

FISH TERMINOLOGIES

Components Thesaurus

Report Format: Hierarchical listing - alpha

Notes: A thesaurus for the recording of the component parts of a monument.

Date: February 2021



A FRAME STEAM ENGINE

- SN A simple, single cylinder vertical steam engine with its cylinder mounted directly on a baseplate, driving an overhead crankshaft which is supported by two A-shaped frames
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

A STRUT

- SN A strut with a reflecting counterpart that forms the letter A on either side of a king post.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT STRUT
- NT SPANDREL STRUT

ABACUS

- SN The flat slab at the top of a capital.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL

ABUTMENT

- UF Butment
- SN Solid masonry placed to counteract the lateral thrust of a vault or arch.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

ACANTHUS

- SN A long much indented leaf usually curled over at the tip which is a standard form of foliage in classical decoration.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS

- UF Arms
Coat Of Arms
- SN A display or depiction of authorised armorial bearings, such as the elements of a coat of arms, livery and personal badges and flags, mottoes etc..
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT ESCUTCHEON
HATCHMENT

ACROTERION

- SN A plinth or pedestal, sometimes decorated, and sometimes supporting statuary, placed at the apex and lower extremity of a pediment.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PEDESTAL
- RT PEDIMENT

ADIT

- SN A passage, usually horizontal, leading into a mine to allow for access or drainage.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ENTRANCE

ADMINISTRATION BLOCK

- SN A part of a building or complex where administrative duties are undertaken.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Adyton

- USE ADYTUM

ADYTUM

- UF Adyton
- SN Originally, the inner sanctuary of a Greek temple

from where the oracle was delivered. Now used for any private chamber or sanctuary.

- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

AEDICULE (FRAME)

- SN The framing of a door or window with two columns piers or pilasters which support a lintel, entablature etc.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT DOOR
NICHE
WINDOW

AEDICULE (SHRINE)

- SN An opening or shrine, usually containing a statue, framed by a pair of pilasters or columns supporting an entablature and pediment.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SHRINE

AGED MENS WARD

- SN Series of rooms within a workhouse where elderly men were housed.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

AGIASTERIUM

- SN The area of the Basilica, especially in the early church, in which the altar resides.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

AGRAFE

- UF Agraffe
- SN A keystone decorated with a relief sculpture, usually a cartouche
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT KEYSTONE

Agraffe

- USE AGRAFE

AILERON

- SN A half gable or half pediment concealing the lean-to roof of an aisle.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PEDIMENT
GABLE

AIR PUMP

- SN A pump for removing condensed steam from the condenser of a steam raising plant.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT PUMP

Air Shaft

- USE VENTILATION SHAFT

Airing Yard

- USE EXERCISE YARD

AISLE

- SN The side compartment of a building, usually a church, hall or barn, separated from the main body of the building by an arcade; or a passage allowing access to rows of seats in an auditorium or church.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT AMBULATORY (INTERIOR)
CARREL (AISLE)
PASSAGE AISLE

AISLE PLATE

SN A horizontal member along the length of an aisle wall to receive the ends of rafters.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WALL PLATE

AISLE TRUSS

SN A roof truss supported by arcade posts in an aisled building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

Alatoria

USE COVERED WAY

Alatorium

USE COVERED WAY

ALCOVE

SN A recess within a wall or room.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Aleoia

USE LOOPHOLE

Allure

USE ALURE

Almery

USE AUMBRY

ALMONRY

SN A room in a monastery from which alms were distributed; or the residence of an almoner.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

Alorium

USE COVERED WAY

ALTAR

UF Communion Table
SN An elevated table or podium on which to place, or sacrifice, offerings to a god or gods.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
RT ALTAR RAIL

ALTAR RAIL

UF Communion Rail
SN A rail or balustrade that separates the altar from the rest of the church.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
RT ALTAR

ALTAR SCREEN

SN A partition or wall behind an altar, often separating the choir and altar from the ambulatory and east chapel.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SCREEN
RT AMBULATORY (INTERIOR)
CHOIR

Alura

USE ALURE

ALURE

UF Allure
Alura
SN A walkway around the parapets of a castle or the roof of a church.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

AMBITUS

SN The consecrated ground immediately surrounding a tomb or grave.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
RT TOMB

AMBO

SN A reading desk usually placed near the west end of the choir.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

Ambry

USE AUMBRY

AMBULATORY (EXTERNAL)

UF Deambulatory
SN A path or area for exercise, usually taken in the form of walking. Can be partially or totally covered.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
NT CLOISTER

AMBULATORY (INTERIOR)

SN An aisle within a chancel providing access to, and around, the High Altar and surrounding cells.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT AISLE
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT AISLE
RT ALTAR SCREEN
CHEVET

AMORINO

SN A representation of a winged boy who represents Cupid or Love.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT HUMAN FIGURE

Analemma

USE BUTTRESS
WALL

SN Use appropriate term.

ANCHOR AND COLLAR HINGE

SN A simple type of hinge used for large gates.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT HINGE

ANCHOR BEAM

SN A beam the end of which is fixed beyond the upright it passes through.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

ANCHORAGE

SN A room over the vestry of a church, often thought to have been where anchorites lived.
CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

ANCONE (CONSTRUCTION)

SN A projection left on a stone block to allow it to be hoisted into position.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

ANCONE (STRUCTURAL)

SN An ornamental bracket on either side of a doorway supporting a cornice.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

ANGLE BAR

SN The corner upright bar of a polygonal sash.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Angle Bead

USE **ANGLE STAFF**

ANGLE BOB

SN A mechanical component or device that can change the direction of motion of a pump rod from the vertical to the horizontal plane and vice versa.

CL MACHINERY

Angle Brace

USE **BRACE**

ANGLE BRACKET

SN A bracket that is shaped to form an angle.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BRACKET

ANGLE BUTTRESS

SN Two buttresses which meet at a right angle at the corner of the structure they are supporting.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BUTTRESS

ANGLE CAPITAL

UF Corner Capital

SN A capital at the corner of a colonnade or portico in the Ionic Order in which the volutes are splayed outwards at 45 degrees.

CL ORDER

BT IONIC CAPITAL

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT IONIC CAPITAL

ANGLE CHIMNEY

SN A chimney placed at an angle with the walls so that there is an obtuse angle with each wall.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CHIMNEY

ANGLE COLUMN

UF Angular Column

SN A column at the corner of a structure.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT COLUMN

ANGLE MODILLION

SN A diagonally set modillion placed at a cornice's external corner.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT MODILLION

ANGLE RAFTER

SN A principal rafter below a hip rafter that supports

the ends of purlins under a hip.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT PRINCIPAL RAFTER

ANGLE RIB

SN A rib placed at an angle to support timbers.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT RIB

ANGLE STAFF

UF Angle Bead

SN A vertical piece of wood fixed on corners of walls to help the fixing of plaster and to protect against damage to the plaster.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Angle Stone

USE **QUOIN**

ANGLE STRUT

SN A strut which is at an angle between the principal rafter and tiebeam.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT STRUT

ANGLE TOWER

SN A projection from the inner angle of a building around a court or with advancing wings, usually containing a staircase and often crowned above the roof line with an ogee dome.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT TOWER

ANGULAR CAPITAL

SN A type of Ionic diagonal capital where all four sides are the same and with therefore eight volutes.

CL ORDER

BT IONIC CAPITAL

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT IONIC CAPITAL

Angular Column

USE **ANGLE COLUMN**

ANGULAR NICHE

SN A niche in the corner of a structure.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT NICHE

ANIMAL FIGURE

SN A sculptural or decorative representation of an animal. Includes mythical and fantastical animals such as dragons, centaurs etc.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

NT BUCRANIUM

GARGOYLE

GROTESQUE

ANNEX

SN A structure, or building, forming a supplementary and subsidiary part of a main complex.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

ANNULAR MOULDING

SN A circular moulding.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

ANNULAR VAULT

- SN A term used to describe a vaulted roof where the vault goes from either the newel of a staircase to a wall or from one wall to another where the walls are circular in plan.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT VAULT

ANNULATED COLUMN

- SN A column joined to another by a band or ring.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

ANNULET

- SN A small, flat band or fillet around a shaft or column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

Anse De Panier

USE **BASKET ARCH**

ANTA

- SN A pilaster terminating the side walls of a temple whose capital and base differ from those of its associated columns. Such an arrangement, where the columns do not project beyond the faces of the antae, is said to be 'in antis'.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PILASTER

Antechamber

USE **ANTEROOM**

ANTECHAPEL

- SN The partially enclosed western part of a chapel, leading to the chapel proper.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ANTECHOIR

- UF Forechoir
- SN Part of a church in front of the choir and usually enclosed by tombs, screens etc.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ANTECHURCH

- UF Forechurch
- SN An addition to the west end of a church which is similar to a porch or narthex but usually consists of a nave and aisles.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- NT NARTHEX (MEDIEVAL)

ANTECOURT

- SN The first court which is before the principal court.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT COURTYARD

ANTEFIX

- SN A decorative tile on the end of the cornice or eaves of a building to conceal the ends of tiles.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

ANTEHALL

- SN The hall before a great hall.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

Antepagmenta

USE **ARCHITRAVE**

ANTEPORTICO

- SN A porch in front of the solid wall of a cloister.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- RT CLOISTER

ANTEROOM

- UF Antechamber
- SN A room before a larger room which is often used as a waiting room.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

ANTHEMION

- SN A stylised, leafy decorative feature reminiscent of, and sometimes referred to as, honeysuckle.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

APARTMENT

- SN A room or group of rooms in a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

APEX STONE

- UF Saddle Stone
- SN The top stone in a gable end.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT GABLE

APODYTERIUM

- SN The undressing room in a bath house or similar.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

APOPHYGE

- SN The outward curve at the top or bottom of a column where it joins the base or capital.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

APOTHECA

- SN A storeroom for valuable goods, such as wine, oil and spices.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREROOM

Apothecarium

USE **INFIRMARY**

APOTHESIS

- SN Found in early churches this was a part of a church on the south side of the chancel where there were bookshelves and storage for vestments.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

APPLIED BEAM

- SN A beam that has been applied to a wall face.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

APPLIED COLUMN

- SN An engaged column, that is one attached to a wall.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN
RT ENGAGED COLUMN

APPLIED ORDER

SN A classical order in which the columns or pilasters are applied to a wall.
CL ORDER

APRON

SN A shaped or decorated raised panel below the sill of a window or a niche.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT NICHE
WINDOW

APSE

SN A polygonal or semicircular recess projecting from an external wall, often with a rounded vault.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT APSIDIOLE
COUNTER APSE
RT CHEVET
EXEDRA

APSE CHAPEL

SN A chapel that radiates from an apsidal end of a cathedral or church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT CHAPEL

APSIDIOLE

SN A small apse.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT APSE

AQUA THRUSTER PUMP

SN A type of water pump used in the Wigan coalfields in the late 18th and 19th centuries.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATER PUMP

ARABESQUE

SN A style of decorative design consisting of intertwined, geometrical patterns of leaves, branches, tendrils etc. Often defined as being devoid of human or animal figures.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

ARCADE

SN A series of arches.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT BLIND ARCADE
INTERLACING ARCADE

ARCADE PLATE

SN A timber running above vertical posts, in the place of a wall-plate, within a timber-framed building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PLATE

ARCH

SN A curved construction, spanning an opening, formed from wedge-shaped blocks supported by mutual pressure; they can also be formed from moulded concrete and cast metal.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT ARCH BAND
ARCH BRICK
BASKET ARCH
CHANCEL ARCH
ELLIPTICAL ARCH
EQUILATERAL ARCH
EXTRADOS
FALSE ARCH
FLAT ARCH
FOUR CENTRED ARCH
HORSESHOE ARCH
IMPOST
INTRADOS
POINTED ARCH
PROSCENIUM ARCH
RELIEVING ARCH
SEGMENTAL ARCH
SHOULDERED ARCH
SKEW ARCH
SPLAYED ARCH
SQUINCH
STILTED ARCH
STRAINER ARCH
THREE CENTRED ARCH
TUSCAN ARCH
TWO CENTRED ARCH

RT ARCHWAY
CENTERING

ARCH BAND

SN The part of a rib or arch visible below the general surface of the vault.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

ARCH BRACE

SN A curving, upright timber brace used in roof construction, found in pairs, forming an arch.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

ARCH BRICK

SN A wedge shaped brick used to construct arches.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH
NT KEYSTONE

ARCH BUTTRESS

SN A buttress shaped like an arch and springing from a pier in arched form to the wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS
RT FLYING BUTTRESS

ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURE

SN A feature found during an archaeological investigation which implies the presence of a monument, building, structure or human activity.
CL IMPLIED FEATURE
NT HEARTH
POST HOLE
STAKE HOLE

ARCHITRAVE

UF Antepagmenta
Epistyle
SN The lowest of the three main parts of an entablature. Also the lintels, jambs and mouldings

surrounding a door, window, panels or niche; or the ornamental mouldings around the exterior curve of an arch.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ENTABLATURE
- NT FASCIA
- GIBBS SURROUND

ARCHIVOLT

- SN A series of concentric mouldings decorating the curved face of an arch.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- RT MOULDING

ARCHWAY

- SN An opening in a structure which is arched.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT ARCH

ARCOSOLIUM

- SN An arched or vaulted recess, within a tomb or catacomb, intended to contain a coffin or sarcophagus.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT CRYPT

AREAS AND SPACES

- SN Areas and spaces within a monument or site.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- NT CHAPEL
- DANCE FLOOR
- ENTRANCE
- EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- LAVATORIUM
- NEST HOLE
- PAVILION WARD BLOCK
- STAGE

ARENA

- SN The body of a church or chapel as opposed to galleries.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ARK

- UF Aron Hakodesh
- Aron Kodesh
- SN A cupboard set into the eastern wall of a synagogue, facing Jerusalem. The Torah scrolls are kept in the Ark.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT RELIGIOUS ELEMENTS

ARMILLA

- SN A metal binding or ring fastened around the top of a pile to stop splitting.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FASTENING

ARMOURY

- SN A room where weapons and armour are stored.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREROOM

Arms

- USE ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS

Aron Hakodesh

- USE ARK

Aron Kodesh

- USE ARK

ARRIS FILLET

- SN A triangular piece of wood used to raise slates next to a wall or similar.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

ARRIS GUTTER

- SN A V-shaped gutter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT GUTTER

ARTISTS STUDIO

- SN A workroom or apartment, often with a north-light, used for the creation of artwork by painters, sculptors etc.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

ASHLAR PIECE

- UF Ashlar Post
- SN An inclined timber running from a rafter to the inner face of a wall, forming a triangle.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ASHLARING

Ashlar Post

- USE ASHLAR PIECE

ASHLARING

- SN Short vertical timbers which go from the rafters to the inner plate on a thick wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ASHLAR PIECE

ASIATIC BASE

- SN An Ionic base with a lower disc with horizontal fluting or reeding, above which is a torus, also reeded.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BASE
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER

ASSEMBLY ROOM

- SN A large room for large numbers of people, eg for balls, meetings etc.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM
- NT CHAPTER HOUSE

ASTRAGAL

- SN A moulding which is small, convex and circular.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- NT BEAD AND REEL
- RT BEAD

ASTYLAR

- SN Describes a Classical interior, exterior or facade without pilasters or columns.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FACADE

ATLANTIS

- UF Atlas
Telamone
- SN A whole male figure used in place of a column to support an entablature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT HUMAN FIGURE

Atlas

USE **ATLANTIS**

ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE

- UF Vacuum Engine
- SN An early steam engine using steam at atmospheric pressure. Chiefly employed in mine pumping. sometimes known as a vacuum engine.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

ATRIUM (ECCLESIASTICAL)

- SN A court in front of a church, usually open.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ATRIUM (SECULAR)

- SN A central area within a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

Attached Column

USE **ENGAGED COLUMN**

ATTIC

- UF Attic Storey
- SN An area partly or fully within the roof space of a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREY
- NT GARRET
LOFT

ATTIC BASE

- SN A column base featuring a hollow, concave - or scotia - moulding between two tori, which are projecting, convex mouldings.
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER
CORINTHIAN ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BASE

ATTIC COLUMN

- SN A square pillar.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

Attic Storey

USE **ATTIC**

AUCTION ROOM

- SN A room in which public or private auctions are held.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

AUDIENCE CHAMBER

- UF Presence Chamber

- SN A room where a monarch or similar would meet people, usually in a palace or similar building.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT MEETING ROOM

AUDITORIUM

- SN A room or hall designed for an audience to listen and view, as in a theatre, concert hall, lecture hall etc..
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT CONFERENCE ROOM
LECTURE THEATRE

AUMBRY

- UF Almery
Ambry
Aumery
- SN A recess or cupboard within a church, usually positioned near the altar, used for the storage of sacred vessels.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CUPBOARD
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT CUPBOARD

Aumery

USE **AUMBRY**

AUREOLE

- UF Glory
- SN Circular or almond-shaped halo surrounding the figure of Christ, the Virgin or a saint.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

AUXILIARY RAFTER

- SN In a truss, a rafter used to stiffen the principal rafter by doubling it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER

AXIAL BEAM

- SN A ceiling beam aligned with the length of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

AXIAL CHIMNEY PLAN

- UF Central Chimney Plan
- SN A plan of a building which consists of two or more cells where the chimney is placed on the axis of the building between two rooms and midway between the lateral walls.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Back Choir

USE **RETROCHOIR**

BACK PURLIN

- SN A purlin that is joined to the back of a principal rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT THROUGH PURLIN

BACK STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase for the use of servants, tradesmen or individuals not permitted to use the main part of a building or establishment.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT STAIRCASE

BACKWASHING MACHINE

SN A machine used in the worsted industry for cleaning woolen slivers after gilling and cording.
CL MACHINERY

BAFFLE ENTRY PLAN

SN A plan featuring a doorless entry to a lobby in front of an axial chimney-stack.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
RT LOBBY ENTRY PLAN

Bag Hoist

USE **SACK HOIST**

BAGNETTE

SN A small semicircular moulding.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
RT BEAD

BAILEY

SN Defences or an external wall surrounding a castle's motte or keep. Also a castle's outer court, or a court within a castle's walls.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
NT INNER BAILEY
OUTER BAILEY

BAKERY

SN A room for baking.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

BALANCE BOB

SN A counter balance designed to support the excess weight of a mineshaft's wooden beams.
CL MACHINERY

BALCONY

SN A platform projecting from the surface of a wall of a building carried on brackets, consoles or columns, usually placed before windows or openings, and protected by a railing or balustrade. It can also be a gallery in an auditorium.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BALDACCHINO

UF Baldachin
Baldaquin
SN A canopy suspended, or on pillars, over a throne or altar.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Baldachin

USE **BALDACCHINO**

Baldaquin

USE **BALDACCHINO**

Balistraria

USE **LOOPHOLE**

Balk

USE **HAYLOFT**

BALL FINIAL

SN A decorative ball usually used to ornament a bench end, canopy, gable, pinnacle or spire.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FINIAL

BALL FLOWER

SN Decorative ornamentation in the form of a ball enclosed within petals.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

BALL MILL

SN A cylindrical device using ceramic or metallic balls to grind materials like ores, chemicals, ceramic raw materials and paints
CL MACHINERY

BALL WINDING MACHINE

SN A hand operated machine for winding cotton and linen thread into balls - invented in 1802.
CL MACHINERY

BALLROOM

SN A room for holding receptions particularly balls.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

BALUSTER

SN An upright member supporting a coping or handrail in a balustrade or staircase.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BALUSTRADE
NT SPLIT BALUSTER
TURNED BALUSTER
TWIST BALUSTER

BALUSTRADE

SN The structure consisting of a series of balusters supporting a rail or coping, and sometimes a base and pedestal, on a parapet, balcony or staircase.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT BALUSTER

BAND (MOULDING)

SN A continuous series of ornaments within a horizontal moulding.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
NT BANDEROLLE
FRET BAND
GUILLOCHE

BAND (STRUCTURAL)

SN A flat, horizontal strip, block or moulding, sometimes decorated, on a facade or interrupting an architectural feature such as a column.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BANDED COLUMN

SN A column in which the shaft is interrupted by stone bands.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN

BANDEROLLE

- UF Bannerolle
- SN A flat band carrying a motto.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT BAND (MOULDING)

BANKING HALL

- SN An open area within a bank where financial transactions take place.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

Bannerolle

- USE **BANDEROLLE**

BANQUETING HALL

- UF Banqueting Room
- SN A hall normally reserved for holding feasts on special occasions.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT DINING ROOM

Banqueting Room

- USE **BANQUETING HALL**

BANQUETTE

- SN A firing step from which standing defenders could fire over the crest of a high parapet.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FIRING STEP
- RT PARAPET

BAPTISTERY

- SN A building, or part of a church, used for baptismal rites, usually containing a font.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

BAR

- SN A counter from which beverages are served in a bar room.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT COUNTER
- RT BAR ROOM

BAR ROOM

- SN A room in a public house, hotel, club etc. containing a bar from which alcoholic drinks are served.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT BAR

BARE FACED DOVETAIL JOINT

- SN A joint in which a dovetailed timber's surface is proud of the receiving member on one side.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

BARE FACED TENON JOINT

- SN A joint in which the tenon retains one or more of the original sides of the timber.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

BARGE BOARD

- SN A board fixed at the gable end of purlins, often decorated.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Barrel Roof

- USE **WAGON ROOF**

BARREL VAULT

- UF Tunnel Vault
Wagon Vault
- SN A semi-circular or pointed vault uninterrupted by cross vaults, the ceiling bearing a resemblance to a tunnel or the inside of a barrel.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT VAULT

BARRING ENGINE

- SN A small auxiliary engine to help start up a large steam engine - invented 1866.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE

Bartisan

- USE **BARTIZAN**

BARTIZAN

- UF Bartisan
- SN A small turret that projects from the top of a tower or parapet.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT TURRET

BASE

- SN The lowest part of a structure, such as a pier, or the section of an order on which the shaft of a column sits.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ASIATIC BASE
ATTIC BASE
COMPOSITE BASE
CORINTHIAN BASE
DORIC BASE
IONIC BASE
TUSCAN BASE

BASE COURT

- SN A small outer courtyard, or service-yard.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT COURTYARD

BASE CRUCK

- SN A cruck, forming the main upright of a wall but whose blades are truncated by a transverse member.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CRUCK

BASEMENT

- SN The bottom storey of a building, often below or partially below ground level.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREY

BASILICA PLAN

- SN A plan type, usually for a church, having a rectangular core with one apsidal end wall.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

BASKET ARCH

- UF Anse De Panier
- SN An arch consisting of a segment of a circle

connected to other segments with smaller radii.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

BASKET CAPITAL

SN A Byzantine bell-type capital, ornamented with carving resembling wicker-work or basket-weave.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL

BASTION

SN An outward projection from a defensive wall allowing the defenders to attack the flanks of any force attacking the wall.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BATH

SN A container for holding water in which to bathe.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

BATHROOM

SN A room intended to contain a bath and often other toilet facilities.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WASHING ROOM

BATTEN

UF Cover Slip
SN A small timber fixed to a wall to support items such as cladding. Also a strip of timber fixed across two or more parallel boards to join them together or conceal their join.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BATTENED DOOR

SN A door with a planked outer face and spaced horizontal members such as battens or ledges on the inner face.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOOR

BATTLEMENT

UF Embattlement
SN An indented parapet consisting of raised parts, called merlons, separated by gaps, or crenelles.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PARAPET
NT CRENELLATION
MACHICOLATION
MERLON

BAY

SN A regular structural subdivision or compartment within a building, defined by dividing walls or the positions of the principal supporting members.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT PLAN COMPONENT
NT HALF BAY
SMOKE BAY
RT CELL

BAY LEAF

SN Bay-leaf shaped decorative ornamentation, usually adorning mouldings or friezes, often depicted in a garland arrangement.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

BAY WINDOW

SN A window that forms a projection from the body of a building, extending down to ground level, forming a bay in the wall's interior.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW
RT ORIEL WINDOW

BEAD

SN A small convex moulding, often decorated with beads and reels.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
RT ASTRAGAL
BAGNETTE

Bead And Berry

USE **BEAD AND REEL**

BEAD AND REEL

UF Bead And Berry
Paternoster
Pearl And Olive
SN Decorative ornamentation consisting of alternating bead shapes with small, elliptical forms resembling reels
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT ASTRAGAL

BEADED CHAMFER

SN A chamfer with a convex bead-like moulding projecting from the chamfer.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT CHAMFER

BEAK HEAD MOULDING

UF Birds Head Moulding
SN A decorative moulding depicting an animal or bird head with a tongue or beak that overlaps the moulding set below it.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
RT CATS HEAD MOULDING

