparatus, featuring an ascending and descending platform or compartment, for carrying people or objects from one level or floor to another. This term can include the shaft or well in which such an apparatus operates.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
CL MACHINERY

LIGHT

SN A section of a window between mullions; thus for example a three-light window.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT GLAZING BAR
WINDOW

LIGHTNING CONDUCTOR

UF Lightning Rod
SN A metallic rod attached to a high point on a building and leading to the earth for the purpose of conducting lightning away from the main body of the building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Lightning Rod

USE **LIGHTNING CONDUCTOR**

LINTEL

SN A horizontal member spanning an opening and providing support to the wall above the opening.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT DOOR LINTEL
WINDOW LINTEL

LISTER COMBER

SN A machine for combing out wool, mohair and alpaca, removing short fibres and any

extraneous matter, and laying the long fibres more or less parallel to each other.

CL MACHINERY
BT COMBER

LIVING ROOM

UF Lounge (Private)
SN A room for general daily use, usually in a family dwelling.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM
NT MORNING ROOM
SITTING ROOM

LOBBY

UF Foyer
Hall (Lobby)
Vestibule
SN A small room communicating with one or more apartments.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

LOBBY ENTRY PLAN

SN A plan in which the front entrance opens into a lobby opposite to an axial chimney stack.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
RT BAFFLE ENTRY PLAN

LOCHTORY

SN A parlour in a monastery.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PARLOUR

Locum

USE LUCAM

LODGED JOIST

SN A joist which rests on top of a beam.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOIST

LOFT

SN Space used for storage in the roof.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ATTIC

LOGGIA

SN A roofed structure, open on one side, usually attached to a building, providing a seating area and its occupants with an uninterrupted exterior view.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

LONG AND SHORT WORK

SN A Saxon quoin consisting of alternating horizontally and vertically laid stones.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT QUOIN

LONG GALLERY

SN A long, high-ceilinged room, usually extending the full length of an Elizabethan or Jacobean house and often occupying an upper floor, used as a promenade, place of entertainment etc..
CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT GALLERY (SECULAR)
Long Room

USE GREAT HALL

LOOM

SN A machine for weaving cloth. A traditional loom comprises a framework with a horizontal back roller, the warp beam or warp roller, around which closely spaced warp threads have been wound parallel to each other, stretched horizontally onto a front roller.

CL MACHINERY
NT DRAW LOOM
JACQUARD LOOM
LANCASHIRE LOOM
NORTHROP LOOM
OSSET LOOM
POWER LOOM
WIPER LOOM

LOOPHOLE

UF Aleois
Balistraria
SN An opening in a wall that is usually narrow on the outside but widens internally to allow a defender to stand and shoot through the loophole.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

LOUNGE (COMMUNAL)

SN A room where the public can sit, often in hotels and airports.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM

Lounge (Private)

USE LIVING ROOM

LOUVRE

SN An opening in the ridge of a roof intended to provide ventilation or an outlet for smoke; also the hood on such an opening that prevents rain entering.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT LOUVRED OPENING

LOUVRED OPENING

SN An opening normally in a door or window filled with diagonally set slats to provide ventilation.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT LOUVRE

LOWSIDE WINDOW

SN A window that is lower than others in the chancel side wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

LOZENGE

SN A decorative moulding in a diamond shape.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

LUCAM

UF Lew come
Locum
Luccam
Lucomb
SN A projecting structure in the roof of a mill

containing a window, allowing loads to be lifted clear of the building's wall and protecting the window from the weather.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

LUCARNE

SN A window in a spire, often in the form of a dormer.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT WINDOW

Luccarn

USE **LUCAM**

Lucomb

USE **LUCAM**

LUMBER ROOM

SN A room in which disused items, such as furniture, are stored.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT STOREROOM

MACHICOLATION

SN An opening through which missiles or combustible materials could be dropped upon attackers. Usually through the roof of an entrance way or in a projecting parapet.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BATTLEMENT

MACHINE

SN A single piece of apparatus that uses mechanical power for a particular function.

CL MACHINERY

MACHINERY

SN Apparatus using mechanical power for a particular function.

CL MACHINERY

NT ANGLE BOB

BACKWASHING MACHINE

BALANCE BOB

BALL MILL

BALL WINDING MACHINE

BOILER

BRINE TANK

CHEESE PRESS

CHUTE

CIDER PRESS

COAL TIPLER

COMBER

CONVEYOR BELT

COOLING TOWER

CRANE

CRUSHING CIRCLE

DAISHWHEEL

DRIVE

ENGINE

ESCALATOR

FAIRBAIRNS LEVER

FLOUR MILL

FLYING SHUTTLE

FOURDRINIER MACHINE

GOVERNOR

HEAD RACE

HORSE ENGINE

HORSE WHIM

HYDRAULIC JIGGER

HYDRAULIC PRESS

HYDRAULIC RAM

INCINERATOR

INCLINED PLANE

IRON ORE CALCINER

JACK FRAME

JOCKEY PULLEY

LIFT

LOOM

MACHINE

MAN ENGINE

MASTICATOR

MECHANICAL STOKER

MILLING MACHINE

ORGAN

OVEN

PLANING MACHINE

PUMP

RAILWAY LIFT

RAILWAY SIGNAL

RAILWAY TURNTABLE

RIVER INTAKE GAUGE

SACK HOIST

SATELLITE DISH

SCOOP WHEEL

SCUTCHING MACHINE

SHAPING MACHINE

SHOE

SIFTER

SLASHER

SLOTING MACHINE

SLUBBING FRAME

SMUTTER

SPEEDFRAME

SPINNING MACHINE

STAMPS

STEAM WHIM

TAIL RACE

THRESHING MACHINE

THROWING MACHINE

TILT HAMMER

TREADMILL

TURBINE

WATER BALANCE ENGINE

WATER FILTRATION UNIT

WATER PURIFICATION UNIT

WATERWHEEL

WEIGHING MACHINE

WIND ENGINE

WINDING ENGINE

MAN ENGINE

SN A device for raising miners individually from a shaft consisting of two rods, raised and lowered alternately, fitted with small platforms and powered by a waterwheel or steam engine.

CL MACHINERY

MANHATTAN ENGINE

SN A twin cylinder compound steam engine introduced in the 1870's which combined a horizontal and vertical configuration in the same machine.

CL MACHINERY

BT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

MANSARD ROOF

UF Gambrel Roof

- SN A curb-roof with curved or steeply pitched lower slopes and a hipped or pitched roof above. Named after the French Classical architect F. Mansart.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF

MANTELPIECE

- UF Chimney Piece
- SN A decorative structure of wood stone or metal, incorporating a shelf, surrounding the opening of a fireplace.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- RT FIREPLACE

MASONS MARK

- SN A device, monogram or symbol incised in stonework by a mason as a means of identifying his work. Particularly common in Romanesque and Gothic buildings.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

MASONS MITRE

- SN The non-diagonal joint at the right-angled meeting of two stone mouldings.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

MASTERS ROOM

- SN Room in a building or complex in which the master of an establishment, such as a workhouse or a school, is accommodated.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

MASTICATOR

- SN A powerful machine comprising a pair of heated cylinders revolving inside a chamber, and used for converting raw rubber into a soft plastic mass by being 'chewed' between knives or teeth projecting from the cylinders.
- CL MACHINERY

MEAL SPOUT

- SN A funnel, connected to an opening in the floor of the tun encasing the grindstones in a corn mill, that carries ground meal away to a bin or sack.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

MECHANICAL STOKER

- SN Machines for automatically feeding fuel onto the fire of steam boilers and other furnace plant, introduced at the beginning of the 19th century.
- CL MACHINERY

MEDALLION

- SN An oval or circular decorative feature often bearing an illustration or portrait in light relief.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

MEETING ROOM

- SN A room intended, and often furnished accordingly, as a venue for the holding of meetings.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT ASSEMBLY ROOM
AUDIENCE CHAMBER
BOARDROOM

COMMITTEE ROOM
COMMON ROOM
CONFERENCE ROOM
COUNCIL CHAMBER
COURTROOM
DAY ROOM
DEBATING ROOM
DRAWING ROOM
JUSTICE ROOM
LIVING ROOM
LOUNGE (COMMUNAL)
PARLOUR

MENS POOL

- SN A swimming pool restricted to the use of men only.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT SWIMMING POOL
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SWIMMING POOL

MERLON

- SN The solid, upright part of a battlement separating the openings, or crenelles.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BATTLEMENT

METOPE

- SN A thin, rectangular panel, sometimes enriched with sculptural relief, placed between the triglyphs in a Doric Order frieze.
- CL ORDER
- BT DORIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FRIEZE

MEZZANINE

- SN A storey of lesser height than those above and below it.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREY

MIHRAB

- SN A semicircular niche in the wall of a mosque used to indicate the Qiblah - the direction to be faced during prayers. Qiblah is set as the direction of the Kaaba in Mecca.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT NICHE

Mill Shaft

USE WATERWHEEL SHAFT

MILLING MACHINE

- SN A machine tool capable of creating a variety of forms and surfaces in materials by way of a spinning cutter positioned over a movable table.
- CL MACHINERY

MILLSTONE

- SN A flat, circular stone, usually made of sandstone, used in pairs for grinding corn and other meal.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

MINE HAULAGE STEAM ENGINE

- SN A steam engine working an underground cable haulage system in a late 19th century coal mine.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

USE **MUSICIANS GALLERY**

MISERICORD

- SN A projection from the bottom of a church stall designed to provide some support for a person standing in long services.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SEAT

MODILLION

- SN A small moulded bracket found on the Corinthian and Composite orders, and in plain form in the Ionic.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACKET
- NT ANGLE MODILLION

MORNING ROOM

- SN A sitting room or lounge in a house intended mainly for use during the morning.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT LIVING ROOM

MORTICE AND TENON JOINT

- SN The most common form of joint between two timbers meeting at right angles or at an oblique angle, the mortice being a socket cut in one timber to receive the tenon projection of the other.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

MOSAIC

- SN A surface made up of small pieces of hard material such as stone or tile, often in a decorative pattern.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FLOOR

MOULDING

- SN An ornamental contour given to the angles or features of a building, whether a projection or a cavity, such as a cornice, an architrave or an astragal.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT ANNULAR MOULDING
ASTRAGAL
BAGNETTE
BAND (MOULDING)
BEAD
BEAK HEAD MOULDING
BED MOULDING
BILLET MOULDING
BOLECTION MOULDING
BRACKET MOULDING
CABLE MOULDING
CASEMENT
CATS HEAD MOULDING
CAVETTO
CHAIN MOULDING
CHEVRON MOULDING
COVE
CYMA RECTA
CYMA REVERSA
DADO RAIL
DOGTOTH MOULDING
DRIPSTONE
ECHINUS MOULDING

- EDGE ROLL MOULDING
- EMBATTLED MOULDING
- FILLET
- GADROON
- IMPOST MOULDING
- KEEL MOULDING
- LABEL STOP
- LOZENGE
- NAILHEAD MOULDING
- NECK MOULDING
- NUTMEG MOULDING
- OVOLO
- ROLL MOULDING
- SCALLOPED MOULDING
- SCOTIA
- SKIRTING BOARD
- STRING COURSE
- TENIA
- TORUS
- RT ARCHIVOLT

MOVING CRANE

- SN A mobile crane.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE
- NT MOVING QUAY CRANE

MOVING QUAY CRANE

- SN A mobile crane usually found on a marine or inland quay.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT QUAY CRANE
MOVING CRANE

MULE

- SN A machine for spinning cotton yarn.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT SPINNING MACHINE

MULLION

- SN A vertical member dividing a window into two or more lights.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT DIAMOND MULLION
KING MULLION
- RT MULLIONED WINDOW
MUNTIN
TRANSOM

MULLIONED WINDOW

- SN A window divided into lights by mullions.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW
- NT DIOCLETIAN WINDOW
- RT MULLION

MUNTIN

- SN An upright framing member, or mullion, that separates two panels, such as in a panelled door or a window.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT MULLION

MUSIC ROOM

- SN A room in which music is performed.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM

MUSICIANS GALLERY

- UF Minstrels Gallery
- SN A loft, balcony or gallery, in a hall or church, for the use of musicians.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT GALLERY (SECULAR)
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)

MUTULE

- SN A small slab in a Doric cornice.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CORNICE

NAILHEAD MOULDING

- SN A decorative feature in the form of small pyramids in a continuous line.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

NARTHEX (CLASSICAL)

- SN A transverse vestibule at the west end of a church.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

NARTHEX (MEDIEVAL)

- SN An antechurch which is transverse to the axis of the church and is covered or enclosed.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT ANTECHURCH
- RT GALILEE

NAVE

- SN The central division of a church, extending from the west end to the chancel or transepts.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

NECK

- SN A plain area situated between the top of the shaft and the capital of a Renaissance Tuscan or Doric Order column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NECK MOULDING