Beaked Ionic Capital

USE **IONIC CAPITAL**

BEAM

SN A main load-bearing horizontal member.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ANCHOR BEAM
APPLIED BEAM
AXIAL BEAM
BRESSUMMER
DAIS BEAM
DRAGON BEAM
FALSE HAMMER BEAM
FLITCHED BEAM
GIRDING BEAM
HALF BEAM
HAMMER BEAM
ROOD BEAM
STRAINER BEAM
TIEBEAM
TRANSVERSE BEAM

Beam Engine

USE **BEAM STEAM ENGINE**

BEAM SLOT

- SN A slot, usually in a wall, into which a beam was placed.
- CL IMPLIED FEATURE

BEAM STEAM ENGINE

- UF Beam Engine
- SN An engine which operates machinery via a pivoted, horizontal beam with a piston located at one end and a reciprocating pump beneath the other, resulting in a rocking, seesaw-like motion. Variations featured the steam piston placed above the beam.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE
- NT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE
CORNISH ENGINE
NEWCOMEN ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE
ROTATIVE BEAM ENGINE
SIDE LEVER ENGINE
SIMS COMPOUND ENGINE

Bed Chamber

USE **BEDROOM**

BED MOULDING

- SN A moulding on an entablature that is between the frieze and the corona.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

BED NOOK

- UF Bed Recess
- SN A small projection designed to allow space for a bed.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Bed Recess

USE **BED NOOK**

BEDROOM

- UF Bed Chamber
- SN A room intended to contain a bed.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RETIREMENT ROOM
- NT CAMERA (BEDROOM)

BEETLE

- SN A float or pontoon supporting a flexible steel roadway as part of a Mulberry Harbour.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Belfast Roof

USE **BELFAST TRUSS ROOF**

BELFAST TRUSS

- SN A bow string truss with the space between its members filled by a lattice of crossing diagonal rods.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BOWSTRING TRUSS
- RT BELFAST TRUSS ROOF

BELFAST TRUSS ROOF

- UF Belfast Roof
- SN A roof with a bow-shaped, segmental timber truss which has the space between its members filled by a lattice of crossing diagonal rods.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BOWSTRING ROOF

- RT BELFAST TRUSS

BELFRY

- SN The tower, generally attached to a church or other building but sometimes separate, where bells are hung and from which sound is emitted. Also applied to the upper chamber where bells are hung, or the wooden structure supporting them.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

BELL

- SN The core of a capital.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL

BELL CAPITAL

- SN A capital which is circular and has several mouldings but no foliage.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL

BELL FRAME

- SN A timber frame placed in the bell chamber of a church tower or belfry designed to hold the bells.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Bell Gable

USE **BELLCOTE**

BELL TOWER

- UF Bell Turret
- SN A high tower, attached to or detached from a building such as a church, with a belfry stage containing bells.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT TOWER
- RT RINGING CHAMBER

Bell Turret

USE **BELL TOWER**

BELLCOTE

- UF Bell Gable
Sanctus Bell Cote
- SN A housing for one or more bells, usually gabled or roofed.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BELVEDERE

- SN A turret on the side of a house providing views across the surrounding countryside.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT TURRET

BENCH PEW

- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT PEW

BILLET FRIEZE

- SN A series of billet mouldings forming a decorative band of small, regularly placed squared or rounded blocks.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT BILLET MOULDING

BILLET MOULDING

- SN An ornamental moulding consisting of a series of

small, regularly placed squared or rounded blocks.

- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- NT BILLET FRIEZE

BILLIARD ROOM

- SN A room intended for the placement and use of a billiard table.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT GAMESROOM

BIMAH

- SN An elevated area or platform in a synagogue where the person reading aloud from the Torah stands.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT RELIGIOUS ELEMENTS

BIRDMOUTHED JOINT

- SN A joint in which the end of one timber is cut in V-form and rests on the edge of another timber, frequently found between common rafters and wall plates.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

Birds Head Moulding

- USE **BEAK HEAD MOULDING**

BLADE

- SN A principal member in a cruck truss.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CRUCK

BLEEDING ROOM

- SN A room dedicated to the drawing or letting of blood, a procedure once thought to possess medicinal properties.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

BLIND ARCADE

- UF Wall Arcade
- SN A succession of arches on shafts with no openings, attached to and used to enliven a wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCADE
- RT TRIFORIUM

BLIND COLONNADE

- SN A series of columns in a straight line supporting an entablature with no openings or glazing.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLONNADE

BLOCK

- SN A small piece of timber occupying the angle between two other timbers.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Block Capital

- USE **CUSHION CAPITAL**

BLOCK CORNICE

- SN An Italian cornice consisting of a bed moulding, a row of plain block corbels or modillions, and a corona or cornice.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

- BT CORNICE

BLOCKED COLUMN

- SN A column whose shaft is interrupted by square blocks.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

BLOCKING COURSE

- SN A plain stone course, sometimes projecting, above a cornice and counterbalancing the cantilevered sections of stone, or at the base of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BLOWING ENGINE

- SN A steam engine driving a reciprocating air pump to provide air for a blast furnace.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE

Board Room

- USE **BOARDROOM**

BOARDROOM

- UF Board Room
- SN A meeting room intended specifically for the use of a board of directors or governors of an organization or company..
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

BOATING POOL

- SN Manmade feature to contain water for the purpose of floating miniature boats in it. Different to BOATING LAKE as lake can be naturally occurring park feature and can be used for full sized boats.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

BOILER

- SN A steam generator comprising a pressure vessel, and/or rows of tubes arranged to receive heat from a firegrate.
- CL MACHINERY

BOILER ROOM

- SN A room, usually at ground level or below, housing the tank in which water is heated as part of a building's heating system.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

BOLECTION MOULDING

- SN A moulding which projects beyond the face of a panel or frame, usually found in panelling or in doors.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

BOLSTER

- SN One of the rolls forming the sides of an ionic capital, joining the volutes of the front and rear faces.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Bolter

- USE **SIFTER**

BOOT SCRAPER

- SN A device, usually cast iron and often decorative in design, placed upon, embedded in or built into a doostep facilitating the removal of mud, dirt, manure etc. from footwear before entering a building.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

BOSS

- UF Roof Boss
- SN A carved, convex block, often richly decorated, at the intersections of vault-ribs, beam-junctions or terminations of mouldings.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BOUDOIR

- SN A small, finely-furnished room, traditionally where a lady could retire to be alone or entertain intimate friends.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RETIREMENT ROOM

BOW WINDOW

- SN A window set within a curved projection from the face of a wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW

BOWER

- UF Bowre
- SN A private room or parlour usually at the same level as the hall.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PRIVATE ROOM

Bowre

USE **BOWER****BOWSTRING ROOF**

- SN A roof constructed of horizontal tiebeams and curved trusses.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF
- NT BELFAST TRUSS ROOF
- RT BOWSTRING TRUSS

BOWSTRING TRUSS

- SN An arched, or bow-shaped, segmental timber truss with its ends tied together by a straight or cambered member.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS
- NT BELFAST TRUSS
- RT BOWSTRING ROOF

BOX FRAME

- UF Post And Truss Frame
- SN Timber framed construction where a box of horizontal and vertical members is created to support the roof.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BOX FRAMED TRUSS

- SN A complete cross-frame from ground level to ridge in a box-framed building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

BOX OFFICE

- SN A ticket booth in a theatre or cinema.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

BOX PEW

- SN An enclosed, high-sided seat, sometimes entered through a door, usually found in churches as one of a series of box-like compartments.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT PEW
- RT PEW PLATFORM

BRACE

- UF Angle Brace
- SN An inclined timber used to support and provide rigidity to roofs, partitions etc.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FASTENING
- NT ARCH BRACE
CONCEALED BRACE
CORNER BRACE
DOWNWARD BRACE
DRAGON TIE
KNEE BRACE
OGEE BRACE
PARALLEL BRACE
PASSING BRACE
PASSING WINDBRACE
RAFTER BRACE
SCISSOR BRACES
SLING BRACE
UPWARD BRACE

BRACKET

- SN A small support designed to help support a weight, such as that of a projecting member.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANGLE BRACKET
CONSOLE
MODILLION

BRACKET MOULDING

- SN A decorative moulding consisting of two ogee-forms with joined faces.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

BRAKE WHEEL

- SN The main gear wheel, which is engaged by a brake to halt or slow the machinery, mounted on the windshaft of a windmill.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BREAD ROOM

- SN A room for the storage of bread, biscuits, flour etc. Often part of a buttery in medieval times.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

BREAKFAST ROOM

- SN A room where meals, particularly breakfast are partaken.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT DINING ROOM

BREASTSHOT WHEEL

- SN A waterwheel in which the incoming water is directed onto the periphery at approximately the

same level as the axle, the water being kept in contact with the floats, or buckets, by breastwork of masonry, timber or iron.

CL MACHINERY
BT WATERWHEEL

Breastsummer

USE **BRESSUMMER**

BRESSUMMER

UF Breastsummer
Brest Summer
Chimney Bar

SN A horizontal, supporting beam set above an opening in an external wall, a fireplace opening or in timber framed construction set forward from the lower part of a building to support a jettied wall.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

Brest Summer

USE **BRESSUMMER**

BRICKWORK

SN A structure, part of a structure or area constructed from plain bricks.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BRIDGE TREE

SN An adjustable, horizontal beam, supporting the vertical stone spindle in a water or windmill, which allows the gap between the grinding stones to be varied.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BRIDLED JOINT

SN A joint consisting of a projecting tongue fitting into an opening in a scarf joint or the apex of a rafter.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

BRINE TANK

SN A tank within a salt works used for storing brine after it has been pumped from underground. The brine is then fed by gravity into the evaporating pans in the Pan House.

CL MACHINERY

BROACH SPIRE

SN An octagonal spire atop a square tower, the transition between structures effected by partially pyramidal masonry forms called broaches.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SPIRE

BROKEN PEDIMENT

SN A pediment with a gap at the centre of its base.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PEDIMENT
RT OPEN PEDIMENT

BUCRANIUM

SN Decorative motif in the form of an ox skull.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT ANIMAL FIGURE

BUILDING COMPONENT

SN A feature which forms part of a building and has a specific functional usage or decorative form.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT
NT ADMINISTRATION BLOCK
AGED MENS WARD

ALURE
ANNEX
ANTECHURCH
BALCONY
BASTION
CAPONIER
CHILDRENS BLOCK
CONSERVATORY
COUNTERSCARP BANK
CUPOLA
DOVECOTE
EARTH CLOSET
EASTER SEPULCHRE
ENTRANCE BLOCK
GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)
GARDEROBE (TOILET)
HOSPITAL BLOCK
HYPOCAUST
LANDING
LANTERN
LIFT
LOGGIA
NARTHEX (CLASSICAL)
NEST HOLE
ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER
OUTSHOT
PAVILION
PENTHOUSE (APARTMENT)
PERGOLA
PORCH
RECEIVING BLOCK
ROOD LOFT
SERVICE BLOCK
STAIRCASE
STEEPLE
SUPERVISORY HUB
SWIMMING POOL
TOMB
TOWER
VENTILATION SHAFT
VERANDA
WESTWORK

BULL ENGINE

SN An early type of steam engine, similar to a Cornish Engine, designed by Edward Bull.

CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

BULLSEYE WINDOW

UF Oeil De Boeuf

SN An oval window placed with its long axis horizontal. The term is often applied to similar round windows.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

BURIAL PIT

SN The pit in which human or animal remains are placed for interment, which may be either an inhumation or cremation.

CL UNASSIGNED

BURSARY

- SN A treasury, often the bursar's room in a college or university.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

Business Room

- USE **OFFICE**

Butment

- USE **ABUTMENT**

Butt Purlin

- USE **TENONED PURLIN**

BUTTERFLY PLAN

- UF Double Suntrap Plan
 SN A nineteenth century plan where two or four wings of a house are constructed at an angle to the core, usually at approximately 45 degrees to the wall of the core building.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

BUTTERY

- SN A room for the storage of food and drink.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

BUTTRESS

- UF Analemma
 SN A mass of stone or brick built against or as part of a wall to provide additional strength to it.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT ANGLE BUTTRESS
 ARCH BUTTRESS
 CLASPING BUTTRESS
 DIAGONAL BUTTRESS
 FLYING BUTTRESS
 HANGING BUTTRESS
 LATERAL BUTTRESS
 PIER BUTTRESS
 SETBACK BUTTRESS

CABINET

- SN A small room used as a study for the preservation of papers etc. Generally use for any small room appended to a larger one.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

CABLE MOULDING

- SN A decorative moulding shaped to resemble a length of cable or twisted rope.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT MOULDING

CALDARIUM

- UF Hot Bath
 SN The hot room in a Roman baths.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM
 RT FRIGIDARIUM
 PALAESTRA
 TEPIDARIUM

Calefactory

- USE **WARMING ROOM**

CALVARY

- SN A representation of the crucifixion of Christ or related scenes as a sculpture, etc.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT SCULPTURE

CAMBA

- SN A place in which brewing and sometimes baking took place.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

CAME

- SN An H-sectioned strip of lead used to hold panes of glass in position in stained-glass windows or other leaded lights.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 RT SADDLE BAR
 STANCHION
 WINDOW

CAMERA (BEDROOM)

- SN A private bed sitting room.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT BEDROOM

CAMERA (CEILING)

- SN A ceiling that is curved or vaulted, sometimes employed to give a space the appearance of a vault.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT CEILING

Camera (Generic)

- USE **ROOM**

CAMERA (SUITE)

- SN A suite of rooms.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

CAMOUFLAGE

- SN The application of colour and other materials to a structure to either conceal it from identification or to make it look like something else.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

CANAL INCLINED PLANE

- SN A slope, usually with rails, by which a boat can be transferred from one level of waterway to another.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT INCLINED PLANE

CANEPHORA

- SN A sculpted female figure carrying a basket on her head.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT HUMAN FIGURE

CANTEEN

- SN A room intended for the taking of refreshments, usually containing a counter from which they are served.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT DINING ROOM

CAP

- SN The rotating top section of a tower or smock mill.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CAPITAL

SN The top part of a column, often decorated.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT ABACUS

BASKET CAPITAL

BELL

BELL CAPITAL

COMPOSITE CAPITAL

CORINTHIAN CAPITAL

CROCKET CAPITAL

CUSHION CAPITAL

DORIC CAPITAL

IONIC CAPITAL

PROTOMA CAPITAL

STIFF LEAF CAPITAL

TUSCAN CAPITAL

WATER LEAF CAPITAL

CAPONIER

SN An enclosed, defensible passageway, equipped with gun ports, extending into or traversing a dry ditch.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

CAPSTONE

SN A large stone laid horizontally to form the roof of a chamber.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CARREL (AISLE)

SN An aisle divided into chapels. This term is sometimes applied to the screens dividing the aisle, or the chapels themselves.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT AISLE

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT AISLE

CARREL (NICHE)

SN An enclosure or niche in a library or cloister used for study.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT NICHE

CARRIAGE ENTRANCE

SN An entrance large enough for carriages and vehicles leading through a building or wall into an inner courtyard.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ENTRANCE

RT PORTE COCHERE

CARTOUCHE

SN A decorative, framed tablet, usually bearing an inscription or coat of arms, in the form of a scroll or curving piece of parchment.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

CARYATID

SN A female figure used instead of a column, usually supporting an entablature.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT COLUMN

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT HUMAN FIGURE

CASEMATE

SN A chamber built into a wall in a defensive structure.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

CASEMENT

SN A hollow moulding, often enriched, similar to a scotia or cavetto, used in Gothic jambs and cornices.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

CASEMENT WINDOW

SN A window where the sash is hung vertically and the window opens outwards or inwards.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT WINDOW

NT FRENCH WINDOW

Casual Ward

USE **VAGRANTS WARD**

SN Use VAGRANTS WARD as it is meant to shelter wandering vagrants overnight rather than the permanent inhabitants of a workhouse.

CATS HEAD MOULDING

SN A decorative moulding depicting an animal or bird head, similar to a beak head moulding but with a shorter, cone-like tongue or beak overlapping the moulding set beneath it.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

RT BEAK HEAD MOULDING

CATSLIDE ROOF

SN A roof with one side longer than the other, continuing at the same pitch over an extension to a building. Commonly found in New England Colonial architecture.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT PENT ROOF

CAULICOLI

SN The lesser stalks springing from the principal stalks, or caules, within the decoration on a Corinthian capital.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT FLORAL FEATURE

CAVETTO

SN A concave moulding where the profile is a quarter of a circle.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

CEILING

SN The surface of a room which conceals overhead structural members.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT CAMERA (CEILING)

CEILING PAINTING

SN A two dimensional image using paint applied to the surface of a ceiling.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

RT WALL PAINTING

CELL

SN Term used to indicate the basic unit of

accommodation in the plan of a building. It does not necessarily relate to the structural divisions within a building.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
RT BAY

CELLAR

UF Cellarium
SN A room that is underground or partially underground. Primarily used for storage.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT STOREROOM

Cellarium

USE **CELLAR**

CENTERING

SN A temporary support placed under a vault or arch to support them during construction.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT ARCH

Central Chimney Plan

USE **AXIAL CHIMNEY PLAN**
SN see axial chimney plan

CENTRAL FIREPLACE PLAN

SN A plan in which a chimney containing back-to-back fireplaces heats two rooms simultaneously by being placed within the dividing wall.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

CENTRAL STAIRCASE PLAN

SN A plan in which the staircase is placed at the centre of the building.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Centre Valve Steam Engine

USE **WILLANS CENTRE VALVE STEAM ENGINE**

CHAIN MOULDING

SN A decorative moulding in the form of a chain.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

CHAIN PUMP

UF Rag And Chain Pump
SN An early design of pump featuring a series of pistons, or sometimes bundles of rags, passing through a barrel on a continuous chain, forcing water upwards.
CL MACHINERY
BT PUMP

Chamber

USE **ROOM**

CHAMBER BLOCK

SN An area of several rooms in a medieval house or building. Probably for domestic use.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT WING
RT ROOM
SOLAR

CHAMFER

SN A surface formed by cutting off a square edge, usually at 45 degrees. Use more specific type where known.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT BEADED CHAMFER
HOLLOW CHAMFER
STOPPED CHAMFER

CHANCEL

SN The choir and sanctuary in the liturgical eastern part of a church appropriated for those who officiate during services.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

CHANCEL ARCH

SN An arch at the liturgical east of the nave, carrying a gabled wall above, separating nave from chancel.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

Chancel Screen

USE **ROOD SCREEN**

CHANDELIER

SN A branched, hanging light fitting, often ornate in design, providing illumination from a number of candles or lightbulbs.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

CHANGING ROOM

SN A room within a building, such as a shop or leisure complex, sometimes equipped with cubicles or screens to allow a degree of privacy, where clothing can be tried on or changed.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
RT DRESSING ROOM

Chantry

USE **CHANTRY CHAPEL**

CHANTRY CHAPEL

UF Chantry
SN A chapel, often attached to or screened off inside a church, endowed for the celebration of masses principally for the repose of the founder's soul.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT CHAPEL

CHAPEL

SN A building, room or area, often within or attached to a church or other building, serving as a place of worship. Where a monument, use the Thesaurus of Monument Types.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
NT APSE CHAPEL
CHANTRY CHAPEL
GALILEE
LADY CHAPEL
RADIATING CHAPEL
RT CHEVET

CHAPTER HOUSE

SN A building, sometimes polygonal in plan, attached to a cathedral, church, abbey etc. and used for the assembly of chapter or brethren, often to

- address official business.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ASSEMBLY ROOM
- CHEESE PRESS**
- SN A device used in the production of hard cheeses that exerts pressure upon fresh curds in order to remove and drain away excess whey.
- CL MACHINERY
- CHEVET**
- SN The area that contains the ambulatory, apse and chapels. Usually found in larger churches, monasteries and cathedrals.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
RT AMBULATORY (INTERIOR)
APSE
CHAPEL
- CHEVRON MOULDING**
- UF Zigzag Moulding
SN A three-dimensional decorative ornamentation composed of a series of Vs forming a zigzag.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
- CHILDRENS BLOCK**
- SN Series of rooms in a workhouse complex where children were housed and looked after.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CHIMNEY**
- SN The flue or channel that funnels smoke from a fire.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ANGLE CHIMNEY
CHIMNEY BREAST
CHIMNEY COWL
CHIMNEY POT
CHIMNEY SHAFT
CHIMNEY STACK
- Chimney Back
- USE **FIREBACK**
- Chimney Bar
- USE **BRESSUMMER**
- CHIMNEY BREAST**
- SN A stone or brick structure that projects into, or out of, a room and contains the flue.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CHIMNEY
- CHIMNEY COWL**
- SN A covering of metal, stone or pottery set on a chimney breast above a fire to prevent smoke entering the room and instead directing it up the chimney.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CHIMNEY
- Chimney Piece
- USE **MANTELPIECE**
- CHIMNEY POT**
- SN A cylindrical, polygonal, or square element of brick, metal or terracotta fixed on top of a chimney stack to extend the flue and improve the extraction of smoke.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CHIMNEY
- CHIMNEY SHAFT**
- SN A very high chimney, though more often a chimney stack containing only one flue.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CHIMNEY
- CHIMNEY STACK**
- SN A masonry or brickwork structure projecting above a roof and containing several flues.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CHIMNEY
- CHINESE ROOM**
- SN A room decorated, and furnished, in the style of the Chinese.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
- CHOIR**
- UF Quire
SN Part of a large church, east of the nave, appropriated for singers and clergy.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
RT ALTAR SCREEN
- CHOIR SCREEN**
- SN A screen separating the choir from other parts of the church.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SCREEN
- CHUTE**
- SN A vertical or inclined plane, channel, or passage through which objects are moved from a higher to a lower level by means of gravity.
- CL MACHINERY
- CIDER PRESS**
- SN A machine that presses apples to extract juice for the production of cider.
- CL MACHINERY
- Cill
- USE **SILL**
- CINQUEFOIL**
- SN An ornamental foliation in panels or tracery so called because it is arranged around five intervals, known as foils or cusps, that describe the outlines of five leaves or petals.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT TRACERY
- CIRCULAR PLAN**
- SN The plan on which a circular building is constructed.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
- CLADDING**
- SN A non-structural covering, such as tile, slate, wood etc., applied to an exterior wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

- NT CLAPBOARD
SLATE HANGING
TILE HANGING
WEATHERBOARDING
- CLAPBOARD**
- SN A horizontal, riven board, tapered in section, used for external cladding.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CLADDING
- CLAPPING QUOIN**
- UF Hollow Quoin
- SN A quoin, usually of stone, with a concave rebate at one corner forming the surface against which the rounded edge of a canal lock gate turns, making a kind of hinge.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT QUOIN
- CLASPED PURLIN**
- SN A purlin that rests against the lower surface of a principal rafter and is supported by a queen post, collar or raking strut.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT THROUGH PURLIN
- CLASPING BUTTRESS**
- SN A buttress which encases the corner between two walls.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS
- CLASSROOM**
- SN A room intended for the purpose of teaching a group or class of students simultaneously.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT SCHOOLROOM
- Clearstorey
USE **CLERESTORY**
- Clearstory
USE **CLERESTORY**
- Clerestorey
USE **CLERESTORY**
- CLERESTORY**
- UF Clearstorey
Clearstory
Clerestorey
Overstorey
- SN The upper parts of walls carried on arcades or colonnades in the nave, choir or transepts of a church or hall, rising higher than the lean-to roofs of the aisles and pierced with windows to allow light to penetrate.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- CLIMBING WALL**
- SN An artificially constructed wall with recessed and projecting grips for hands and feet and places to attach ropes. Used for practising rock climbing. If the wall is a free-standing external structure use term for the Thesaurus of Monument Types.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- CLOAKROOM**
- SN A room in which cloaks, coats, hats etc may be left and often including coat hooks, hat boxes and similar fixtures and fittings.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
- CLOCK TOWER**
- SN A tall structure, high in proportion to its lateral dimensions, often rising in stages, free standing or part of another building, surmounted by a clock.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT TOWER
- CLOISTER**
- SN A covered ambulatory, usually arcaded, arranged around three or four sides of a quadrangle in a monastic or collegiate establishment.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT AMBULATORY (EXTERNAL)
RT ANTEPORTICO
- CLOISTER GARTH**
- SN A quadrangle or courtyard, often grassed or planted, surrounded by cloisters
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT COURTYARD
- CLOSE STUDDING**
- SN In timber framed buildings this is the division of a wall into narrow panels by vertical studs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STUD
- CLOSED TRUSS**
- SN A truss in which spaces between timbers are filled, as between rooms and at the ends of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS
- CLOSET**
- SN A small chamber or private room.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- CLOTHING STORE**
- SN A room within a building or complex used for storing clothing.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT STOREROOM
- CLUSTERED COLUMN**
- UF Compound Column
- SN A pier made up of several columns clustered together. They can be attached through their whole length or only at top and bottom.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN
- Clustered Pier
USE **COMPOUND PIER**
- COAL TIPPLER**
- SN Loading machinery tipping coal into railway wagons, usually at a pithead.
- CL MACHINERY
NT HYDRAULIC TIPPLER