- UF Necking
- SN A moulding on the neck of a column.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

Necking

USE **NECK MOULDING**

NEEDLE SPIRE

- SN A steeply pitched spire whose base is significantly narrower than the tower on which it sits.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SPIRE

NEST HOLE

- SN Niche intended for pigeons or other birds to nest in, allowing the squabs and eggs to be harvested. Found inside specially built dovecotes and in the walls of other buildings.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- RT DOVECOTE

NEWCOMEN ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE

- SN A single acting, non-rotative beam engine worked by atmospheric pressure.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE

NEWEL POST

- SN The post at the centre of a winding staircase from which the steps radiate; or the post, supporting the handrail and string, at the angle of a square staircase.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT POST
- RT NEWEL STAIRCASE

NEWEL STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase where the vertical members are placed at the ends of flights to support the strings, handrails, trimmers and bearers.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE
- RT NEWEL POST

NICHE

- SN A shallow, ornamental recess, often arched and semicircular in plan, set in a wall or pier and usually containing a statue or ornament.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANGULAR NICHE
- CL CARREL (NICHE)
- CL CREDENCE
- CL EXEDRA
- CL MIHRAB
- RT AEDICULE (FRAME)
- CL APRON

NIGHT STAIR

- SN A staircase, usually leading from a dormitory, used by monks to enter the transept of a monastic church.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

NOBLE COMBER

- SN A machine for combing out wool, cleaning out extraneous matter and short fibres and laying the combed long fibres more or less parallel to each other as required for Worsted spinning.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT COMBER

NOGGING

- SN A section of stone or brickwork employed in a timber-framed building to fill the spaces between uprights or studs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NON CONDENSING STEAM ENGINE

- SN A steam engine from which the spent exhaust steam either passes out to the atmosphere and is lost, or in some cases is used as process steam in a factory.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

NON DEAD CENTRE STEAM ENGINE

SN A patented design of two in-cylinder, inverted vertical steam engine, which can be started irrespective of the position of the crank.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

NOOK SHAFT

SN A colonnette set in a corner or angle, such as the meeting of two walls or the place at which a door frame meets the wall it is set in.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLONNETTE

NORTH LIGHT

SN A window usually spanning the full width of the north side of a roof allowing the maximum amount of direct and indirect light to enter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW
RT NORTH LIGHT ROOF

NORTH LIGHT ROOF

SN A roof design, common to weaving sheds, featuring a saw tooth profile with unequal slopes forming each ridge and lights on its northern side.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF
RT NORTH LIGHT

NORTHROP LOOM

SN An automatic power loom invented by James H Northrop in 1894.
CL MACHINERY
BT LOOM

NOTCHED LAP JOINT

SN A lap joint which has a notch cut in one side.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT
NT SECRET NOTCHED LAP JOINT

NOVICES ROOM

SN A room in a monastery used by monks or nuns as a day room.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

NURSERY

SN A room equipped for the care of babies and young children.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

NUTMEG MOULDING

SN A decorative moulding featuring a series of small, projecting, dome-like shapes each resembling a halved nutmeg.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

OCTAGONAL PLAN

SN A plan of a structure which has eight sides.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

OCULUS

SN A circular or oval window or panel. Also the circular opening at the top of a dome.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

Oeil De Boeuf

USE **BULLSEYE WINDOW**

OFFERTORIUM

SN The area where the act of Offertory, where bread and wine are placed upon the altar, takes place.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

OFFICE

UF Business Room
SN A room in which commercial or administrative activities are carried out.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

OGEE

UF Recessant
SN A decorative form consisting of two upright S-shaped curves positioned opposite one another with their concave sections placed at the top.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
RT CYMA RECTA
OGEE ARCH
OGEE BRACE

OGEE ARCH

SN A pointed arch in which the arcs comprising it are centred on points both outside and inside the arch so that the point takes the form of a double S, or ogee.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT POINTED ARCH
RT OGEE

OGEE BRACE

SN A brace which is cut to a double curve.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE
RT OGEE

Ogee Moulding

USE **CYMA RECTA**

OIL ENGINE

SN An oil-fuelled internal combustion engine, developed in the late 19th century, and usually made as a stationary, horizontal unit.
CL MACHINERY
BT INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE

Open Air Swimming Pool

USE **OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL**

OPEN HALL

SN A hall, or main living-room in a medieval house, open to the roof.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT HALL (COMMUNAL)

OPEN HEARTH

SN A hearth, normally placed clear of the walls, without a chimney stack or hood above.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT HEARTH

OPEN PEDIMENT

- SN A pediment with a gap at its apex, sometimes filled with an urn or other decorative feature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PEDIMENT
- RT BROKEN PEDIMENT

OPEN PLAN

- SN A building plan where space is unconstrained by partitions.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

OPEN TRUSS

- SN A truss which does not subdivide a space, as in the centre of a hall of two bays or in an undivided building such as a barn.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

OPEN WELL STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase, usually rising through more than one storey, with a space at its centre around which the stair is carried by strings and newels.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

ORATORY

- SN A small private chapel in either a house or church.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ORCHESTRA PIT

- SN An area normally below a stage or dais occupied by an orchestra or musical group for performances and entertainment.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ORDER

- SN A style of construction following an established set of criteria, based around the conventional use of a type of column.
- CL ORDER
- NT APPLIED ORDER
- COLOSSAL ORDER
- COMPOSITE ORDER
- CORINTHIAN ORDER
- DORIC ORDER
- IONIC ORDER
- TUSCAN ORDER

ORGAN

- SN A musical instrument that produces sound through the passage of air through a number of pipes controlled by stops, pedals and keyboards.
- CL MACHINERY
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- RT ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER
- ORGAN LOFT

ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER

- SN A dedicated room for housing the organ feeder belows, can be an underground chamber or a free-standing building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

- ROOM
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- RT ORGAN

ORGAN LOFT

- SN A gallery or platform within a place of worship housing the organ.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)
- RT ORGAN

ORIEL WINDOW

- SN A bay window, supported by corbelling, cills or brackets, projecting from an upper storey of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW
- RT BAY WINDOW

ORTHOSTAT

- SN A large vertical stone forming part of a structure. If the structure is roofed, the orthostat will stretch from the floor to the roof as a single slab.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINE

- SN A compact design of steam engine which eliminates a connecting rod by having the piston rod directly attached to the crank.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

OSSET LOOM

- SN A narrow hand loom.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT LOOM

OUBLIETTE

- SN A hidden dungeon entered through a trap door from the room above it. Also a similarly concealed pit into which prisoners would be cast.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT DUNGEON

OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL

- UF Open Air Swimming Pool
- SN A unenclosed feature, usually sub-terranean, constructed to contain water for public or private recreation and sporting activities. Sometimes part of a LIDO complex. Use INDOOR SWIMMING POOL for pools within a covering structure.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SWIMMING POOL
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT SWIMMING POOL

OUTER BAILEY

- SN A large defensive area that usually has to be crossed before entering the inner bailey of a castle.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT BAILEY

OUTSHOT

- UF Outshot
- SN An extension to a building, though sometimes contemporary with it, housed under a lean-to roof.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Outshut

USE **OUTSHOT**

OVEN

SN An enclosed structure of brick, stone or metal in which material is heated or burned, or, in a domestic context, food is cooked, through the continuous radiation of heat from its floor, walls or ceiling.

CL MACHINERY

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

OVERMANTEL

SN An ornamental panel or decorative structure situated above a mantelpiece

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

OVERSHOT WHEEL

SN A waterwheel turned by the weight of water discharged into buckets placed around its circumference from an outlet positioned above it.

CL MACHINERY

BT WATERWHEEL

Overstorey

USE **CLERESTORY**

OVERTHROW

SN A panel of often decorated wrought-ironwork forming the arch between two gate-piers or standards or above a gate. Also used for an arched support for a lamp-holder between two standards.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

OVOLO

SN A Classical convex moulding, often decorated with egg-and-dart or similar motifs.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

PACKING PIECE

SN A timber set on the back of a cruck blade to carry a purlin.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PAD

SN A short timber laid across the top of a masonry wall to carry a wall plate or the foot of a common rafter.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PADDLING POOL

SN Man made shallow pool, usually made for children to play in rather than swim.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

PADSTONE

SN A stone block set into a wall to support a truss or beam.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RT TEMPLATE

Painted Panel

USE **DECORATED PANEL**

PAINTING

SN Fine art depiction in oil, watercolour or other media on wood panels, canvas or paper

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

PALAESTRA

SN The exercise hall of a Roman baths complex.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT RECREATION ROOM

RT CALDARIUM

FRIGIDARIUM

TEPIDARIUM

Palladian Window

USE **VENETIAN WINDOW**

PALLET CHAMBER

SN A room in which servants slept.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

PALMETTE

SN A decorative motif representing a palm leaf. Often painted, incised or applied in relief, can occur singly or as a repeating pattern.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT FLORAL FEATURE

PANEL

SN A defined portion of a surface, often a wall lining or door, usually rectangular, which may be recessed, level with or proud of its surrounding surface and may be framed by mouldings or channels.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT DECORATED PANEL

PANELLED DOOR

SN A door adorned with panels, usually arranged in pairs.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT DOOR

PANELLING

SN A series of panels, usually of wood, combined to line a room.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

NT COFFERING

WAINSCOT

PANOPTICON PLAN

SN A circular plan with a series of cells around a central core, often used for prisons.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

PANTRY

UF Covey

Covie

SN A room used for storing food.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

PARADISE

SN An atrium or open court, surrounded by porticoes, at the west end of a church.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

PARALLEL BRACE

SN A brace, parallel to another, in wall framing or arcading, or in trusses between post and tiebeam; also referred to as a duplicate brace.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

PARAPET

SN A barrier, usually in the form of a small wall, set to prevent people falling over the side of a bridge, balcony, roof etc.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT BATTLEMENT
PARAPET GUTTER
RT BANQUETTE

PARAPET GUTTER

SN A gutter running behind a parapet wall, the water channelled by it being discharged from holes in the wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT GUTTER
PARAPET

PARCLOSE

SN A screen that separates a tomb or a chapel from the main body of a church.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SCREEN

PARGETTING

SN Ornamental plasterwork applied to the exterior of a building, especially timber-framed houses of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries..
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT DECORATIVE PLASTERWORK

PARLOUR

UF Winter Parlour
SN Originally a reception room where visitors come to talk especially in a closed establishment such as a monastery or school. Later used to refer to any room used for entertaining guests.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM
NT LOCHTORY

PARTITION WALL

SN An interior wall, usually not load bearing, that divides a space.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WALL

PARVIS

SN A space usually in front of a church entrance but can include the space surrounding a church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

PASSAGE

UF Passageway
Transyte
SN A narrow means of access, often internal.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
NT AISLE
CROSS PASSAGE
ENTERCLOSE
SCREENS PASSAGE

SERVICE PASSAGE
TRIFORIUM
WALKWAY
WALL PASSAGE

PASSAGE AISLE

SN A narrow aisle that pierces an internal buttress.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT AISLE
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT AISLE

Passageway

USE **PASSAGE**

PASSING BRACE

SN A long straight timber, halved across other roof timbers, especially running from a wall post or aisle post across the tiebeam to the opposing rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

PASSING WINDBRACE

SN A windbrace that bypasses one purlin to be jointed into the next purlin or principal.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

PATERA

SN A flat oval or circular ornamental feature decorated in relief, often with flutes or floral motifs.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Paternoster

USE **BEAD AND REEL**

PAVILION

SN A section of a building distinguished from the rest either architecturally or as a separate structure joined to the main building, often intended for entertainment, specialised functions or ornamental purposes.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

PAVILION PLAN

SN A plan form in which pavilions lead off from a spiral corridor.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

PAVILION WARD BLOCK

SN A pavilion ward in a workhouse, used to accommodate inmates
CL AREAS AND SPACES

Pearl And Olive

USE **BEAD AND REEL**

PEDESTAL

SN A base on which a statue, column etc. stands.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ACROTHERION
DADO (PEDESTAL)
PLINTH (PEDESTAL)

PEDIMENT

SN A triangular gable usually above an entablature.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