COALING CRANE

- SN A crane used for moving coal during the refuelling of coal-powered vessels or locomotives.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE

Coat Of Arms

- USE **ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS**

COFFERING

- SN A series of recessed, ornamental panels decorating a ceiling.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT PANELLING

COGGED JOIST

- SN A joist that has its end resting in a recess in a transverse beam.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOIST

Coien

- USE **QUOIN**

Coign

- USE **QUOIN**

Coin

- USE **QUOIN**

Cold Bath

- USE **FRIGIDARIUM**

COLLAR

- SN A horizontal member connecting rafters or cruck blades at a point between their feet and the apex of the roof.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

COLLAR PLATE

- SN A horizontal timber that joins the collars of a series of roof trusses.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PLATE

COLLAR PURLIN

- SN A longitudinal member in a roof, running beneath the collar beams and intended to give stability to the roof.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PURLIN

COLLEGE HALL

- SN A large communal room within a college complex used for functions, assemblies, examinations etc.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT HALL (COMMUNAL)
- NT EXAMINATION HALL

COLONNADE

- SN A row of columns that carry arches or an entablature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BLIND COLONNADE
COLONNADE A JOUR
PERISTYLE

COLONNADE A JOUR

- SN A colonnade where it is exposed to the air on two sides.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLONNADE

COLONNETTE

- SN A small shaft or column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- NT NOOK SHAFT

COLOSSAL ORDER

- UF Giant Order
- SN An order in which the columns rise more than one storey in height from the ground or plinth.
- CL ORDER

COLUMN

- UF Demi Column
- SN A vertical, circular member, usually load-carrying. Where separate, use monument type.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANGLE COLUMN
ANNULATED COLUMN
ANNULET
APOPHYGE
APPLIED COLUMN
ATLANTIS
ATTIC COLUMN
BANDED COLUMN
BLOCKED COLUMN
CARYATID
CLUSTERED COLUMN
COLONNETTE
COMPOSITE COLUMN
CORINTHIAN COLUMN
DETACHED COLUMN
DORIC COLUMN
DRUM
ENGAGED COLUMN
IONIC COLUMN
SPIRAL COLUMN
TUSCAN COLUMN

COMBER

- SN A machine used for combing wool. Use more specific term where known.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT HEILMANN COMBER
HOLDEN COMBER
LISTER COMBER
NOBLE COMBER

COMBINATION MILL

- SN A flour milling machine using both stones and rollers to produce flour and, perhaps mainly from the stones, animal feed from grains other than wheat.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT FLOUR MILL

COMBINED DIESEL AND GAS TURBINE

- SN A propulsion system for ships which need a maximum speed that is considerably faster than their cruise speed, particularly warships. It consists of diesel engines for cruising and gas turbines for high-speed transits.
- CL MACHINERY

BT GAS TURBINE
DIESEL ENGINE

COMBINED STEAM AND GAS TURBINE

SN A propulsion system for ships using a combination of steam turbines and gas turbines to power the shafts.

CL MACHINERY

BT GAS TURBINE
STEAM TURBINE

COMMITTEE ROOM

SN A room where a committee meets to discuss matters put before them.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT MEETING ROOM

COMMON RAFTER

SN A rafter of uniform size placed at regular intervals along the length of a roof.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT RAFTER

COMMON RAFTER ROOF

SN A roof consisting entirely of common rafters, without the use of principals, in pairs but not connected by collar-beams.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ROOF

COMMON RAFTER TRUSS

SN A pair of common rafters with a collar.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT TRUSS

COMMON ROOM

SN A room in general use for persons to meet, often found at institutions such as colleges.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT MEETING ROOM

Communion Rail

USE **ALTAR RAIL**

Communion Table

USE **ALTAR**

COMPOSITE ARCH

SN A lancet arch designed in the composite style.

CL ORDER

BT COMPOSITE ORDER

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT LANCET ARCH

COMPOSITE BASE

SN Bases of this order are often referred to as spiras and have a double astragal in the middle.

CL ORDER

BT COMPOSITE ORDER

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BASE

COMPOSITE CAPITAL

SN An ornate version of an eight-voluted Ionic capital known as an angular capital or Scamozzi under which are added two tiers of acanthus leaves.

CL ORDER

BT COMPOSITE ORDER

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CAPITAL

COMPOSITE COLUMN

SN A detached, sometimes monolithic vertical structural element usually circular, square or polygonal bearing an ornate eight-voluted Ionic Capital.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT COLUMN

CL ORDER

BT COMPOSITE ORDER

COMPOSITE ENTABLATURE

SN The horizontal assembly of architrave, frieze and cornice carried upon columns and pilasters in the Composite order; and so containing elements of the Ionic and Corinthian orders.

CL ORDER

BT COMPOSITE ORDER

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ENTABLATURE

COMPOSITE ORDER

SN An order composed of elements of the Ionic and Corinthian orders.

CL ORDER

NT COMPOSITE ARCH
COMPOSITE BASE
COMPOSITE CAPITAL
COMPOSITE COLUMN
COMPOSITE ENTABLATURE

Compound Column

USE **CLUSTERED COLUMN**

COMPOUND PIER

UF Clustered Pier

SN A pier made up of several shafts against it. The shafts can be attached or detached.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

COMPOUND RAFTER

SN A doubled rafter, separated by cleats, spacers or distance pieces.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT RAFTER

NT SECONDARY RAFTER

COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine that uses the same steam successively to drive pistons in high and then low pressure cylinders.

CL MACHINERY

BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE

NT EXTRACTION ENGINE
MANHATTAN ENGINE
WILLANS CENTRE VALVE STEAM ENGINE
WOLF COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

CONCEALED BRACE

SN A brace halved to the inside of studs, and so not visible from outside.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BRACE

CONDENSING STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine in which the spent steam leaving the cylinder passes to a condenser instead of being exhausted to the atmosphere. The

condenser creates a partial vacuum which increases the pressure drop across the engine, so raising its efficiency.

CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

CONFERENCE ROOM

SN A room where organizations and associations meet for the undertaking of presentations and consultation.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT AUDITORIUM
MEETING ROOM

CONFESSIO

SN A recess or chamber near the altar which holds a relic. A feature of medieval churches.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

CONFESSIONAL

SN A booth, cubicle or recess, often enclosed, in which a priest, usually screened from view, hears confessions.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

CONSERVATORY

SN An extension to a building usually made primarily of glass, for growing plants.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

CONSOLE

SN An S-shaped ornamental bracket with a greater height than projection.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACKET

CONTRA FLOW STEAM ENGINE

SN The common design of steam engine, where steam enters the cylinder at one end, and after it has pushed the piston to the other end, its direction of flow is reversed as the piston returns, the steam leaving the cylinder through the exhaust ports.

CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

CONTROL ROOM

SN A room in which actions are checked, verified and approved.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

CONVEYOR BELT

UF Creeper

SN A machine consisting of a continuously moving band of fabric, rubber, or metal used for transporting people or objects from one place to another.

CL MACHINERY

COOLING TOWER

SN A large structure, usually associated with power stations, in which hot water undergoes a process of cooling before being re-used.

CL MACHINERY

COPING

SN A protective covering applied to the top of a wall, chimney, gable etc., usually curved, sloping or ridged to prevent rainwater settling.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CORBEL

SN A cantilevered block projecting from the face of a wall and supporting a structure such as a parapet, beam or arch.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT CORBEL TABLE

CORBEL TABLE

SN A projecting wall or structure, such as a parapet or battlement, supported by a series of corbels.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT CORBEL

CORINTHIAN BASE

SN A slender and elegant base usually of Attic type with two tori, two scotiae and two astragals.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BASE
CL ORDER
BT CORINTHIAN ORDER

CORINTHIAN CAPITAL

SN A capital with two rows of eight acanthus leaves rising above an astragal; from between the leaves of the upper row rise eight stalks, each surmounted by a calyx from which emerge volutes carrying the corners of the concave-sided abacus and central ornaments

CL ORDER
BT CORINTHIAN ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL

CORINTHIAN COLUMN

SN A vertical structure usually with an Attic base or spira with slender and elegant design, with a capital decorated with acanthus leaves and an entablature rich in carved ornament.

CL ORDER
BT CORINTHIAN ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN

CORINTHIAN ENTABLATURE

SN An entablature often of great magnificence with bead and reel between fasciae of the architrave, frieze ornamented with continuous sculpture and cornice, with ornate coffers and richly carved modillions.

CL ORDER
BT CORINTHIAN ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ENTABLATURE

CORINTHIAN ORDER

SN A classical order having a bell-shaped capital that is decorated with laurel, olive or acanthus leaves from which CAULICOLI emerge. The shaft is usually fluted and the base is often an Attic base.

CL ORDER
NT ATTIC BASE
CORINTHIAN BASE
CORINTHIAN CAPITAL

CORINTHIAN COLUMN
CORINTHIAN ENTABLATURE

CORNER BRACE

- SN A short, horizontal brace set between a tiebeam and a wall plate to strengthen the structure.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACE

Corner Capital

USE **ANGLE CAPITAL**

CORNICE

- SN The upper part of the classical entablature. Also a moulded projection crowning a door, wall, window etc.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ENTABLATURE
- NT BLOCK CORNICE
CORONA
CYMATIUM
MUTULE
RAKING CORNICE

CORNISH ENGINE

- SN A beam steam engine originating in Cornwall, first used for raising water from mines.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE

CORNUCOPIA

- SN Decorative ornamentation in the form of a horn filled with fruit etc.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

CORONA

- SN A vertical faced projection in the cornice.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CORNICE

CORPS DE LOGIS

- SN The main body of a structure not including wings etc.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT PLAN COMPONENT

CORRIDOR

- SN A passageway within a building providing access to rooms.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

COUNCIL CHAMBER

- SN A assembly room or rooms in which a collection of nominated persons meet to transact business of relevant purpose.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

COUNTER

- UF Sales Counter
- SN A flat-topped, often elongated, construction at which customers are served by staff in a commercial establishment such as a bank, shop, inn etc.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- NT BAR

COUNTER APSE

SN The apse at the west end of the nave in a double-ended church.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT APSE

COUNTERSCARP BANK

- SN A low bank on the edge of a defensive ditch on the side away from the main rampart.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

COUPLED ROOF

- SN A roof in which pairs of rafters are fixed to the ridge piece and the wall plates without any collars or tiebeams.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF

COURTROOM

- SN The place, hall or chamber in which justice is administered.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

COURTYARD

- SN An enclosed area, often surrounded by walls or buildings.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- NT ANTECOURT
BASE COURT
CLOISTER GARTH
FORECOURT

COURTYARD PLAN

- UF Quadrangle Plan
- SN A plan of a house where the buildings are around at least three sides of a quadrilateral courtyard.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
- NT DOUBLE COURTYARD PLAN

COVE

- SN A large concave moulding.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

Cover Slip

USE **BATTEN**

COVERED WAY

- UF Alatoria
Alatorium
Alorium
Pentice
Slype
- SN A passageway or corridor between two areas which is covered.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

Covey

USE **PANTRY**

Covie

USE **PANTRY**

Coyne

USE **QUOIN**

Cradle Roof

USE **WAGON ROOF**

CRANE

SN A machine used for lifting materials.
CL MACHINERY
NT COALING CRANE
DERRICK
FLOATING CRANE
HYDRAULIC CRANE
JIB CRANE
MOVING CRANE
QUARRY HOIST
QUAY CRANE
STEAM CRANE
TRAVELLING CRANE
TREADMILL CRANE
WALL CRANE

CREDESCENCE

SN In churches a niche, or shelf, within or beside a piscina, or a table for the sacramental elements and vessels. (Source: Pevsner Glossary)
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT NICHE
RT PISCINA

CREEP

UF Sheep Creep
SN A small opening built into a stone wall or hedge to allow small animals through.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ENTRANCE

Creeper

USE **CONVEYOR BELT**

Crenel

USE **CRENELLATION**

CRENELLATION

UF Crenel
Crenelle
Embrasure
SN The openings between the upright blocks, or merlons, of a battlement.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BATTLEMENT

Crenelle

USE **CRENELLATION**

CROCKET CAPITAL

SN A capital which is decorated with stylized leaves similar to small volutes.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL

CROSS ENTRY

SN The entry to a hall through opposed doorways, but without a passage formed by a wall or partition.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ENTRANCE

CROSS GABLE

SN A gable supporting a roof, placed at right-angles to the main part of the roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT GABLE

CROSS JOISTING

SN A method of floor construction in which sections of joists run at right-angles to one another.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOIST

CROSS PASSAGE

SN Entry to a hall through opposing doors with a partition screening the hall and forming a passageway.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PASSAGE

CROSS TRANSEPT

SN The transverse portion of a cruciform church, or the arms on either side of the crossing, often with chapels at the east sides and possibly with aisles as well.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT TRANSEPT

CROSS TREE

SN Two intersecting beams set on the ground to support a post, usually for a post mill.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT QUARTER BAR

CROSS VAULT

SN A vault created by the intersection of two other vaults set at right angles to each other and of equal size.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT VAULT

CROSS WINDOW

SN A window with a single mullion and a single transom.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

CROSS WING

SN A wing joined to the main body of the building with the roof at right angles to the main roof.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT WING

CROSSING

SN The intersection and space between the nave, chancel and transepts in a cruciform church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
RT CROSSING TOWER

CROSSING TOWER

SN A tower which rises above the space at the intersection of the nave, chancel and transepts of a church. Usually pierced by windows to provide light directly to the area below.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT TOWER
RT CROSSING
LANTERN

Crouds

USE **CRYPT**

CROWN PLATE

SN A plate in a crown post roof, supported on crown posts and bearing the collars.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PLATE

CROWN POST

SN An upright timber standing on a tiebeam to support a collar or purlin. Once used as an alternative to king post, this term is now restricted to the shorter post ending at collar level.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT POST

CROWN STEEPLE

SN A steeple in which the spire resembles a crown.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT STEEPLE

CROWN STRUT

SN An upright timber similar to a crown post, but not supporting a plate.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STRUT

CROWN TREE

SN The main vertical beam standing at the centre of a post mill carrying the bearing upon which the body of the mill rotates.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CROWN WHEEL

SN The gearwheel on the upright shaft within a windmill from which secondary drives operating other parts of the machinery are powered. are taken
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CROWSTEPS GABLE

SN A gable with sides shaped like a flight of steps.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT GABLE

CRUCIFORM PLAN

SN A building plan in the shape of a cross.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

CRUCK

UF Full Cruck
SN A pair of timbers, or blades, usually curved, rising from a place at or near ground level to a point at or near the apex of a roof, forming an approximately triangular frame on which the subsidiary structure rests.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS
NT BASE CRUCK
BLADE
CRUCK SPUR
END CRUCK
JOINTED CRUCK
RAISED CRUCK
UPPER CRUCK

CRUCK SPUR

SN A short timber connecting a cruck's timber, or blade, to a wall plate.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CRUCK

CRUCK STUD

SN A stud on the outside of a cruck blade and attached to it.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STUD

CRUSHING CIRCLE

SN A horse-powered apparatus, for the crushing of commodities such as ore or cider apples, consisting of a stone wheel running over a circular iron or stone bed.
CL MACHINERY

CRYPT

UF Crouds
SN A wholly or partially underground chamber, often beneath a chancel, equipped for religious services and usually containing tombs.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT ARCOSOLIUM
RING CRYPT

Cube Capital

USE CUSHION CAPITAL

CUPBOARD

SN A recess, often containing shelves and usually fitted with a door or doors, used for the storage of items.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
NT AUMBRY
WARDROBE

CUPOLA

SN A small dome on top of a larger dome, roof etc.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

CURTAIN WALL

SN A wall connecting two pavilions, bastions, towers etc..
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WALL

CUSHION CAPITAL

UF Block Capital
Cube Capital
Pillow Capital
SN A cube-shaped capital with its lower corners rounded to facilitate the transition from the circular shaft below to the square abacus it supports.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL
NT SCALLOPED CAPITAL

CUTWATER

SN The wedge shaped end of a bridge pier designed to break the current of water.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CYCLE RACK

SN A structure used for the secure storage of bicycles.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

CYMA RECTA

- UF Ogee Moulding
- SN A decorative S-shaped moulding, usually placed at the top of a cornice, with a concave lower half and a convex upper half.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- RT OGEE

CYMA REVERSA

- SN A decorative S-shaped moulding, usually placed at the top of a cornice, with a concave lower half and a convex upper half.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

CYMATIUM

- SN The top of a cornice in an entablature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CORNICE

DADO (PEDESTAL)

- UF Die
- SN The area between the base and the cornice of a plinth.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PEDESTAL

DADO (WALL)

- SN The lower area of a interior wall between the skirting board and the dado rail
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WALL
- RT DADO RAIL

DADO RAIL

- SN A wall-mounted moulding defining the upper edge of the dado, intended to protect the wall's surface from damage caused by chairs being pushed against it.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- RT DADO (WALL)

DAIS

- SN A raised platform at the end of a hall on which the high table sat, though sometimes used to describe the table itself.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

DAIS BEAM

- SN A decorated beam, above the dais or high table, attached to the partition at the upper end of a hall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

DAIS CANOPY

- SN A framed canopy suspended above the dais or high table at the upper end of a hall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

DANCE FLOOR

- SN An open floor surface for dancing.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES

DASHWHEEL

- SN An early washing machine used in bleaching works for washing calico and other textiles.
- CL MACHINERY

DAY ROOM

- SN A communal living room.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

Deambulatory

- USE **AMBULATORY (EXTERNAL)**

Dean Hole

- USE **PRIESTS HOLE**

DEBATING ROOM

- SN A chamber where discussions of issues take place, often found at universities.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

DECORATED PANEL

- UF Inscribed Panel
Painted Panel
- SN A panel, usually wooden or stone, painted or engraved with an illustration or inscription.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PANEL

DECORATIVE FEATURES

- SN A component part that is designed deliberately for decorative purposes.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS
ANIMAL FIGURE
ANTEFIX
ARCHIVOLT
AUREOLE
CAMOUFLAGE
CARTOUCHE
CEILING PAINTING
CHAMFER
CORNUCOPIA
DECORATIVE PLASTERWORK
DENTIL
DIAPER
EGG AND DART
FINIAL
FLORAL FEATURE
FLUSHWORK
GRAFFITO
GUTTAE
HUMAN FIGURE
KEY PATTERN
KNOTWORK
MEDALLION
MOULDING
OGEE
OVERMANTEL
OVERTHROW
PAINTING
PANELLING
PATERA
PICTURE FRAME
PINNACLE
REBUS
SCULPTURE
SPIRAL FLUTING
STONE CARVING
STRAPWORK
TILING

TRACERY
VOLUTE
WALL PAINTING
WALLPAPER

DECORATIVE PLASTERWORK

SN An area of plasterwork modelled or incised with ornamental designs or motifs.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT PARGETTING

Demi Column

USE **COLUMN**

DENTIL

SN One of a series of small, rectangular blocks arranged like a row of teeth, projecting from the lower part of a cornice in many classical orders.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

DERRICK

SN A machine for hoisting or moving heavy weights, consisting of a spar or boom set up obliquely, with its head steadied by guys, and furnished with suitable tackle and purchases.
CL MACHINERY
BT CRANE

DETACHED COLUMN

UF Insulated Column
SN An unengaged, or free-standing, column.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN

Diaconicon

USE **SACRISTY**

DIAGONAL BUTTRESS

SN A buttress placed at the exterior corner of a building, forming a 135 degree angle with the walls it supports.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS

DIAMOND MULLION

SN A mullion of square section set diagonally.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT MULLION

DIAPER

SN A decorative, repeating geometric pattern, utilizing motifs such as lozenges, leaves etc., applied to a wall or panel, or incorporated into brickwork by laying different coloured bricks in a series of squares, diamonds.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Die

USE **DADO (PEDESTAL)**

DIESEL ENGINE

SN Internal combustion engine powered by diesel fuel.
CL MACHINERY
BT INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE
NT COMBINED DIESEL AND GAS TURBINE

DIMINISHED PRINCIPAL

SN A principal that has been reduced to the same thickness as a common rafter where the roof has

clasped purlins.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PRINCIPAL

DINING ROOM

UF Tearoom
SN A room, furnished with tables and chairs, where meals and refreshments are served and consumed.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT BANQUETING HALL
BREAKFAST ROOM
CANTEEN
HINDS HALL
REFECTORY

DIOCLETIAN WINDOW

UF Therm
Thermal Window
SN A semi-circular opening or window divided, by two mullions, into three sections, the central section being wider than those either side of it.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT MULLIONED WINDOW

DIRECT ENTRY PLAN

SN A plan in which entry is directly into a room without being situated opposite a fireplace.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Discharging Arch

USE **RELIEVING ARCH**

DISK ENGINE

SN A hydraulic engine patented in 1830 comprising a large specially shaped cast-iron outer casing enclosing a close-fitting but separate solid globe.
CL MACHINERY
BT HYDRAULIC ENGINE

DISPLAY CASE

SN An enclosed structure, usually glass fronted, designed to contain, and facilitate the viewing of, objects or notices. May be built into the fabric of a room, affixed to an exterior or exterior wall or free standing.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

DOGLEG STAIRCASE

SN A staircase divided into two parallel flights joined by a landing with no well between the outer strings.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT STAIRCASE

DOGTTOOTH MOULDING

SN A decorative moulding featuring a repeating star-like motif carved in relief.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

DOME

SN A roof, circular in plan, usually semicircular in section, over a circular, square or polygonal base.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

DOOR

- SN The entrance to a building, apartment or any enclosure consisting of a movable barrier, usually lockable, of wood or other materials.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BATTENED DOOR
HECK DOOR
JIB DOOR
PANELLED DOOR
PLANKED DOOR
PRIESTS DOOR
STUDDED DOOR
TRAPDOOR
WICKET
- RT AEDICULE (FRAME)
DOORCASE
DOORWAY
DRAW BAR
FANLIGHT

DOOR LINTEL

- SN A lintel over a door.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT LINTEL

DOOR POST

- SN A vertical upright on either side of a door.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT POST
- RT JAMB

DOORCASE

- SN The wood, stone or brick framework, lining a doorway, from which the door is hung.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT DOOR
DOORWAY

DOORWAY

- SN The space in which a door is placed, allowing passage through.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ENTRANCE
- RT DOOR
DOORCASE
TRUMEAU

DORIC BASE

- SN A base of the Roman Doric order with a torus, an astragal and a fillet.
- CL ORDER
- BT DORIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BASE

DORIC CAPITAL

- SN A capital with an abacus, ovolo, neck and astragal.
- CL ORDER
- BT DORIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL

DORIC COLUMN

- SN A column that is equidistant, with intercolumniations, even at the corners, with two or more triglyphs over each intercolumniation.
- CL ORDER

- BT DORIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

DORIC ENTABLATURE

- SN An entablature with a plain architrave or principal beam over which are the frieze and cornice.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ENTABLATURE
- CL ORDER
- BT DORIC ORDER

DORIC ORDER

- SN A classical order with metopes and triglyphs in the frieze. Greek Doric has no base and a fluted column but Roman Doric does have a base and may or may not have a fluted column.
- CL ORDER
- NT DORIC BASE
DORIC CAPITAL
DORIC COLUMN
DORIC ENTABLATURE
METOPE
TRIGLYPH

DORMER

- SN A chamber usually used for sleeping.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

DORMER WINDOW

- SN A projecting vertical window in the sloping roof of a house.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW

DORMITORY

- UF Dorter
- SN A sleeping apartment usually containing a number of beds and sometimes partitioned into cubicles. A room for sleeping in, usually for a number of beds.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RETIREMENT ROOM
- NT WARD

Dorter

- USE DORMITORY

DOUBLE ARCH BRACED TRUSS

- SN A truss in which two pairs of arch braces form a continuous curve from the wall-heads or below to meet in the centre of the collar.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

DOUBLE COURTYARD PLAN

- SN Two linked quadrangular open areas surrounded by walls or buildings.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT COURTYARD PLAN

DOUBLE DEPTH PLAN

- SN A plan in which the building is two rooms deep but has no central corridor.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

DOUBLE PILE PLAN

- SN An English seventeenth century house plan

consisting of a rectangular block two rooms deep, the rooms sometimes separated by a passage.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Double Suntrap Plan

USE **BUTTERFLY PLAN**

DOVECOTE

SN A shelter for doves or pigeons, often containing nesting boxes, either free-standing or built into other structures (barns, towers etc.). If a dedicated, free-standing structure, index with MONUMENT TYPE: DOVECOTE.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT
RT NEST HOLE