- NT AILERON
BROKEN PEDIMENT
OPEN PEDIMENT
- RT ACROTERION
TYMPANUM
- PEG**
- SN A wooden nail, round or square in section, used to fix a joint.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- PENDANT**
- SN A decorative piece descending vertically from the bottom of a newel on a staircase, or from the junction of barge boards at the apex of a gable.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- PENDENTIVE**
- SN A spandrel which supports a dome and aids the transition between the dome and its square or octagonal base.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SPANDREL
- PENSTOCK**
- SN A channel or pipeline that feeds water to a waterwheel.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- PENT ROOF**
- SN A lean-to or monopitched roof, or a projecting canopy over a door, window, or stair.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF
- NT CATSLIDE ROOF
- PENTHOUSE (APARTMENT)**
- SN An apartment or suite of rooms usually occupying the top floor of a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- PENTHOUSE (SHELTER)**
- SN A covered walkway attached to a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- Pentice
- USE **COVERED WAY**
- PERGOLA**
- SN An open roofed structure on which climbing plants are grown in order to provide a shaded walkway or seating area.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- PERISTALITH**
- SN A stone ring built to enclose and sometimes revet a burial mound or cairn.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- PERISTYLE**
- SN A colonnade all around the exterior of a building or an interior space such as a courtyard.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLONNADE
- PETROL ENGINE**
- SN An internal combustion engine which uses a mixture of air and petrol as fuel, the combustion of which is by an electric spark.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE
- PEW**
- SN A wooden bench with a back and ends, usually fixed and found in churches. The bench ends are often decorated.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SEAT
- NT BENCH PEW
BOX PEW
- RT PEW PLATFORM
- PEW PLATFORM**
- SN A base on which pews or benches can be placed.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- RT BOX PEW
PEW
- PHOTOGRAPHIC DARKROOM**
- SN A darkened room or workshop used by photographers to process prints from glass plates or photographic film.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- PIANO NOBILE**
- SN The principal storey of a building, containing the main reception rooms, when not situated on ground level.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT PLAN COMPONENT
- PICTURE FRAME**
- SN A case or border, usually wood or metal, enclosing a picture, painting or photograph.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- PICTURE GALLERY**
- SN A room within a house or building used to exhibit artworks, often decorated and lit accordingly.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT GALLERY (SECULAR)
- PIER**
- SN A solid support of masonry to sustain vertical pressure and frequently each of the pillars from which an arch springs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT GATE PIER
- RT PILOTI
- PIER BUTTRESS**
- SN A detached external pier by which an arch or vault is prevented from spreading.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BUTTRESS
- PIERCED WINDOW**
- SN A window cut through a single slab of timber or stone.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW
- PILASTER**

- SN A flattened rectangular version of a column of one of the classical orders.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANTA
LESENE
PILASTER STRIP
PILASTRADE
- PILASTER STRIP**
- SN A form of pilaster without base or capital.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PILASTER
- PILASTRADE**
- SN The equivalent of a colonnade but using pilasters.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PILASTER
- PILE**
- SN A type of foundation in the form of a post sunk into the ground to support a building platform.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- PILLAR**
- SN A vertical member standing without support.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- Pillow Capital
- USE **CUSHION CAPITAL**
- PILOTI**
- SN A pier used to raise a structure or building above ground floor level so that there is open space beneath the structure
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT PIER
- PINNACLE**
- SN Small ornamental pyramid or cone, often decorated, crowning a spire, turret, buttress etc.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- PIPE**
- SN A hollow, cylindrical structure or tube made of clay, lead, steel, wood etc. through which gas, oil, water or other liquids can be conveyed.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT RAINWATER PIPE
- PISCINA**
- SN A water-drain connected to a stone bowl within a niche in the south wall of a chapel, used to receive the water in which the priest washed his hands and rinsed the Chalice.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- RT CREDENCE
- PIT WHEEL**
- SN The main gearwheel in a water mill, sharing the same shaft as the exterior waterwheel but placed within the mill.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- PITCHBACK WHEEL**
- SN A waterwheel where the incoming supply of water is introduced at the top of the wheel and drops onto the paddles, or buckets, of the wheel which rotates in the reverse direction to that of the incoming flow.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT WATERWHEEL
- PIVOT**
- SN A piece of stone or timber with a small cup shaped depression in its upper surface, set into the ground to fasten a door, gate, window etc to allow it to open and shut.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FASTENING
- PLAN COMPONENT**
- SN The element or elements that make up the different parts of a structural plan.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- NT BAY
CORPS DE LOGIS
PIANO NOBILE
WING
- PLANING MACHINE**
- SN A machine tool for producing large flat surfaces on metal objects. It comprises a large work table which slides backwards and forwards along a substantial guide bed, passing under a stationary bridge containing a fixed tool.
- CL MACHINERY
- PLANKED DOOR**
- SN A door made up of vertical planks on the outer face and horizontal planks on the inner face.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT DOOR
- PLANS AND DIVISIONS**
- SN Plans of structures, particularly ground plans, and divisions or elements of structures that form part of these plans.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- NT PLAN COMPONENT
STRUCTURAL PLAN
- PLAQUE**
- SN A metal or stone plate or tablet, usually inscribed, set into a wall, pedestal, floor etc., often serving as a memorial.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- PLATE**
- SN A general term given to all horizontal timbers laid on walls or posts in order to support other timbers.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ARCADE PLATE
COLLAR PLATE
CROWN PLATE
SILL PLATE
SOLE PLATE
WALL PLATE
- PLAY ROOM**
- SN A room for children to play in.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM
- PLINTH (PEDESTAL)**
- SN The lowest part, usually projecting, of a pedestal or the base of a column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT PEDESTAL

PLINTH (WALL)

SN The skirting or projecting base of a wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WALL
RT SKIRTING BOARD

POINTED ARCH

SN An arch produced by two curves, usually each with a radius equal to the span, which meet at a point.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH
NT DROP ARCH
LANCET ARCH
OGEE ARCH

POLICE CELL

SN A room for temporary imprisonment and detention at a Police Station.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

PONCELET WATER TURBINE

SN An inward, radial flow reaction water turbine developed by Jean Victor Poncelet (1788-1867) in France in 1826.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATER TURBINE

PONCELET WATERWHEEL

SN An undershot water wheel, developed by General Jean Victor Poncelet (1788-1867) in France, which improved efficiency through the replacement of flat, wooden paddles with curved, metal vanes.
CL MACHINERY
BT UNDERSHOT WHEEL

PORCH

SN An interior or projecting shelter surrounding an entrance to a building.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
NT PORTE COCHERE
PORTICO

PORTAL FRAME

SN A frame to a structure formed by precast concrete beams placed in pairs.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PORTCULLIS

SN A large, movable barrier, usually an iron or wooden grating with pointed bars along its bottom edge, with its sides set in vertical grooves above a castle's gateway enabling it to be dropped to bar entry.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT GATE

PORTE COCHERE

SN A porch which is sufficiently large enough to allow a vehicle beneath it.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT PORCH
RT CARRIAGE ENTRANCE

PORTERS ROOM

SN Room within a building or complex used by a porter.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

PORTICO

SN A porch with columns and pediments.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT PORCH

POST

SN A substantial vertical member, usually a component of a main framework.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT CROWN POST
DOOR POST
HAMMER POST
KING POST
NEWEL POST
QUEEN POST
WALL POST

POST AND RAFTER TRUSS

SN A truss comprising principal rafters and wall-posts secured by knee-braces or sling-braces, but lacking tiebeams.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

Post And Truss Frame

USE **BOX FRAME**

POST HOLE

SN A hole occupied by a timber post or the void remaining after its removal, usually with packing.
CL IMPLIED FEATURE
NT POST PIPE

POST PAD

SN A pad on which a post rests to support part of a structure.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

POST PIPE

SN The space occupied by or left where a post has been.
CL IMPLIED FEATURE
BT POST HOLE

POST ROOM

SN A room where letters and parcels are sorted prior to dispatch
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

POWDERING ROOM

SN A small room off a bedroom, usually in eighteenth century houses, in which a person would have their wig powdered.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

POWER LOOM

SN A power driven cloth-weaving machine.
CL MACHINERY
BT LOOM

PRESBYTERY

SN A part of the chancel of a church where the altar

is situated.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

Presence Chamber

USE **AUDIENCE CHAMBER**

PRIESTS DOOR

SN A priest's private entrance into a church, usually found on the south side of the chancel.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOOR

PRIESTS HOLE

UF Dean Hole
SN A concealed passage or room for the purpose of hiding and protecting a (Roman Catholic) priest during times of religious persecution.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

PRINCIPAL

SN A structural member that supports a purlin. Use **PRINCIPAL RAFTER** where the principal is also a common rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT DIMINISHED PRINCIPAL
KNEE PRINCIPAL
PRINCIPAL WITH CURVED FEET

PRINCIPAL RAFTER

SN A structural member that supports a purlin and is also a common rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RAFTER
NT ANGLE RAFTER
KERB PRINCIPAL

PRINCIPAL RAFTER ROOF

SN A roof made up of common and principal rafters.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

PRINCIPAL RAFTER TRUSS

SN A pair of principal rafters with a tiebeam, usually with a collar.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

PRINCIPAL WITH CURVED FEET

SN A principal with a curved lower end that continues down the wall for a short distance.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PRINCIPAL

PRISON CELL

SN A room for detention and imprisonment within a prison.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

PRIVATE ROOM

SN A room for personal rather than public use.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT RETIREMENT ROOM
NT BOWER

PRIVY

SN A latrine.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WASHING ROOM
NT REREDORTER

PRIVY CHAMBER

SN A private chamber usually in a Royal residence.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

PROBATIONARY WARD

SN A ward for receiving new paupers upon entry to a workhouse. They had to remain there until checked by medical officer.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WARD

PROSCENIUM ARCH

SN An arch associated with the portion of the stage between the curtain and the orchestra.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

PROTHESIS

SN A room in a church to receive the congregation's offerings.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

PROTOMA CAPITAL

SN A capital with a half figure projecting from each corner
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL

PULPIT

SN A raised structure from which a priest can preach.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

PULPITUM

SN A stone screen, usually found in a monastic or collegiate church, that separates the choir from the nave.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SCREEN

PULVINATED FRIEZE

SN A frieze that has a convex section.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FRIEZE

PUMP

SN A power driven machine or device for raising a liquid or forcing it along a pipe, or for compressing a gas.
CL MACHINERY
NT AIR PUMP
CHAIN PUMP
DUPLEX PUMP
STEAM PUMP
WATER PUMP

PURLIN

SN A horizontal timber set in the plane of a roof's slope and supporting common rafters.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT COLLAR PURLIN
TENONED PURLIN
THROUGH PURLIN

Put Log Hole

USE **PUTLOG HOLE**

PUTLOG HOLE

UF Put Log Hole

SN A hole in a wall in which cross timbers, known as putlogs, were placed to allow scaffolding to be erected. Putlog holes are often left unfilled and are often the only evidence for the use of scaffolding.

CL **IMPLIED FEATURE**

Quadrangle Plan

USE **COURTYARD PLAN**

QUADRIPARTITE VAULT

SN A vault where the bay is divided by diagonal and transverse ribs into four cells or webs.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

BT **RIBBED VAULT**

QUARRY

SN A small square or lozenge-shaped pane of glass as used in a leaded light.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

RT **WINDOW**

QUARRY HOIST

SN A piece of machinery for lifting stone, or containers loaded with stone, from a quarry.

CL **MACHINERY**

BT **CRANE**

QUARTER BAR

SN A diagonal brace running from an end of a cross tree to the vertical post to support this.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

RT **CROSS TREE**

QUATREFOIL PLAN

SN A plan with four foils radiating out from a central point.

CL **PLANS AND DIVISIONS**

BT **STRUCTURAL PLAN**

QUATREFOIL WINDOW

SN A window either in the shape of a four leaf clover or circular with four foils enclosed.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

BT **WINDOW**

QUAY CRANE

SN A crane usually found at a marine or inland quay.

CL **MACHINERY**

BT **CRANE**

NT **FIXED QUAY CRANE**

MOVING QUAY CRANE

QUEEN POST

SN One of a pair of posts, placed symmetrically on a tie beam, supporting a collar purlin or plate.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

BT **POST**

QUEEN POST TRUSS

SN A truss with paired vertical posts set on the tie-beam and supporting collar purlins or plates.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

BT **TRUSS**

QUEEN STRUT

SN A strut which is part of a pair which support the collar and are supported by the tiebeam.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

BT **STRUT**

QUOIN

UF Angle Stone

Coien

Coign

Coin

Coyne

SN A stone or brick used on a corner to reinforce it and also as decoration.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

NT **CLAPPING QUOIN**

LONG AND SHORT WORK

RADIATING CHAPEL

SN One of a series of chapels which project symmetrically from an apse or ambulatory at the east end of a church.

CL **AREAS AND SPACES**

BT **CHAPEL**

RAFTER

SN An inclined member used to support laths under a roof covering. Normally one of a pair.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

NT **AUXILIARY RAFTER**

COMMON RAFTER

COMPOUND RAFTER

HIP RAFTER

JACK RAFTER

PRINCIPAL RAFTER

VALLEY RAFTER

VERGE RAFTER

RAFTER BRACE

SN A timber running obliquely across a series of common rafters.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

BT **BRACE**

Rag And Chain Pump

USE **CHAIN PUMP**

RAIL

SN A horizontal member of a wall frame between posts or studs, also the horizontal member in panelling, a panelled door or a window.

CL **STRUCTURAL COMPONENT**

RAILING

UF Handrail

SN A barrier consisting of a horizontal rail supported by uprights.

CL **FIXTURES AND FITTINGS**

RAILWAY INCLINED PLANE

SN A slope, usually with rails, along which a vehicle can be moved between two relatively flat stretches of railway.

CL **MACHINERY**

BT **INCLINED PLANE**

RAILWAY LIFT

SN An elevator used to raise locomotives.
CL MACHINERY

RAILWAY SIGNAL

SN A signal usually mounted on a gantry, be it mechanical or electronic, to provide guidance to traindrivers on access to sections of track.
CL MACHINERY

RAILWAY TURNTABLE

SN A rotating circular platform operated by machinery to turn a steam locomotive around.
CL MACHINERY

RAINWATER HEAD

SN A small tank or cistern, often lead or cast-iron and sometimes ornamented, that collects rainwater from a gutter or channel prior to it being discharged.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RAINWATER PIPE

UF Down pipe
SN An exterior, vertical pipe that carries rainwater from a roof's guttering, usually to a drain.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PIPE
RT GUTTER

RAISED CRUCK

SN A cruck which is set in solid masonry above floor level but stretching a long way down the wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CRUCK

RAKING CORNICE

SN A cornice along the sloping edge of a pediment or gable.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CORNICE

RAKING STRUT

SN One of a pair of straight or curved members set at an angle on the tie-beam and framed into a principal rafter, often supporting a purlin.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STRUT

RAMPART

SN A protective earthen mound.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

REACTION TURBINE

SN A prime mover which is rotated by the reaction from forcing a moving fluid to change direction.
CL MACHINERY
BT TURBINE

READING ROOM

SN A room set aside for the purpose of reading, such as in a library or a club.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT RECREATION ROOM
STUDY
RT LIBRARY

REBATE

SN A rectangular recess along the edge of a timber to receive a shutter, door or window.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

REBUS

SN A decorative feature, or non-heraldic badge, representing the name of a person connected with a building, often in the form of a graphic pun on the name.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

RECEIVING BLOCK

SN Series of rooms in a workhouse, prison or hospital, often including porter's lodge, baths, clothes store, washrooms, casual cells, rooms etc, for receiving inmates/patients. Use term in Monument Type Thesaurus if it is a freestanding building.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

RECEPTION ROOM

SN A room in a house, hotel, business premises etc. where guests or visitors are received.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

RECREATION ROOM

SN A room intended for the pursuit of recreational activities.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT FITNESS SUITE
GAMESROOM
GYMNASIUM
MUSIC ROOM
PALAESTRA
PLAY ROOM
READING ROOM
SAUNA
SMOKING ROOM

RECTANGULAR PLAN

SN A plan in which a four-sided figure has all its angles at right angles and its opposite sides equal and parallel.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

REFECTORY

UF Frater
SN A dining hall, usually in a monastery or college.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT DINING ROOM

RELIC CHAMBER

SN A room within a church or cathedral in which holy relics were kept.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

RELIEVING ARCH

UF Discharging Arch
SN An arch built into a wall above another arch or lintel to relieve it of some of the weight of the structure above.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

RELIGIOUS ELEMENTS

SN Components within a religious, ritual or funerary site directly connected to the sacred practices

involved at the site.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
NT ARK
BIMAH

REREDORTER

SN A latrine, or privy, situated at the rear of a monastery dormitory.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PRIVY

REREDOS

SN A decorated screen behind an altar.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SCREEN

RESPOND

SN A half-pier, corbel or other architectural element, usually situated at the end of an arcade, attached to a wall to support an arch.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Ressant

USE **OGEE**

RETABLE

SN A shelf that is behind an altar.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

RETIREMENT ROOM

SN A room used for sleeping or resting in. Use more specific term.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT BEDROOM
BOUDOIR
DORMITORY
PRIVATE ROOM

RETROCHOIR

UF Back Choir
SN The space between the high altar and the east wall or chapel in a large church, and often the area west of a Monks' choir.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

REUSED VESSEL COMPONENT

SN Any structural component, usually of wood, which is believed to have derived from a vessel. Double index with the appropriate type of structural component eg. BEAM or if known the original term from the MARITIME FIXTURES AND FITTINGS thesaurus.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

REVETMENT

SN A thin masonry facing or cladding employed to conceal the surface or structure behind it.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Rhenish Helm

USE **HELM ROOF**

RIB

SN A moulding on a flat or vaulted ceiling, suggesting a structure or forming a pattern derived from vaulting..
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT ANGLE RIB
LIERNE
TIERCERON
TRANSVERSE RIB
WALL RIB

RIBBED VAULT

SN A vault with a ceiling or undersurface subdivided by ribs into bays or webs.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT VAULT
NT FAN VAULT
QUADRIPARTITE VAULT
SEXPARTITE VAULT

RIDGE PIECE

SN The horizontal timber running the length of a roof and positioned at its apex.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

RING CRYPT

SN A semicircular crypt below the apse of a church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT CRYPT

RING GROOVE

SN A gully in the form of a circle for holding vertical posts in the walls of iron age round houses.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RINGING CHAMBER

SN A stage in a church tower where bell ringers stand.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
RT BELL TOWER

RISER

SN The vertical face of a step.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STEPS
RT STAIRCASE
TREAD

RIVER INTAKE GAUGE

SN A gauge for measuring the volume of water flowing from a river to machinery using the water for motive power??
CL MACHINERY

ROLL MOULDING

SN A plain moulding of semi-circular section.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

ROLLER MILL

SN A flour milling machine which uses horizontal steel rollers and dressing machines – sieves and purifiers – to gradually reduce wheat grains into constituent parts or 'streams' which millers call a 'gradual reduction' process.
CL MACHINERY
BT FLOUR MILL

ROOD BEAM

SN A beam often situated above, and spanning the width of, the west end of a chancel and supporting a cross or crucifix.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

ROOD LOFT

SN A loft or gallery supported on a covered, vaulted structure and projecting over the rood screen proper, occasionally used by minstrels or singers.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

ROOD SCREEN

UF Chancel Screen

SN A timber screen, often richly decorated, placed in front of a chancel to support a rood loft.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT SCREEN

ROOF

SN The exterior upper covering, and its supporting structure, of a building.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT BOWSTRING ROOF

COMMON RAFTER ROOF

COUPLED ROOF

EAVE

FLAT ROOF

GABLED ROOF

HALF HIPPED ROOF

HAMMERBEAM ROOF

HELM ROOF

HIPPED ROOF

MANSARD ROOF

NORTH LIGHT ROOF

PENT ROOF

PRINCIPAL RAFTER ROOF

RIDGE PIECE

THATCHED ROOF

WAGON ROOF

Roof Boss

USE **BOSS**

ROOM

UF Camera (Generic)
Chamber

SN An enclosed compartment within a building intended for a purpose other than as a thoroughfare.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

NT ADYTUM

ALMONRY

ANCHORAGE

ANTEHALL

ANTEROOM

APARTMENT

APODYTERIUM

ARTISTS STUDIO

AUDITORIUM

BALLROOM

BANKING HALL

BAR ROOM

BELFRY

BLEEDING ROOM

BOILER ROOM

BOX OFFICE

BURSARY

CABINET

CALDARIUM

CAMERA (SUITE)

CASEMATE

CELL

CHANGING ROOM

CHINESE ROOM

CLOAKROOM

CONFESSIO

CONTROL ROOM

CRYPT

DINING ROOM

DRESSING ROOM

DUNGEON

FIRST AID ROOM

FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

FRIGIDIARIUM

FUMIGATORY

FUNCTION ROOM

GALLERY (SECULAR)

GREAT CHAMBER

GRINDING ROOM

GUARD CHAMBER

HALL (COMMUNAL)

INFIRMARY

KEEPING ROOM

KNIGHTS CHAMBER

LABORATORY

LAUNDRY ROOM

LIBRARY

LOBBY

MASTERS ROOM

MEETING ROOM

NOVICES ROOM

NURSERY

OFFICE

ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER

PALLET CHAMBER

PHOTOGRAPHIC DARKROOM

POLICE CELL

PORTERS ROOM

POST ROOM

POWDERING ROOM

PRIESTS HOLE

PRISON CELL

PRIVY CHAMBER

PROTHESIS

RECEPTION ROOM

RECREATION ROOM

RELIC CHAMBER

RETIREMENT ROOM

SACRISTY

SALON

SCHOOLROOM

SCULLERY

SERVANTS HALL

SERVANTS QUARTERS

SERVICE ROOM

SOLAR

STAIRCASE HALL

STATE APARTMENT

STEWARDS ROOM

STOREROOM

STUDY

TEPIDARIUM

THRONE ROOM

UTILITY ROOM

VESTRY

WAITING ROOM
WASHING ROOM
WORK ROOM
RT CHAMBER BLOCK

ROSE WINDOW

SN A circular window containing tracery.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

ROSETTE

SN A circular stylised ornament, essentially a patera with floral enrichment, associated with classical architecture and occurring on the soffits of coffers, and as the fleuron of the Corinthian abacus.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

ROTATIVE BEAM ENGINE

SN An engine in which the oscillating motion of the beam is translated via gearing to a rotative motion.
CL MACHINERY
BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE
NT HESLOP STEAM ENGINE
TANK BED ENGINE

ROTATIVE STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine which produces rotary motion.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

SACK HOIST

UF Bag Hoist
SN A mechanism, either automated or consisting of wheels and pulleys, that raises sacks of grain on ropes or chains from one floor of a mill to another, usually through one or a series of trap doors.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
CL MACHINERY

SACRISTY

UF Diaconicon
SN A room in a church where vestments and sacred vessels are stored.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

SADDLE

SN A short timber set on top of two cruck blades.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SADDLE BAR

SN A horizontal iron bar set in a window opening to which a leaded light is fixed.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT CAME
STANCHION
WINDOW

SADDLE JOINT

SN A thin timber, usually sloping on both sides, fixed to the floor between the jambs of a doorway.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT
RT THRESHOLD

Saddle Stone

USE **APEX STONE**

SAIL

SN A device, usually wooden, or fabric on a timber frame, designed to catch, and be driven by, the wind in order to power a windmill. For maritime uses see the Thesaurus of Maritime Archaeology.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Sail Back

USE **WHIP**

Sales Counter

USE **COUNTER**

Salomonic Column

USE **SPIRAL COLUMN**

SALON

UF Salone
Saloon
SN A large, high-ceilinged room, usually in a great house or palace, serving as a principal reception room; also a room used by the public for a specific purpose; or a drawing room in a house.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

Salone

USE **SALON**

Saloon

USE **SALON**

SALT PAN

SN A large shallow pan, usually metal, in which seawater or brine is evaporated for the extraction of salt. The name is also often applied to the exterior pits or ponds used for the same purpose (see Thesaurus of Monument Types).
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SANCTUARY

SN The part of the chancel, between the altar rail and the eastern wall, containing the high altar.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

Sanctus Bell Cote

USE **BELLCOTE**

SASH WINDOW

SN A window with a frame for holding the glass, capable of being raised and lowered in vertical grooves.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

SATELLITE DISH

SN A device for receiving and sending radio-transmitted signals into the atmosphere.
CL MACHINERY

SAUNA

SN A room, usually lined with wood panels, that is heated to a hot and steamy temperature using a small stove and intended to be used for relaxation

and therapeutic purposes.

- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM

SAVERY ENGINE

- SN An elementary steam engine working on the atmospheric principle; often used downstream of an overshot water wheel.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

SAW TOOTH TRUSS

- SN A roof truss used for small spans with a saw-tooth overall shape braced by vertical and diagonal members.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

SCALLOPED CAPITAL

- SN A type of cushion capital with the lunette on each face cut into a series of truncated cones to form a scallop shell-like decoration.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CUSHION CAPITAL

SCALLOPED MOULDING

- SN An ornamental moulding whose curved, segmented form resembles that of a scallop shell.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

SCARF JOINT

- SN A joint between two timbers meeting end to end.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

School Room

- USE **SCHOOLROOM**

SCHOOLROOM

- UF School Room
- SN A room within a school, private house or institution used for lessons.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT CLASSROOM

SCISSOR BRACED TRUSS

- SN A truss with braces crossing and fixed to each other, thus tying a pair of rafters together.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

SCISSOR BRACES

- SN One of a pair of crossing braces halved or lapped across each other, tying a pair of rafters together.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACE

SCONCE

- SN A type of light fixture affixed to a wall in such a way that it uses only the wall for support, and the light is usually directed upwards.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

SCOOP WHEEL

- SN A wheel, usually steam driven, used for raising water by means of buckets attached to its

circumference.

- CL MACHINERY

SCOTCH

- SN A housing, normally of triangular section, in a post to take the end of a prop, to hold the post upright during construction.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SCOTCH CRANK ENGINE

- SN A compact design of engine in which a connecting rod is dispensed with, giving a short baseplate.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE

SCOTIA

- SN A deeply concaved moulding, with a projecting lower edge, that sits at the base of a column between two torus mouldings.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

SCREEN

- SN A vertical partition used to separate one area from another.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ALTAR SCREEN
- CHOIR SCREEN
- ICONOSTASIS
- PARCLOSE
- PULPITUM
- REREDOS
- ROOD SCREEN

SCREENS PASSAGE

- SN A passage that runs axially across the end of a hall with a screen between it and the hall and doorways to service rooms on the other side.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE

SCRIBED JOINT

- SN A joint in which the end of one timber is shaped to fit around the moulding on another.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SCRIBED MITRE

- SN The junction of two timbers at right angles, with chamfers or mouldings meeting on a diagonal line, where one timber is cut to fit around the chamfer or moulding of the other timber.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SCULLERY

- UF Ewery
- SN A room, or part of a kitchen, for the cleaning and storage of kitchen utensils.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT KITCHEN

SCULPTURE

- SN A figurative or abstract design in the round or in relief and can be of various materials. For freestanding sculptures see also Monument Types Thesaurus.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT CALVARY

SCUTCHING MACHINE

SN A machine for cleansing flax, hemp or cotton and forming the fibres into a continuous wide lap or sheet in preparation for carding.
CL MACHINERY

SEA POOL

SN Man made structure to contain tidal waters, often part of a LIDO, bathing or swimming complex at the sea edge.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT SWIMMING POOL
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
BT SWIMMING POOL

SEAT

SN A fixed object to sit upon. Use narrower terms where known.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
NT MISERICORD
PEW
SEDILIA
STALL

SECONDARY RAFTER

SN The inner rafter of a compound rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COMPOUND RAFTER

SECONDARY TRUSS

UF Intermediate Truss
SN A truss of slighter construction between principal trusses in an elaborate roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

SECRET BRIDLE JOINT

SN A bridle joint which is invisible from all sides of the timber.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

SECRET NOTCHED LAP JOINT

SN A joint with a notch cut into its invisible inner face.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT NOTCHED LAP JOINT

SEDILIA

SN Set of three seats for the clergy found in the chancel
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
BT SEAT

SEGMENTAL ARCH

SN An arch made up of part of a circle, the centre of which is below its springing line.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

Serliana

USE **VENETIAN WINDOW**

SERVANTS HALL

SN A room for servants, particularly where they would eat.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

SERVANTS QUARTERS

SN The part of a house frequented by servants when not performing their duties.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

SERVICE BLOCK

SN An area of a building or complex specifically housing the kitchens, sculleries and services.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

SERVICE PASSAGE

SN A passage providing access to utility services or a larger tunnel for the purposes of monitoring and maintenance. May also provide be used as an evacuation route.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PASSAGE

SERVICE ROOM

SN A room usually set aside for the provision of materials used in a household.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

SERVICE STAIRCASE

SN A staircase normally used by servants and tradesmen.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT STAIRCASE

SERVICE WING

SN A wing of a house used specifically for the storage of household materials and victuals.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT WING

SETBACK BUTTRESS

SN A buttress that is set slightly away from a corner. Usually one of a pair.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS

SEXFOIL PLAN

SN A decorative pattern, as used in tracery or a Gothic arch, featuring six lobes, or foils, separated by cusps.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

SEXPARTITE VAULT

SN A vault whose bay is divided by diagonal and transverse ribs into six compartments or cells.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIBBED VAULT

SHAFT

SN The part of a column between the capital and the base.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT SHAFT RING

SHAFT RING

SN A moulded ring around a shaft.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SHAFT

SHAPING MACHINE

- SN A machine tool for producing flat surfaces and slots on small work pieces by cutting away surplus material.
- CL MACHINERY
- RT SLOTTING MACHINE

SHEELA NA GIG

- UF Sheila Na Gig
- SN A carved stone female figure often found on castles and churches.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT HUMAN FIGURE

Sheep Creep

- USE **CREEP**

Sheila Na Gig

- USE **SHEELA NA GIG**

SHELF

- SN A flat, horizontal piece of timber or masonry projecting from or recessed into a wall to hold objects.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SHELL HOOD

- SN A shell-shaped moulded hood over an exterior opening, such as a doorway.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT DRIPSTONE

SHINGLE

- SN A thin wooden slab or tile used in quantity as a roof or wall covering.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SHOE

- SN An inclined wooden trough which channels grain evenly from the feed hopper into the eye of the stones in a corn mill.
- CL MACHINERY
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SHOULDERED ARCH

- SN A flat arch or lintel with quadrants on the corbels rising from the jambs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

Shovelboard Parlour

- USE **GAMESROOM**

SHRINE

- SN A ferret or repository for relics or any building containing such a repository, or any place or structure where worship is offered or devotions are paid to a saint or deity.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- NT AEDICULE (SHRINE)

SHUTTER

- SN A hinged, sliding or rolling door placed over a window's exterior or interior.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SIDE LEVER ENGINE

- SN A design of beam steam engine introduced circa 1800 in which, instead of a single overhead rocking beam, there are two beams positioned alongside the cylinder, one either side, giving a lower overall height.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE

SIDE WALL FIREPLACE PLAN

- SN A building plan in which the principal fireplace is positioned on the side wall.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

SIFTER

- UF Bolter Dresser
- SN A mechanical device, used in a corn mill, that sieves and grades flour or meal and separates oversized particles.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT WIRE MACHINE

SIGN

- SN A panel, board or device bearing an inscription, symbol or image, usually describing a function, name, location, instruction, or otherwise distinguishing the object or structure on which it is placed.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

SILL

- UF Cill
- SN The horizontal piece of timber or stone forming the bottom of a window, doorway or other opening, usually and properly designed to throw off water.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SILL BEAM

- SN A horizontal timber positioned at the bottom of a framed wall into which posts and studs are tenoned.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SILL PLATE

- SN A horizontal timber usually at the bottom of a timber framed wall into which posts and studs are tenoned.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PLATE

SIMS COMPOUND ENGINE

- SN A form of tandem compounding of early beam engines, with a high pressure steam cylinder mounted on top of a low pressure one, introduced in Cornwall the 1840s by James Sims.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE

SINGLE CELL PLAN

- SN A simple, one-roomed structural plan.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Site Layer

- USE **LAYER**

SITTING ROOM

- SN Originally a room in a house where a family would gather, usually in the evening, to sit and read, write, sew, play music etc. This term has become commonly used as an alternative to living room.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT LIVING ROOM
- NT SUN LOUNGE

SKEW ARCH

- SN An arch with jambs that do not stand at an angle of ninety degrees to its face.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

SKIRTING BOARD

- SN A narrow timber board or moulding lining the base of an interior wall as a finish between it and the floor.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT PLINTH (WALL)

SKYLIGHT

- SN A glazed opening in a roof or ceiling.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SLASHER

- SN A machine for applying protective size to yarn intended for warp
- CL MACHINERY

SLATE HANGING

- SN A wall cladding consisting of slates hung in overlapping rows.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CLADDING

SLEEPER WALL

- SN A wall, usually perforated to allow free passage of air, supporting the ground-floor joists of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SLING BRACE

- SN A brace, running from a post to a principal, stiffening an interrupted tiebeam.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACE

SLIP TENON JOINT

- SN A joint with a loose tenon morticed into two touching pieces of timber
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SLOTING MACHINE

- SN A machine tool similar in general appearance to a shaping machine but in which the head or ram carrying the cutting tool moves in a vertical plane.
- CL MACHINERY
- RT SHAPING MACHINE

SLUBBING FRAME

- SN A machine for further attenuating a sliver of cotton after it has been through a draw frame.
- CL MACHINERY

SLUICE

- SN A gate or valve that controls the flow of water from a reservoir, harbour, etc..
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Slupe

- USE **COVERED WAY**

SMOKE BAY

- SN A bay in a two storeyed house open to the roof to allow smoke to escape.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT BAY

SMOKE HOOD

- SN A framed fireplace hood built on a breast and extending from one outer wall to the other or to a spere.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SMOKING ROOM

- SN A room set aside within a club, hotel, large residence etc. for the benefit of guests or individuals who wish to smoke.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM

SMUTTER

- SN A cleansing or separating machine used in a corn mill for removing smut from grain before it is ground.
- CL MACHINERY

SOFFIT

- SN The under surface of an arch, lintel or projecting architectural feature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SOLAR

- SN A first-floor chamber, often serving as a parlour, bedchamber or private room, in a medieval house. Also a loft, rood-loft or garret.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT CHAMBER BLOCK

SOLE PIECE

- SN A horizontal member supporting the posts in a timber framed structure.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SOLE PLATE

- SN A short timber set across the top of a wall to take the foot of a rafter and an ashlar piece.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PLATE

SOULACE

- SN A straight brace from rafter to collar in a common rafter truss.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPA POOL

- SN Manmade structure that contains water that is heated to a high temperature and sometimes has bubbling air jets. Meant to be used for therapeutic purposes.

- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

SPANDREL

- SN The quasi-triangular area between, and defined by, the upper sections of a pair of adjacent arches, or between the curve of an arch and the angle of a surrounding frame or structure.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT HOLLOW SPANDREL
PENDENTIVE

SPANDREL STRUT

- SN A short timber set diagonally in the spandrel of an arch brace, between the brace and the corner of the main frame.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT A STRUT

SPEEDFRAME

- SN A general name given to a series of machines which successively reduce the diameter of rovings before the final spinning into yarn.
- CL MACHINERY

SPERE

- SN A screen, with a wide central opening, or multiple narrower openings, spanning the lower end of a medieval hall, screening the cross entry and defining the screen, or cross, passage.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPERE TRUSS

- SN The structure across the lower end of a medieval hall containing the spere, its supporting posts and tie-beam.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

SPIDER

- SN A four-armed metal coupling, positioned at the centre of a windmill's sails, connected to the front of the striking rod and the shutter bars of all the sails, causing the shutters to open and close.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPINNING MACHINE

- SN A machine used for drawing out and twisting together short fibres to make a yarn or thread. Use more specific term where known.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT JENNY
MULE
WATER FRAME

SPIRAL COLUMN

- UF Salomonic Column
Twisted Column
- SN A column whose shaft is sculpted to give it a contorted or twisted appearance, sometimes referred to as a barley-sugar column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

SPIRAL FLUTING

- SN A decorative feature, usually Norman, in which fluting takes a spiral rather than vertical form.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

SPIRAL STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase, circular in plan, that winds around a central newel.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

SPIRE

- SN A tall, circular, polygonal or square structure rising from a roof, tower, turret etc., tapering to a slender point.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BROACH SPIRE
FLECHE
NEEDLE SPIRE
SPIRELET

SPIRELET

- SN A small form of spire.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SPIRE

SPLAYED AND TABLED SCARF JOINT

- SN A joint which has a splay interrupted by a step
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SPLAYED ARCH

- SN An arch which has a larger radius on the front face of a wall than on the back.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

SPLAYED SCARF JOINT

- SN A joint with each timber ending in a cut slanted across its length.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SPLIT BALUSTER

- UF Engaged Baluster
- SN A half or whole baluster applied to a wall or pedestal, thus described as engaged.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BALUSTER

SPRINGER

- UF Tas De Charge
- SN The point or block from which an arch or vault starts. The block generally has a horizontal base and sloped top.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPROCKET

- SN A triangular or wedge-shaped timber cocking-piece attached to the upper face of a rafter near its foot in order to reduce the slope above the eaves. Such eaves are referred to as being sprocketed.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPUR

- SN A short timber connecting a cruck blade to a wall above the point at which the blade diverges from it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPUR WHEEL

- SN A large gear wheel which, together with a smaller gear called a pinion, connects two parallel

shafts and, in a corn mill, drives the stone nuts.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SQUINCH

SN One or more arches built across an angle between two walls to support a polygonal or circular structure.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ARCH

SQUINT

UF Hagioscope

SN An aperture cut obliquely in a wall, usually of a chancel, affording a view between the high altar and the aisles or side chapels.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STADDLE STONE

SN A short, tapered, vertical stone supporting a rough stone disc so resembling a toadstool, often forming one of several uprights on which a timber structure, such as a granary rests, protecting the building from damp and vermin.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STAGE

SN A raised platform, especially in a theatre or auditorium, for the use of performers or speakers etc.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STAINED GLASS

SN Glass that has been coloured by fusing glass with a metallic oxide film or by burning pigment into the surface.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STAIR TOWER

SN A tower, normally forming part of a larger structure, housing a staircase.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT TOWER

STAIR TURRET

SN A small or subordinate tower, normally forming part of a larger structure, housing a spiral or winding stair.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT TURRET

STAIRCASE

UF Stairway

SN A flight of steps leading from one level to another.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

NT BACK STAIRCASE
 DOGLEG STAIRCASE
 ESCALATOR
 EXTERNAL STAIRCASE
 IMPERIAL STAIRCASE
 NEWEL POST
 NEWEL STAIRCASE
 NIGHT STAIR
 OPEN WELL STAIRCASE
 SERVICE STAIRCASE
 SPIRAL STAIRCASE
 WINDER STAIRCASE

RT LANDING

RISER

STAIRCASE HALL

SN A room which contains, wholly or partly, a staircase.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

Stairway

USE **STAIRCASE**

STAKE HOLE

SN A small hole filled or vacated by a stake, normally driven into the ground.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STALL

SN A fixed seat, often enclosed, usually found within an ecclesiastical building and frequently arranged in series to accommodate a congregation, choir or clergy.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

BT SEAT

STAMPS

SN A series of water or engine-driven crushing machines used in ore dressing.

CL MACHINERY

STANCHION

SN A vertical iron bar fixed within a window opening to support a leaded light.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RT CAME
 SADDLE BAR
 WINDOW

STATE APARTMENT

SN A room or group of rooms usually reserved for use by the monarchy or government.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine working at a fixed location.

CL MACHINERY

BT STEAM ENGINE

STEAM CRANE

SN A crane deriving its power from steam generated from solid fuels.

CL MACHINERY

BT CRANE

STEAM ENGINE

SN A power source deriving its energy from solid fuel, which is used to boil water in an almost closed vessel, producing steam which moves one or more pistons in tight fitting cylinders, the energy being transmitted by a piston rod to a diversity of devices

CL MACHINERY

BT ENGINE

NT A FRAME STEAM ENGINE
 ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE
 BEAM STEAM ENGINE
 BULL ENGINE
 CONDENSING STEAM ENGINE
 CONTRA FLOW STEAM ENGINE

HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE
 INVERTED VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE
 MINE HAULAGE STEAM ENGINE
 NON CONDENSING STEAM ENGINE
 NON DEAD CENTRE STEAM ENGINE
 OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINE
 ROTATIVE STEAM ENGINE
 SAVERY ENGINE
 STATIONARY STEAM ENGINE
 STEEPLE ENGINE
 TABLE ENGINE
 TANDDEM COMPOUND
 TRACTION STEAM ENGINE
 TRIPLE EXPANSION ENGINE
 TRUNK STEAM ENGINE
 UNIFLOW STEAM ENGINE
 VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE
 WATER RETURNING ENGINE

STEAM PUMP

SN A pump driven by steam power generated by solid fuels.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT PUMP

STEAM TURBINE

SN A steam motor in which rotary motion is produced by steam impinging directly upon a series of vanes upon the circumference of a revolving cylinder or disc.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT TURBINE
 NT COMBINED STEAM AND GAS TURBINE

STEAM WHIM

SN A steam-powered machine used for raising materials such as ore or water from a pit or shaft.
 CL MACHINERY

STEEPLE

SN A collective term embracing a church tower's entire structure, including its spire.
 CL BUILDING COMPONENT
 NT CROWN STEEPLE

STEEPLE ENGINE

SN A compact, free standing steam engine introduced circa 1810 and built mainly in small sizes.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT STEAM ENGINE

STEPS

SN A series of flat-topped structures, usually wooden or stone, on which a person places their feet when ascending or descending, facilitating movement from one level to another.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT RISER
 TREAD

Stewards Parlour

USE **STEWARDS ROOM**

STEWARDS ROOM

UF Stewards Parlour
 SN A room for higher-ranking servants.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

STIFF LEAF CAPITAL

SN A capital featuring stylised, often projecting, three-lobed leaves.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT CAPITAL

STILTED ARCH

SN An arch where vertical piers raise the springing line.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT ARCH

STOKEHOLE

SN The hole through which the fuel for a fire is put to start and maintain the fire.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STONE CARVING

SN An inscription or illustration carved into the surface of a stone wall or other architectural element.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

STONE MILL

SN A flour milling machine which uses one or more pairs of horizontal millstones to grind wheat into flour which millers call a 'sudden death' process; within not more than 90 seconds complete wheat grain becomes wholemeal flour.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT FLOUR MILL

STONE NUT

SN Pinion which engages with the spur wheel and drives the millstones in a corn mill.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STONEMASONRY

SN A structure, part of a structure or area consisting of plain masonry.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STOP

SN A projecting, sometimes decorated, finish to a moulding, chamfer, label, hood-mould or string-course.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STOP SPLAYED SCARF JOINT

SN A joint which has a splay with a short perpendicular section at each end.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT JOINT

STOPPED CHAMFER

SN A chamfer which does not extend the whole length of the surface it is ornamenting. The stop is the end of the feature and can be simple or ornamented.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT CHAMFER

STOREROOM

SN A room set aside for the storage of goods or valuables. Use more specific term where known.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

NT APOTHECA
 ARMOURY
 CELLAR
 CLOTHING STORE
 GUN ROOM
 HARNESS ROOM
 LUMBER ROOM
 TACK ROOM
 WARDROBE

STOREY

SN One of a building's horizontal divisions, being the space between two floors, or a floor and the roof structure.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
 NT ATTIC
 BASEMENT
 MEZZANINE

STOUP

SN A fixed basin, containing Holy Water, positioned near the entrance of a church, usually placed within a niche, on a wall or pier, or freestanding upon a pedestal.
 CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

STRAINER ARCH

SN An arch whose purpose is to arrest or prevent structural movement in a building.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT ARCH

STRAINER BEAM

SN A transverse timber in aisled construction, joining aisle posts below tiebeam level, to allow rearing of pairs of posts.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT BEAM

STRAP

SN An iron plate connecting two or more timbers together.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STRAPWORK

SN A decorative feature of wood, plaster or carved masonry, often used in low relief on ceilings, panels or screens and resembling interlacing leather straps. Popular in the late 16th and early 17th centuries.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

STRIKING GEAR

SN A mechanism within a windmill, attached to the striking rod, allowing the opening and closing of the shutters or vanes of patent sails.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 RT STRIKING ROD

STRIKING ROD

SN An iron bar or rod running through the core of a windmill's windshaft that causes the opening and shutting of the vanes on patent sails.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 RT STRIKING GEAR

STRING

SN A sloping timber in a staircase holding the ends of

treads and risers.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STRING COURSE

SN A horizontal, moulded band, usually projecting, running across a wall, often indicating the position of a building's interior floor.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT MOULDING
 RT LABEL STOP

STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SN A part of a building or structure that is an element of the construction.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT ABUTMENT
 AEDICULE (FRAME)
 AISLE
 ALCOVE
 ANCONE (CONSTRUCTION)
 ANCONE (STRUCTURAL)
 ANGLE BAR
 ANGLE STAFF
 APEX STONE
 APRON
 APSE
 ARCADE
 ARCH
 ARCHWAY
 ARRIS FILLET
 ASHLARING
 BALDACCHINO
 BALUSTRADE
 BAND (STRUCTURAL)
 BARGE BOARD
 BASE
 BATTEN
 BEAM
 BED NOOK
 BEETLE
 BELL FRAME
 BELLCOTE
 BLOCK
 BLOCKING COURSE
 BOLSTER
 BOSS
 BOX FRAME
 BRACKET
 BRAKE WHEEL
 BRICKWORK
 BRIDGE TREE
 BUTTRESS
 CAME
 CAP
 CAPITAL
 CAPSTONE
 CEILING
 CENTERING
 CHIMNEY
 CLADDING
 CLERESTORY
 COLLAR
 COLONNADE
 COLUMN
 COMPOUND PIER
 COPING
 CORBEL

CORBEL TABLE
CROSS TREE
CROWN TREE
CROWN WHEEL
CUPBOARD
CUTWATER
DAIS
DAIS CANOPY
DOME
DOOR
DOORCASE
DORMER
DRAW BAR
ENTABLATURE
FACADE
FAN CARRIAGE
FANTAIL
FASTENING
FIREPLACE
FIRING STEP
FLOOR
FLUE
FLUTING
FOUNDATION
FOUNDATION STONE
GABLE
GATE
GLAZING BAR
GRATING
GRILLE
GROIN
GULLY
GUN PORT
GUTTER
HAUNCH
HEAD RACE
HEARTH
HOPPER
HURST
JAMB
JETTY
JOIST
JOURNAL
KERB
KING PENDANT
KNEELER
LATH
LIGHT
LIGHTNING CONDUCTOR
LINTEL
LOOPHOLE
LOUVRE
LUCAM
MASON'S MARK
MEAL SPOUT
MILLSTONE
MULLION
MUNTIN
NECK
NICHE
NOGGING
ORTHOSTAT
OVERTHROW
PACKING PIECE
PAD
PADSTONE
PANEL

PARAPET
PEDESTAL
PEDIMENT
PEG
PENDANT
PENSTOCK
PENTHOUSE (SHELTER)
PERISTALITH
PIER
PILASTER
PILE
PILLAR
PILOTI
PIPE
PIT WHEEL
PLAQUE
PLATE
PORTAL FRAME
POST
POST PAD
PRINCIPAL
PURLIN
QUARRY
QUARTER BAR
QUOIN
RAFTER
RAIL
RAINWATER HEAD
RAMPART
REBATE
RESPOND
REUSED VESSEL COMPONENT
REVETMENT
RIB
RING GROOVE
ROOF
SACK HOIST
SADDLE
SADDLE BAR
SAIL
SALT PAN
SCOTCH
SCREEN
SHAFT
SHELF
SHINGLE
SHOE
SHUTTER
SILL
SILL BEAM
SKIRTING BOARD
SKYLIGHT
SLEEPER WALL
SLUICE
SMOKE HOOD
SOFFIT
SOLE PIECE
SOULACE
SPANDREL
SPERE
SPIDER
SPIRE
SPRINGER
SPROCKET
SPUR
SPUR WHEEL
SQUINT

STADDLE STONE
 STAGE
 STAINED GLASS
 STAKE HOLE
 STANCHION
 STEPS
 STOKEHOLE
 STONE NUT
 STONWORK
 STOP
 STRAP
 STRIKING GEAR
 STRIKING ROD
 STRING
 STRUT
 STUD
 TAIL POLE
 TAIL RACE
 TEMPLATE
 THRESHOLD
 TIE
 TILING
 TRANSOM
 TRIMMER
 TRUMEAU
 TRUSS
 TUN
 TYMPANUM
 UPRIGHT SHAFT
 VAULT
 VAULT SPRINGER
 VENT
 VOUSOIR
 WALKWAY
 WALL
 WALLOWER
 WATER SPOUT
 WATER TABLE
 WATERWHEEL SHAFT
 WEATHERBOARD
 WHIP
 WIND BRACE
 WINDOW
 WINDSHAFT
 YOKE

HEXAGONAL PLAN
 L SHAPE PLAN
 LOBBY ENTRY PLAN
 OCTAGONAL PLAN
 OPEN PLAN
 PANOPTICON PLAN
 PAVILION PLAN
 QUATREFOIL PLAN
 RECTANGULAR PLAN
 SEXFOIL PLAN
 SIDE WALL FIREPLACE PLAN
 SINGLE CELL PLAN
 SYMMETRICAL PLAN
 T SHAPE PLAN
 THREE ROOM PLAN
 THROUGH PASSAGE PLAN
 TREFOIL PLAN
 U SHAPE PLAN

STRUCTURAL PLAN

SN A plan form of a structure or building.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 NT AXIAL CHIMNEY PLAN
 BAFFLE ENTRY PLAN
 BASILICA PLAN
 BUTTERFLY PLAN
 CENTRAL FIREPLACE PLAN
 CENTRAL STAIRCASE PLAN
 CIRCULAR PLAN
 COURTYARD PLAN
 CRUCIFORM PLAN
 DIRECT ENTRY PLAN
 DOUBLE DEPTH PLAN
 DOUBLE PILE PLAN
 E SHAPE PLAN
 END HALL PLAN
 END LOBBY ENTRY PLAN
 GABLE ENTRY PLAN
 H SHAPE PLAN
 HALL AND CROSS WING PLAN
 HEARTH PASSAGE PLAN

STRUT

SN A member whose purpose is to keep two other members apart, so acting in a state of compression.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT A STRUT
 ANGLE STRUT
 CROWN STRUT
 KING STRUT
 QUEEN STRUT
 RAKING STRUT
 V STRUT

STUB TIEBEAM

SN A block in the position of a tiebeam.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT TIEBEAM

STUD

SN A subsidiary member, usually vertical, in a framed wall or partition.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT CLOSE STUDDING
 CRUCK STUD
 HERRINGBONE STUDDING

STUDED DOOR

SN A planked or battened door, with large nails or pegs with projecting heads keeping it intact.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT DOOR

STUDY

SN A room for private work, reading etc.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM
 NT READING ROOM

SUN LOUNGE

SN A sitting room fitted with large windows for the purpose of admitting the maximum amount of sunlight.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT SITTING ROOM

SUPERVISORY HUB

SN An area or wing of a hexagonal plan workhouse or prison from where the supervision of the inmates is carried out.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

SWIMMING POOL

SN Man made structure, usually sub-terranean, built to contain water for the purpose of immersion of people for sport and leisure.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
NT INDOOR SWIMMING POOL
LEARNER POOL
MENS POOL
OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL
SEA POOL
WOMENS POOL

SYMMETRICAL PLAN

SN A building plan in which the rooms are symmetrically placed.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

T SHAPE PLAN

SN A building or structural plan shaped like a T.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

TABERNACLE

SN A recess for holding the Holy Sacrament.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

TABLE ENGINE

SN A compact steam engine of moderate power in which the steam cylinder was placed vertically on a table with the crosshead and guides mounted immediately above.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

TACK ROOM

SN A room for storing and maintaining the equipment used in riding, eg saddles, bridles, reins etc.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT STOREROOM
RT HARNESS ROOM

TAIL POLE

SN A pole projecting to the rear of a post mill to allow the sails to be moved into the wind.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

TAIL RACE

SN A channel that returns water that has been used to turn a water wheel back to the river or source from which it came.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
CL MACHINERY
RT HEAD RACE

TANDEM COMPOUND

SN A horizontal, stationary steam engine with two cylinders in line, one behind the other, the steam passing through each cylinder in turn.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

TANK BED ENGINE

SN A small self-contained rotative Beam Steam

Engine.
CL MACHINERY
BT ROTATIVE BEAM ENGINE

Tas De Charge

USE **SPRINGER**

Tearoom

USE **DINING ROOM**

Telamone

USE **ATLANTIS**

TEMPLATE

SN A timber placed horizontally in a cob or stone wall to support the foot of a post or cruck blade.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT PADSTONE

TENIA

SN A small moulding on the top of the architrave in the Doric order.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

TENONED PURLIN

UF Butt Purlin
SN A purlin that is joined to a principal rafter by a tenon joint.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PURLIN

TEPIDARIUM

UF Warm Bath
SN The warm room in a Roman baths.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
RT CALDARIUM
FRIGIDARIUM
PALAESTRA

THATCHED ROOF

SN A roof featuring a covering of straw, reeds, rushes etc. used extensively during the medieval period but also popular in rural or rustic architecture.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

Therm

USE **DIOCLETIAN WINDOW**

Thermal Window

USE **DIOCLETIAN WINDOW**

THOMSON WATER TURBINE

SN An inward radial-flow reaction turbine developed by James Thomson.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATER TURBINE

THREADED PURLIN

SN A purlin that is threaded through a hole in the principal rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT THROUGH PURLIN

THREE CENTRED ARCH

SN A depressed arch formed around three arcs: two

struck from the springing line with one centrally placed arc struck from below it.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

THREE ROOM PLAN

SN A building plan consisting of three rooms placed in a straight row .

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

THRESHING MACHINE

SN A machine for beating out or separating grain from corn.

CL MACHINERY

THRESHOLD

SN A wooden, metal or stone strip attached to the floor between the door posts in a doorway covering the joint between two floor surfaces.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT SADDLE JOINT

THRONE ROOM

SN A room containing one or more thrones.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

THROSTLE FRAME

SN An improved water frame spinning machine which differed from the water frame in mechanical details, being larger and operating at a much faster speed.

CL MACHINERY
BT WATER FRAME

THROUGH PASSAGE PLAN

SN A building plan in which a passage crosses the axis of the building, often at one end of a hall, with an external door at each end.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

THROUGH PURLIN

SN A purlin that passes a principal rafter

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PURLIN
NT BACK PURLIN
CLASPED PURLIN
THREADED PURLIN
TRENCHED PURLIN

THROUGH TENON JOINT

SN A joint in which the tenon passes completely through the receiving timber.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

THROWING MACHINE

SN A machine used in the silk industry for applying the final twist to silk threads to make them suitable for weaving into a fabric.

CL MACHINERY

TIE

SN Any member that connects two bodies, such as the sloping sides of a roof, to prevent them pulling apart.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT TIEBEAM

TIEBEAM

SN A major horizontal timber spanning a roof space to connect a pair of principal rafters and prevent them spreading.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TIE
BEAM
NT DROPPED TIEBEAM
INTERRUPTED TIEBEAM
STUB TIEBEAM

TIERCERON

SN A secondary rib usually springing from the junction of two other ribs, or one that rises between a main diagonal and transverse rib, from the springing to the ridge rib.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIB

TILE HANGING

SN A vertical cladding consisting of tiles hung in overlapping rows.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CLADDING

TILING

SN An area or series of tiles applied, usually to an interior floor or wall's surface, for practical or decorative effect.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

TILT HAMMER

SN An early form of powered forging hammer, featuring a cast-iron hammer head fixed to a pivoted wooden arm, introduced circa 1500 and used primarily in the iron industry.

CL MACHINERY

TOILET

SN A room containing a toilet, water closet etc..

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WASHING ROOM

TOMB

SN A grave or sepulchre enclosed or covered by a memorial.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT
RT AMBITUS
EASTER SEPULCHRE

TORUS

SN A large, convex moulding, sometimes ornamented, set at the base of a column and above its plinth.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

TOWER

SN A tall structure of any form, high in proportion to its lateral dimensions, often rising in stages, freestanding or part of another building, often used in fortifications and churches.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT
NT ANGLE TOWER
BELL TOWER
CLOCK TOWER

CROSSING TOWER
FOREBUILDING
STAIR TOWER
TURRET

TRACERIED HEAD WINDOW

SN A window which has its head beam decorated with elements of tracery.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

TRACERY

SN An arrangement by which panels, screens, vaults or windows are divided into parts of different shapes or sizes by means of moulded stone bars or ribs, called form-pieces or forms in the Medieval period.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT CINQUEFOIL

TRACTION STEAM ENGINE

SN A small mobile steam engine.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

TRADING FLOOR

SN An open area within an exchange building (e.g. cotton exchange, corn exchange, stock exchange) where goods are traded.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

TRANSEPT

SN A large division of a building which lies across, and at right angles to, its main axis, such as the arms either side of the crossing in a cruciform church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
NT CROSS TRANSEPT
DWARF TRANSEPT

TRANSOM

SN A horizontal member dividing a window into two or more lights.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT MULLION

TRANSVERSE BEAM

SN A beam that runs the width of a building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

TRANSVERSE RIB

SN A rib which spans a vault passing from springer to springer at right angles to the axis of the vault.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIB

Transyte

USE **PASSAGE**

TRAPDOOR

SN A horizontal door within, and usually flush with surface of, a floor, ceiling or roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOOR

TRAVELLING CRANE

SN A crane, usually used in engineering workshops, that can be moved from place to place, often by means of rails.

CL MACHINERY
BT CRANE
NT TRAVELLING ROOF CRANE

TRAVELLING ROOF CRANE

SN A crane, usually used in engineering workshops that can be moved from place to place by means of overhead rails.
CL MACHINERY
BT TRAVELLING CRANE

TREAD

SN The horizontal surface of a step or stair.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STEPS
RT RISER

TREADMILL

UF Treadwheel
SN A large wheel, often of timber construction, rotated by the walking action of people or animals placed within it usually to provide a power source for another machine or device.
CL MACHINERY

TREADMILL CRANE

UF Treadwheel Crane
SN A crane operated by a treadmill turned by the walking action of men placed within it.
CL MACHINERY
BT CRANE

Treadwheel

USE **TREADMILL**

Treadwheel Crane

USE **TREADMILL CRANE**

TREFOIL PLAN

SN A plan featuring three foils or lobes radiating outwards from a central point.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

TREFOIL WINDOW

SN A window in the form of a three-leafed clover.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

TRENCHED PURLIN

SN A purlin that sits in a trench cut in the back of a principal rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT THROUGH PURLIN

TRIFORIUM

SN An arcaded upper aisle, wall passage or blind arcade, usually occurring in large Romanesque or Gothic churches, above the aisle and below the clerestory.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PASSAGE
RT BLIND ARCADE

TRIGLYPH

SN A grooved block placed in series, alternating with

the metopes, in a Doric frieze.

- CL ORDER
- BT DORIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FRIEZE

TRIMMER

- UF Trimmer Joist
- SN A short timber supporting end of joists or rafters to facilitate an opening, such as a door or dormer.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Trimmer Joist

USE **TRIMMER**

TRIPLE EXPANSION ENGINE

- SN A design of steam engine in which either three cylinders, in the case of vertical engines, or four cylinders on horizontal engines, permit steam to be expanded three times as it passes through the installation.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

TRUE MITRE

- SN The junction of two timbers at right angles which involves chamfers or mouldings meeting on a diagonal line and where the timbers meet on the 45 degree line of the chamfer or moulding junction.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

TRUMEAU

- SN A vertical stone mullion or shaft situated in the centre of a wide doorway to support its lintel or tympanum.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT DOORWAY

TRUNK STEAM ENGINE

- SN A steam engine in which the pistons are long relative to their diameters, and there are no piston rods and crossheads.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

TRUNKING

- SN A channel or casing containing and protecting wiring, piping etc.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

TRUSS

- SN A combination of timbers to form a frame placed at intervals and carrying the purlins.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT AISLE TRUSS
- BOWSTRING TRUSS
- BOX FRAMED TRUSS
- CLOSED TRUSS
- COMMON RAFTER TRUSS
- CRUCK
- DOUBLE ARCH BRACED TRUSS
- FALSE HAMMER BEAM TRUSS
- HAMMER BEAM TRUSS
- KERB PRINCIPAL TRUSS
- OPEN TRUSS
- POST AND RAFTER TRUSS

- PRINCIPAL RAFTER TRUSS
- QUEEN POST TRUSS
- SAW TOOTH TRUSS
- SCISSOR BRACED TRUSS
- SECONDARY TRUSS
- SUPER TRUSS

TUDOR FLOWER

- SN Decorative ornamentation in the form of an upright, stalked trefoil used in Tudor architecture.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

TUDOR ROSE

- SN A decorative feature in the style of a formalized rose.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

TUN

- SN A casement, usually wooden, in a mill enclosing the grindstones and preventing the loss of ground material before it is channelled into sacks.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Tunnel Vault

USE **BARREL VAULT**

TURBINE

- SN A motor in which rotary motion is produced by motive power, usually of water, steam or gas, impinging directly on a series of vanes upon the circumference of a revolving cylinder or disc.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT GAS TURBINE
- REACTION TURBINE
- STEAM TURBINE
- WATER TURBINE

TURNED BALUSTER

- SN A baluster, circular in plan, turned and cut on a lathe.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BALUSTER

TURRET

- SN A small tower, usually round or polygonal and attached to a structure. When a separate building, treat as a monument.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT TOWER
- NT BARTIZAN
- BELVEDERE
- STAIR TURRET

TUSCAN ARCH

- SN An arch of the Tuscan Order.
- CL ORDER
- BT TUSCAN ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

TUSCAN BASE

- SN A base of the Tuscan Order, featuring a square plinth supporting a large torus with a fillet above.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BASE
- CL ORDER
- BT TUSCAN ORDER

TUSCAN CAPITAL

- SN A capital of the Tuscan Order featuring a square abacus.
- CL ORDER
- BT TUSCAN ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL

TUSCAN COLUMN

- SN A column of the Tuscan Order featuring a plain, unfluted shaft.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- CL ORDER
- BT TUSCAN ORDER

TUSCAN ENTABLATURE

- SN An entablature of the Tuscan Order consisting of a plain architrave, frieze and cornice without decoration or enrichments..
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ENTABLATURE
- CL ORDER
- BT TUSCAN ORDER

TUSCAN ORDER

- UF Gigantic Order
- SN A biggest and plainest of the classical architectural orders, based upon a simplified version of the Doric Order. Sometimes called the Gigantic order, though not to be confused with the Colossal or Giant Order.
- CL ORDER
- NT TUSCAN ARCH
- TUSCAN BASE
- TUSCAN CAPITAL
- TUSCAN COLUMN
- TUSCAN ENTABLATURE

TWIST BALUSTER

- SN A spirally turned baluster.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BALUSTER

Twisted Column

- USE **SPIRAL COLUMN**

TWO CENTRED ARCH

- SN An arch formed around two arcs whose radii are each equal to the span of the arch.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

TYMPANUM

- SN The face within a pediment, as enclosed by the cornices, or the solid infill of an arch above an impost, sometimes embellished with sculptural or relief ornament.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT PEDIMENT

U SHAPE PLAN

- SN A building or structural plan with a U shape.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

UNASSIGNED

- SN This is the top term for the class. This class includes terms with very broad definitions which

could be assigned to three or more classes. See UNASSIGNED Class List for narrow terms.

- CL UNASSIGNED
- NT BURIAL PIT
- FEATURE
- LAYER

UNDERCROFT

- SN An underground, or partially underground, vault or crypt beneath a church or other building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

UNDERSHOT WHEEL

- SN A water wheel where the inflow of water strikes the paddles, or floatboards, below the axis of the wheel.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT WATERWHEEL
- NT PONCELET WATERWHEEL

UNIFLOW STEAM ENGINE

- SN A steam engine in which steam flows in one direction only at each stroke, as opposed to the commoner contra-flow engines.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

Uplong

- USE **WHIP**

UPPER CRUCK

- SN A cruck with its feet sitting on a ceiling beam on the first floor.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CRUCK

UPRIGHT SHAFT

- SN The main vertical axle running through the centre of a mill.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

UPWARD BRACE

- SN A brace extending from a vertical to a higher horizontal timber.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACE

UTILITY ROOM

- SN A room in which domestic appliances and facilities for cleaning are stored.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT LAUNDRY ROOM

V STRUT

- SN One of a pair of inclined struts that meet at the bottom to form a V shape.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT STRUT

Vacuum Engine

- USE **ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE**

VAGRANTS WARD

- UF Casual Ward
- SN A ward in a workhouse for vagrants
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT WARD

VALLEY RAFTER

- SN A rafter set diagonally where two sloping roofs meet.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER

VAT

- SN A large tank or cask for storing or holding goods, whether liquid, such as chemicals or fermenting beer, or dry, often during a production process.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- RT YORKSHIRE SQUARE

VAULT

- SN A room or space with an arched ceiling or roof, the depth of which exceeds its span.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANNULAR VAULT
BARREL VAULT
CROSS VAULT
RIBBED VAULT
- RT LIERNE
WALL RIB

VAULT SPRINGER

- SN The impost, or point at which a vault rests upon its support, and from which it seems to spring. Hence the term describes the bottom stone of a vault, which lies on the impost.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

VENETIAN WINDOW

- UF Palladian Window
Serliana
- SN A window with three openings, the central light being arched and wider than those flanking it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW

Venison Larder

- USE **GAME LARDER**

VENT

- SN A gap which allows air to circulate.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

VENTILATION SHAFT

- UF Air Shaft
- SN A shaft constructed to allow the circulation of fresh air, into a mine, building etc.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

VERANDA

- UF Verandah
- SN An open balcony or gallery extending along the outside of a building, providing principal rooms with shade by means of a roof or canopy supported by posts or light columns.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Verandah

- USE **VERANDA**

VERGE RAFTER

- SN A rafter set outside a gable to carry the roof beyond the wall face.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER

VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE

- SN An engine in which a vertical piston rod supplies energy via a crankshaft directly to the flywheel suspended above the cylinder.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE
- NT HYPOCYCLOID STEAM ENGINE

Vestibule

- USE **LOBBY**

VESTRY

- SN A room used in a church to store vestments and for the clergy to dress in.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

VOLUTE

- UF Volute Cushion
- SN A decorative, spiral scroll form, thought to have been based upon the shape of a ram's horn, employed in consoles, modillions, the capitals of orders such as the Ionic, Composite and Corinthian etc..
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Volute Cushion

- USE **VOLUTE**

VOUSSOIR

- SN A wedge shaped stone or brick forming part of an arch or vault, with its radiating sides coinciding with the radii of that arch.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WAGON ROOF

- UF Barrel Roof
Cradle Roof
- SN A roof consisting of a series of rafters and arch braces set closely together to give the appearance of a continuous, uninterrupted arch or curved plate.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF

Wagon Vault

- USE **BARREL VAULT**

WAINSCOT

- SN Wooden panelling, especially interior wall panelling that rises only to dado height.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT PANELLING

WAITING ROOM

- SN A room provided for the use of people waiting for a service, such as a train or bus service, or to see an individual such as a doctor or a dentist. When a dedicated structure, see Thesaurus of Monument Types.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

WALKING SPACE

- SN A clear area in a church covered by the transepts and crossing.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

WALKWAY

- SN A pedestrian passageway, often elevated, connecting two buildings or sections within a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WALL

- UF Analemma
- SN A structure, usually of brick, stone or timber, that encloses or defines a space or room.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT CURTAIN WALL
DADO (WALL)
PARTITION WALL
PLINTH (WALL)

Wall Arcade

- USE **BLIND ARCADE**

WALL CRANE

- UF Jigger
- SN A wall mounted, hydraulically operated crane or winch, sometimes used to operate lifts.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE

WALL PAINTING

- SN A two dimensional image using paint applied to the surface of a wall.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT FRESCO
- RT CEILING PAINTING

WALL PASSAGE

- SN A passage constructed within the thickness of a wall.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE

WALL PLATE

- UF Wallplate
- SN A longitudinal timber set on top of a timber frame, brick or masonry wall on which roof-trusses or rafters rest.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PLATE
- NT AISLE PLATE

WALL POST

- SN A post, usually carrying a tiebeam, which forms part of a wall in a timber framed building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT POST

WALL RIB

- SN An arched half-rib applied to the lateral wall surface in a vaulted bay, its function, rather than structural, being to complete the pattern of the vault's main ribs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RIB
- RT VAULT

WALL SAFE

- SN A metal safe built in to wall
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

WALLOWER

- SN The first driven gear wheel on the vertical shaft within a corn mill which meshes with the brake wheel in a windmill, or the pit wheel in a watermill.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WALLPAPER

- SN Paper, often decorated with a printed pattern, painted or embossed design, and usually provided in rolls and used to line the interior walls of a building for decorative purposes.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Wallplate

- USE **WALL PLATE**

WARD

- SN A room, usually in a hospital, in which a number of beds are located.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT DORMITORY
- NT FEVER WARD
ISOLATION WARD
PROBATIONARY WARD
VAGRANTS WARD

WARDROBE

- UF Garderobe (Wardrobe)
- SN A room or cupboard usually used for the storage of garments.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CUPBOARD
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT CUPBOARD
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREROOM

Warm Bath

- USE **TEPIDARIUM**

WARMING ROOM

- UF Calefactory
- SN A heated room within a monastery where monks could warm themselves.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

WASHING ROOM

- SN A room intended for, and usually equipped to aid, the performance of ablutions.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT BATHROOM
LAVATORY
PRIVY
TOILET

WATER BALANCE ENGINE

- SN A device for hoisting, or operating pumps, using water displacement as a lifting and balancing medium.
- CL MACHINERY

WATER FILTRATION UNIT

- SN A plant used to sterilize water for use in public bathing establishments, not to be confused with desalination or purification units for drinking water.

CL MACHINERY

WATER FRAME

SN A machine used for spinning cotton powered by water.

CL MACHINERY

BT SPINNING MACHINE

NT THROSTLE FRAME

WATER LEAF CAPITAL

SN A late 12th Century capital featuring large, unribbed leaves growing outwards from each angle before curving up towards the abacus and turning inwards at the top.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CAPITAL

WATER PUMP

SN A pump used to move water.

CL MACHINERY

BT PUMP

NT AQUA THRUSTER PUMP

WATER PURIFICATION UNIT

SN A machine used for the purification of water, usually for drinking purposes.

CL MACHINERY

WATER RETURNING ENGINE

SN A steam engine, often used in the 18th century, which drove a pump to return water back to a waterwheel so that it could be used over and over again.

CL MACHINERY

BT STEAM ENGINE

WATER SPOUT

SN A pipe or channel to carry water outwards from a gutter or behind a parapet. If decorated with grotesque heads it is called a gargoyle.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RT GUTTER

WATER TABLE

SN An inclined course on top of a projecting sill, cornice etc., designed to throw off rainwater.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WATER TANK

SN A tank used for the storage of water, usually found as part of an institution like a workhouse or hospital complex

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

WATER TURBINE

SN A prime mover in which a central wheel with curved vanes, enclosed in a chamber, receives water directed onto the curved vanes by a ring of fixed guide vanes, causing the wheel to rotate about its axis.

CL MACHINERY

BT TURBINE

NT FOURNEYRON WATER TURBINE

FRANCIS WATER TURBINE

JONVAL WATER TURBINE

PONCELET WATER TURBINE

THOMSON WATER TURBINE

WATERWHEEL

SN A wheel turned by water to generate mechanical power.

CL MACHINERY

NT BREASTSHOT WHEEL

OVERSHOT WHEEL

PITCHBACK WHEEL

UNDERSHOT WHEEL

WATERWHEEL SHAFT

UF King Pin
Mill Shaft
Wheel Shaft

SN The large main axle on which a waterwheel, which turns the shaft, and a pitwheel are mounted.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WEATHERBOARD

SN A piece of cladding in the form of a length of timber fixed horizontally to the building.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RT WEATHERBOARDING

WEATHERBOARDING

SN An external wall cladding consisting of overlapping horizontal boards.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CLADDING

RT WEATHERBOARD

WEIGHBRIDGE

SN A platform scale set within, and flush with the surface of, a roadway, for weighing vehicles, cattle etc.

CL MACHINERY

BT WEIGHING MACHINE

WEIGHING MACHINE

SN A machine used for weighing objects.

CL MACHINERY

NT WEIGHBRIDGE

WESTWORK

SN The west end of a church made up of a tower, entrance hall and upper room, usually with an altar.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Wheel Shaft

USE **WATERWHEEL SHAFT**

WHEEL WINDOW

SN A circular window with tracery or shafts radiating from the centre.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT WINDOW

WHIP

UF Sail Back
Uplong

SN The principal longitudinal member or spine of a windmill sail, extending from the stock and supporting the sailbars.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WICKET

SN A small hinged opening within a large door.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT DOOR

WILLANS CENTRE VALVE STEAM ENGINE

- UF Centre Valve Steam Engine
- SN A high speed, single acting compound steam engine with centrally placed piston valves controlling the distribution of steam.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

WIND BRACE

- SN A diagonal or arched member placed across rafters to stiffen and support a roof structure.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WIND ENGINE

- SN A simple, wind-driven water pump, also known as a windpump.
- CL MACHINERY

WINDER STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase that rises through only one storey and has treads and risers framed into square studs, one of them often on one side of a door-frame; it usually occupies a rectangular space.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

WINDING ENGINE

- SN An engine used for directly winding up coal from deep mines, dating from the 18th century.
- CL MACHINERY

WINDOW

- SN An opening in a wall, roof, door, etc to allow light to enter. Usually used to include all component parts.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BAY WINDOW
BOW WINDOW
BULLSEYE WINDOW
CASEMENT WINDOW
CROSS WINDOW
DORMER WINDOW
FANLIGHT
FIRE WINDOW
LACED WINDOW
LANCET WINDOW
LOWSIDE WINDOW
LUCARNE
MULLIONED WINDOW
NORTH LIGHT
OCULUS
ORIEL WINDOW
PIERCED WINDOW
QUATREFOIL WINDOW
ROSE WINDOW
SASH WINDOW
TRACERIED HEAD WINDOW
TREFOIL WINDOW
VENETIAN WINDOW
WHEEL WINDOW
- RT AEDICULE (FRAME)
APRON
CAME
GLAZING BAR
LIGHT
QUARRY
SADDLE BAR

- STANCHION
- WINDOW LINTEL

WINDOW LINTEL

- SN A lintel over a window.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT LINTEL
- RT WINDOW

WINDSHAFT

- SN The main axle projecting through the front of a windmill on which the sails are mounted.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WING

- SN A part of a building joined to the core of the structure and at an angle to it.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT PLAN COMPONENT
- NT CHAMBER BLOCK
CROSS WING
SERVICE WING

Winter Parlour

- USE PARLOUR

WIPER LOOM

- SN An early power loom in which the shedding actions of the machine were controlled by tappets, or wipers, which received their motion from a rotating cam shaft positioned at one side of the loom.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT LOOM

WIRE MACHINE

- SN A mechanical device, used in a corn mill, that separates bran from meal to produce a white flour.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT SIFTER

Withdrawing Chamber

- USE DRAWING ROOM

Withdrawing Room

- USE DRAWING ROOM

WOMENS POOL

- SN A swimming pool restricted to the use of females only.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT SWIMMING POOL
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SWIMMING POOL

WOOLF COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

- SN A beam steam engine, reciprocating or rotative, powered by two steam cylinders side by side.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

WORK ROOM

- SN Room in a building or complex, such as a workhouse, in which work is carried out.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

YOKE

SN A short timber linking two pieces of timber.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

YORKSHIRE SQUARE

SN Specialised fermenting vessel consisting of a two-storey system consisting of a shallow chamber approximately 2m high above which is a walled deck.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
RT VAT

Zigzag Moulding

USE **CHEVRON MOULDING**