DOVETAIL JOINT

SN A joint in which the end is shaped like a dovetail.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT
NT LAP DOVETAIL JOINT

Downdrip

USE **RAINWATER PIPE**

DOWNWARD BRACE

SN A brace running from a vertical to a lower horizontal timber.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

DRAGON BEAM

SN A horizontal member cutting through the corner formed by two walls to act as a support to a hip rafter to support jetties on two adjacent sides of an upper floor.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

DRAGON TIE

SN A horizontal brace linking tiebeam and wall plate, or adjacent wall plates at the corner of a hipped roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

DRAW BAR

SN A wooden bar sliding from a long channel at one side of a doorway into a socket in the other jamb so as to bar the door.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT DOOR

DRAW LOOM

SN A hand-operated loom on which figured cloth could be woven, also known as a drawing engine.
CL MACHINERY
BT LOOM

DRAWING ROOM

UF Withdrawing Chamber
Withdrawing Room
SN A room to withdraw to from the dining room.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT MEETING ROOM

Dresser

USE **SIFTER**

DRESSING ROOM

SN A room, particularly in a house or theatre, intended for dressing or changing one's clothes and furnished with wardrobes, dressing tables and other facilities for the application of make-up, styling of hair etc.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
RT CHANGING ROOM

Drip Mould

USE **DRIPSTONE**

DRIPSTONE

UF Drip Mould
Hood Mould
SN A moulding that projects from a wall above an exterior opening and is shaped to channel rainwater away from it.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING
NT LABEL
SHELL HOOD
RT LABEL STOP

DRIVE

UF Drive Mechanism
SN The primary mechanism within an engine or device that transmits motion, especially rotary motion, to wheels, cogs, turntables etc.
CL MACHINERY

Drive Mechanism

USE **DRIVE**

DROP ARCH

SN A pointed, two-centred, arch whose span is greater than its height.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT POINTED ARCH

DROPPED TIEBEAM

SN A transverse ceiling beam set below wall-plate level in order to increase head room within the roof space; it carries knee principals, or the struts or braces of an interrupted tiebeam truss.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TIEBEAM

DRUM

SN A polygonal or circular stone forming part of the shaft of a column.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLUMN

DUNGEON

SN A chamber for the incarceration of one or more prisoners.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT OUBLIETTE

DUPLEX PUMP

SN A type of direct-acting, twin cylinder steam driven water pump.
CL MACHINERY

BT PUMP

DWARF TRANSEPT

SN A transept in which the two wings that extend beyond the walls of the nave are lower than the nave and the crossing of the church.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT TRANSEPT

E SHAPE PLAN

SN A plan type of a hall with two wings and a central porch.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

EARTH CLOSET

SN A wooden commode containing earth, which was used to cover and absorb human waste. An alternative, and rival, to the water closet.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

EASTER SEPULCHRE

SN A recess, usually situated in the north wall of a chancel, often canopied, containing a decorated tomb chest representing the burial and resurrection of Christ.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

RT TOMB

EAVE

SN The edge of a roof that hangs over the wall.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ROOF

NT EAVES BOARD

EAVES BOARD

SN A board on the lower edge of a sloping roof which protects the top of the external wall.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT EAVE

EAVES DRIP GULLY

SN A feature formed by water falling from the roof of a building and creating a linear or curving indentation in the ground.

CL IMPLIED FEATURE

ECHINUS MOULDING

SN An ovolo moulding below the abacus of a Doric or Ionic Capital.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

EDGE ROLL MOULDING

SN A rounded or convex moulding, such as an ovolo or torus.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

Egg And Anchor

USE **EGG AND DART**

EGG AND DART

UF Egg And Anchor
Egg And Leaf
Egg And Tongue

SN Decorative ornamentation consisting of alternating oval and V-shaped motifs, used to enrich ovolo mouldings.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Egg And Leaf

USE **EGG AND DART**

Egg And Tongue

USE **EGG AND DART**

Elevator

USE **LIFT**

ELLIPTICAL ARCH

SN An arch which is half an ellipse.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ARCH

EMBATTLED MOULDING

SN A decorative moulding featuring a geometric pattern suggesting the crenelles and merlons of a battlement.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT MOULDING

Em battlement

USE **BATTLEMENT**

Embrasure

USE **CRENELLATION**

END CRUCK

SN A cruck blade, sometimes jointed, set in the centre of a gable wall, usually of a cruck-framed building.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CRUCK

END HALL PLAN

SN A medieval plan with the hall situated at one end of the main range.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

END LOBBY ENTRY PLAN

SN A plan featuring a lobby entry, situated at one end of a side wall, which provides access to one room only.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Engaged Baluster

USE **SPLIT BALUSTER**

ENGAGED COLUMN

UF Attached Column

SN A column that is attached to or partly sunk into a wall or pier.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT COLUMN

RT APPLIED COLUMN

ENGINE

SN A piece of machinery used to convert energy of one sort (for instance steam) into motive energy.

CL MACHINERY

NT BARRING ENGINE

BLOWING ENGINE

FIXED ENGINE

GRASSHOPPER ENGINE

HOT AIR ENGINE

HYDRAULIC ENGINE
INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE
SCOTCH CRANK ENGINE
STEAM ENGINE

ENTABLATURE

SN In the Classical Orders, the horizontal assembly of architrave, frieze and cornice carried upon columns and pilasters.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ARCHITRAVE
COMPOSITE ENTABLATURE
CORINTHIAN ENTABLATURE
CORNIC E
DORIC ENTABLATURE
FRIEZE
IONIC ENTABLATURE
TUSCAN ENTABLATURE

ENTERCLOSE

SN A passage between two rooms in a house or leading from the door to the hall.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PASSAGE

ENTRANCE

SN A place of entry into a site, monument or building.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
NT ADIT
CARRIAGE ENTRANCE
CREEP
CROSS ENTRY
DOORWAY
ENTRANCE HALL
GATEWAY

ENTRANCE BLOCK

SN A building forming part of a complex or larger establishment, such as a workhouse, that serves as an entrance equipped with facilities associated with procedures undergone by new arrivals.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

ENTRANCE HALL

SN The passage, area, lobby, room or vestibule into which a building's main entrance opens.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT HALL (COMMUNAL)
ENTRANCE

Epistyle

USE ARCHITRAVE

EQUILATERAL ARCH

SN An arch whose height is equal to its span.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

ESCALATOR

SN Staircase whose moving steps are driven mechanically whilst remaining permanently in a horizontal plane allowing users or objects to be moved effortlessly from one level to another, within or outside a building.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT STAIRCASE
CL MACHINERY

ESCUTCHEON

SN A decorative feature of a shield for armorial bearings.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS

Ewery

USE SCULLERY

EXAMINATION HALL

SN A large room within a school or college used and appropriately furnished for the sitting of examinations by students..
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT COLLEGE HALL

EXEDRA

SN A semicircular niche or recess in a wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT NICHE
RT APSE

EXERCISE YARD

UF Airing Yard
SN A yard intended for the purpose of taking exercise, for example within the grounds of a prison.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

SN A space or area that is outside a building.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
NT AMBITUS
AMBULATORY (EXTERNAL)
ANTEPORTICO
ATRIUM (ECCLESIASTICAL)
BAILEY
BOATING POOL
COURTYARD
COVERED WAY
EXERCISE YARD
PADDLING POOL
PARADISE
PARVIS
PERGOLA

EXTERNAL STAIRCASE

SN A flight of stairs, situated on a building's exterior, extending to an upper storey.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
BT STAIRCASE

EXTRACTION ENGINE

SN A compound steam engine with provision for bleeding off some steam after it has passed through the high pressure cylinder and before it enters the low pressure cylinder.
CL MACHINERY
BT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

EXTRADOS

SN The outer curve of an arch or vault.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH
RT INTRADOS

FACADE

SN The external face or elevation of a building, especially the principal front.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ASTYLAR

FACE HALVED JOINT

SN A joint in which the side, or face, of a timber has been squarely cut away to fit into a corresponding cut-away in the side of another member.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

FAIRBAIRN JIB CRANE

SN A specialised form of crane, usually employed on a dockside, featuring a curving, solid jib.

CL MACHINERY
BT JIB CRANE

FAIRBAIRNS LEVER

SN A mechanical testing machine used to carry out pioneering tests on various materials, particularly cast-iron beams, to determine practical data on their strength and other properties.

CL MACHINERY

FALSE ARCH

SN An arch built by corbelling or cantilevering in from both sides with horizontal joints.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

FALSE GABLE

SN A gable without a roof behind it.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT GABLE

FALSE HAMMER BEAM

SN A transverse timber resembling a hammer beam but without a hammer post above, being braced to a principal or collar instead.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

FALSE HAMMER BEAM TRUSS

SN A truss with a transverse timber like a hammer-beam, but braced to a principal or collar without a hammer-post.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

FAN CARRIAGE

SN A wheeled device supporting a windmill's fantail that moves around a trackway thus turning the windmill into the wind.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT FANTAIL

FAN VAULT

SN A vault composed of concave cones, inverted and overlaid with ribs that rise from the springing of the vault and diverge equally in different directions, producing an effect like the ribs of an opened fan.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIBBED VAULT

FANLIGHT

SN A semi-circular window, often decorated and with its glazing bars radiating like the ribs of an opened fan, set above a door.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW
RT DOOR

FANTAIL

SN A bladed wheel attached to the rear, and at right angles to the main sails, of a windmill. Connected to winding gear, the fantail would catch the wind when it changed direction, allowing the mill to move automatically into the wind.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT FAN CARRIAGE

FASCIA

SN One of two or three bands on a classical architrave, each projecting slightly beyond the one below, often separated by enriched mouldings. Also a vertical band or board, such as that over a shop front on which its name is painted.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCHITRAVE

FASTENING

SN An item used to fasten, bind or join one item to another.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ARMILLA
BRACE
HINGE
JOINT
KEY
PIVOT

FEATURE

SN An archaeological component which cuts, overlies or abuts other features such as ditches, pits and building foundations.

CL UNASSIGNED

FERETORY

SN An area in a church, sometimes defined by screens, containing a shrine. Also a shrine, usually portable, containing religious relics.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

FEVER WARD

SN An area of a building or complex, such as a workhouse, hospital or prison used to house infirm inmates suffering from fever.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WARD

FILLET

SN A plain, narrow moulding or area, sometimes projecting, separating two decorated mouldings or features such as the vertical grooves on a fluted column.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

FINIAL

SN The shaped projection on the top of a newel post or at the apex of a gable.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT BALL FINIAL

FIRE WINDOW

- SN A small window placed to cast light upon a fireplace.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT WINDOW
- FIREBACK**
- UF Chimney Back
 - SN The heat-resistant wall, or sometimes decorative cast iron panel, at the back of a fireplace.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT FIREPLACE
- FIREPLACE**
- SN The opening at the base of a chimney stack.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - NT FIREBACK
INGLENOOK
 - RT FIREPLACE SURROUND
MANTELPIECE
- FIREPLACE SURROUND**
- SN The architectural element made of brick, tile, stone or certain woods which surrounds a fireplace to provide aesthetic and safety benefits.
 - CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
 - RT FIREPLACE
- FIRING STEP**
- SN A cutting, bank or block positioned against the wall of a trench, fort, parapet etc. to allow riflemen to shoot over the crest of the wall or parapet from a standing position.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - NT BANQUETTE
- FIRST AID ROOM**
- SN A room set aside for the initial treatment of injuries sustained for example in public amenities such as lidos.
 - CL AREAS AND SPACES
 - BT ROOM
- FITNESS SUITE**
- SN A room or rooms containing fitness equipment such as running machines and weights.
 - CL AREAS AND SPACES
 - BT RECREATION ROOM
- FIXED ENGINE**
- SN A stationary winding steam engine positioned at the top of a railway incline for hauling up trains and locomotives.
 - CL MACHINERY
 - BT ENGINE
- FIXED QUAY CRANE**
- SN A crane that is fixed to a quay and used for the loading and unloading of cargo.
 - CL MACHINERY
 - BT QUAY CRANE
- FIXTURES AND FITTINGS**
- SN Accessories used in furnishing and embellishing a building or structure.
 - CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
 - NT ALTAR
ALTAR RAIL
AMBO
BATH
BOOT SCRAPER
CHANDELIER
CLIMBING WALL
CONFESSIONAL
COUNTER
CUPBOARD
CYCLE RACK
DISPLAY CASE
FIREPLACE SURROUND
FONT
FUSEBOX
GRILLE
LAMP
LECTERN
MANTELPIECE
ORGAN
OVEN
PEW PLATFORM
PISCINA
PULPIT
RAILING
RELIGIOUS ELEMENTS
RETABLE
SCONCE
SEAT
SHELF
SHRINE
SIGN
STOUP
SWIMMING POOL
TABERNACLE
TRUNKING
VAT
WALL SAFE
WATER TANK
YORKSHIRE SQUARE
- FLAT ARCH**
- SN An arch which is formed by keystones but is flat like a lintel
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT ARCH
- FLAT ROOF**
- SN A roof with a slope of less than ten degrees to the horizontal.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT ROOF
- FLECHE**
- SN A spire, or spirelet surmounting a roof, especially over the crossing of a French Gothic Cathedral.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT SPIRE
- FLEMISH GABLE**
- SN A gable with curved sides and an identifiable pediment.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT GABLE
- FLEUR DE LYS**
- SN Decorative ornamentation of a formalized lily.
 - CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 - BT FLORAL FEATURE
- FLEURON**
- SN Decorative ornamentation of a flower or leaf.

- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

FLITCHED BEAM

- SN A composite beam of timber strengthened by an iron plate, or plates, used in the construction of 18th and 19th century timber framed mills and warehouses.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

FLOATING CRANE

- SN A mobile crane which floats on water.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE

FLOOR

- SN The lower, horizontal surface of a room on which people walk. Can also mean a storey of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT MOSAIC

FLORAL FEATURE

- SN A decorative feature in the style of a flower or plant. Use more specific term.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT ACANTHUS
ANTHEMION
ARABESQUE
BALL FLOWER
BAY LEAF
CAULICOLI
FLEUR DE LYS
FLEURON
PALMETTE
ROSETTE
TUDOR FLOWER
TUDOR ROSE

FLOUR MILL

- SN A machine, usually contained in a building called a flour mill which reduces grain into constituent parts or 'streams' which include flour. For a Flour Mill building use FLOUR MILL in Monument Type.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT COMBINATION MILL
ROLLER MILL
STONE MILL

FLUE

- SN A duct or channel for hot air to travel through.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

FLUSHWORK

- SN The use of knapped flint applied to a wall to form a decorative pattern.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

FLUTING

- SN A concave groove or series of grooves.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

FLYING BUTTRESS

- SN A buttress set away from the structure it supports, joined to it by an arch.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BUTTRESS
- RT ARCH BUTTRESS

FLYING SHUTTLE

- SN A device patented in 1733 for speeding up the weaving of cloth.
- CL MACHINERY

FONT

- SN A receptacle to hold water used in baptism usually found in a baptistery or nave of a church.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- NT IMMERSION FONT

FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

- SN A room in which food is prepared.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT BAKERY
BREAD ROOM
BUTTERY
CAMBA
KITCHEN
LARDER
PANTRY

FOREBUILDING

- SN A subsidiary tower or projection attached to the front of a keep containing access to its first floor entrance.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT TOWER

Forechoir

- USE ANTECHOIR

Forechurch

- USE ANTECHURCH

FORECOURT

- SN An enclosed area in front of a structure.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT COURTYARD

FOUNDATION

- SN The lowest part, or base, of a structure, sometimes built into the ground, on which the weight of the whole rests.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

FOUNDATION STONE

- SN A stone, usually inscribed, laid during a ceremony to commemorate the founding of a new building
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

FOUR CENTRED ARCH

- SN A pointed arch which, on a plan, is shown to be constructed around four arcs: two centred below and two centred upon the springing line, which is the level at which the vertical sides of the arch begin to curve.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

FOURDRINIER MACHINE

- SN A machine for making paper in a continuous length.
- CL MACHINERY

FOURNEYRON WATER TURBINE

- SN An outward radial flow reaction water turbine.

CL MACHINERY
BT WATER TURBINE

Foyer

USE **LOBBY**

FRANCIS WATER TURBINE

SN A mixed-flow reaction water turbine, developed in the USA in 1840 by James Bichino Francis, in which water enters the runner radially and leaves axially.

CL MACHINERY
BT WATER TURBINE

Frater

USE **REFECTORY**

FRENCH WINDOW

SN A casement window, carried down to floor level, and opening like two-leafed glazed doors to a garden, veranda or terrace.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CASEMENT WINDOW

FRESCO

SN A two dimensional image using paint applied to plasterwork whilst the plaster is still damp.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT WALL PAINTING

FRET BAND

SN Decorative ornamentation of a key pattern

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT BAND (MOULDING)

FRIEZE

SN The middle section, between the architrave and the cornice, of an entablature.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ENTABLATURE
NT METOPE
PULVINATED FRIEZE
TRIGLYPH

FRIGIDARIUM

UF Cold Bath
SN The cold room in a Roman baths.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
RT CALDARIUM
PALAESTRA
TEPIDARIUM

Full Cruck

USE **CRUCK**

FUMIGATORY

SN A room within a building or complex, such as a workhouse, used for purifying objects with smoke.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

FUNCTION ROOM

SN A room set aside within a building where social and other functions such as parties, presentations and meetings can be held.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

Fuse Box

USE **FUSEBOX**

FUSEBOX

UF Fuse Box
SN A box or cupboard enclosing the fuses for the electrical circuits within a building.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

GABLE

SN The part of the wall that supports a pitched roof at the end of the roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT AILERON
CROSS GABLE
CROWSTEPPED GABLE
FALSE GABLE
FLEMISH GABLE
GABLET
RT APEX STONE

GABLE ENTRY PLAN

SN A plan of a building where the entrance is in the gable wall.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

GABLED ROOF

SN The commonest type of roof with sloping sides meeting at a ridge and with a gable at each end.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

GABLET

SN A small gable above a hipped roof. Also used ornamentally, such as on a buttress or over a niche.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT GABLE

GADROON

SN A convex, finger-like moulding, usually applied in a series to form a pattern of ridges.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

GALILEE

SN A lobby or chapel at the western entrance of a church. Sometimes a place of burial, an area reserved for women, or a place where monks could meet female relatives.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT CHAPEL
RT NARTHEX (MEDIEVAL)

Gallery (Chapel)

USE **GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)**

Gallery (Church)

USE **GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)**

GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)

UF Gallery (Chapel)
Gallery (Church)
SN An upper story in a chapel, church or cathedral, situated above the aisle and below the clerestory, often arcaded and sometime called a Tribune.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT
NT MUSICIANS GALLERY
ORGAN LOFT

GALLERY (SECULAR)

SN A long room for recreation, often on an upper floor.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT LONG GALLERY
MUSICIANS GALLERY
PICTURE GALLERY

Gambrel Roof

USE **MANSARD ROOF**

GAME LARDER

UF Venison Larder
SN A store for undressed meat, usually for keeping grouse, partridge, pheasant or rabbit in a cool environment.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT LARDER

GAMESROOM

UF Shovelboard Parlour
SN A room in which board and table games are usually played.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT RECREATION ROOM
NT BILLIARD ROOM

GARDEROBE (TOILET)

SN A latrine built into, or projecting beyond, the wall of a medieval castle featuring a stone or wooden seat situated above a pit or the castle moat.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Garderobe (Wardrobe)

USE **WARDROBE**

GARGOYLE

SN A projecting spout to throw water from a gutter away from the wall, frequently decorated with grotesque figures to spew out evil away from the House of God.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT ANIMAL FIGURE
HUMAN FIGURE

GARRET

SN An apartment contained, wholly or partially, within the roof space of a house.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ATTIC

GAS ENGINE

SN An internal combustion heat engine which uses gas as its fuel, and acts as a prime mover or power source for driving other machinery.
CL MACHINERY
BT INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE

GAS TURBINE

SN A heat engine prime mover in which hot gases or hot air expand as they pass through and rotate vanes attached to a central shaft, enclosed in a chamber.
CL MACHINERY

BT TURBINE
NT COMBINED DIESEL AND GAS TURBINE
COMBINED STEAM AND GAS TURBINE

GATE

SN A movable barrier, usually external, within an opening in a wall, fence, hedge or similar.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT PORTCULLIS
RT GATEWAY

GATE PIER

SN A pier which supports a gate.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PIER

GATEWAY

SN A form of entrance closed by a gate.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ENTRANCE
RT GATE

Giant Order

USE **COLOSSAL ORDER**

GIBBS SURROUND

SN An architrave surrounding a door, window or niche interrupted by large blocks of stone, and often by a massive keystone set under a pediment. Named after the architect James Gibbs (1682-1754).
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCHITRAVE

Gigantic Order

USE **TUSCAN ORDER**

SN Alternative name for the Tuscan Order according to Vincenzo Scamozzi. Not to be confused with COLOSSAL ORDER.

GIRDING BEAM

SN A beam that is part of a frame in a wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

GLAZING BAR

SN A moulded bar or baton dividing the panes of glass within a window light.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT LIGHT
WINDOW

Glory

USE **AUREOLE**

GOVERNOR

SN A device which automatically controls a particular function within a machine or mechanism, such as regulating the gap between millstones in a windmill.
CL MACHINERY

GRAFFITO

SN An inscription or illustration applied to a wall by carving into its plaster to reveal a different colour beneath.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

GRASSHOPPER ENGINE

- UF Half Beam Engine
- SN Also known as a half-beam engine, named for the characteristic nodding action of the overhead beam which is supposed to resemble the action of the rear legs of the grasshopper.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE

GRATING

- SN A framework of crossed or parallel wooden or metal bars placed over an opening to prevent access but allow the passage of air, light, water etc.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

GREAT CHAMBER

- SN An apartment for the use of people of high status, often the owner of the building. Also a room adjoining, or close to, a hall and used as a drawing room or venue for private functions.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

GREAT HALL

- UF Long Room
- SN A large communal room often occupying the full height of the building, used for functions such as meetings, entertainments etc. Traditionally found in medieval buildings but also found in later buildings emulating medieval architecture.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT HALL (COMMUNAL)

GREEN MAN

- SN A sculpture, drawing, or other representation of a face surrounded by or made from leaves and branches or vines. Green Men are frequently found on carvings in both secular and church buildings, and are thought to represent pagan fertility deities.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT HUMAN FIGURE

GRILLE

- SN An open grating of wrought iron, bronze, wood etc., forming a screen to a door, window or other opening, or used as a divider.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

GRINDING ROOM

- SN A room where usually materials or consumables are processed into tools or meal, for example in a workshop or mill.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

GROIN

- SN The ridge formed at the intersection of two vaulted surfaces.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

GROTESQUE

- SN A classical ornamentation featuring foliage, fruits and, unlike Arabesque, human and animal figures, sometimes fantastic or mythological in nature. The term may have originated from the fact that many

examples of such ornamentation were found in grottoes.

- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT ANIMAL FIGURE
- HUMAN FIGURE

GUARD CHAMBER

- SN A room frequently in a military building where sentries guard and protect the premises.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

Gudgeon

- USE JOURNAL

GUILLOCHE

- SN A decorative ornamentation of interlaced bands in the form of a plait.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT BAND (MOULDING)

GULLY

- SN A usually shallow cut linear feature often used for drainage.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Gun Loop

- USE GUN PORT

GUN PORT

- UF Gun Loop
- SN A strategically placed aperture in the wall of a fortification through which guns and cannon can fire upon an invading force.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

GUN ROOM

- SN A room for storing guns.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREROOM

GUTTAE

- SN Small 'drops' or conic projections under the mutules (a repeating block motif) and triglyphs (rectangular blocks embellished with vertical grooves) in a Doric entablature.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

GUTTER

- SN A trough or watercourse constructed to collect rainwater from a roof and channel it towards a drain or pipe.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ARRIS GUTTER
- PARAPET GUTTER
- RT RAINWATER PIPE
- WATER SPOUT

GYMNASIUM

- SN A room equipped with apparatus to facilitate physical exercise, gymnastics or indoor sports.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM

H SHAPE PLAN

- SN A building plan that features a hall lying between, and at right-angles to, two projecting wings.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Hagioscope

USE **SQUINT**

HALF BAY

SN A short bay, usually in a hall, commonly as a smoke bay or for a cross-entry.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT BAY

HALF BEAM

SN A beam which is half the width of a main beam, usually supporting joists.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BEAM

Half Beam Engine

USE **GRASSHOPPER ENGINE**

HALF HIPPED ROOF

SN A roof whose ends are partly gabled and partly sloped.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ROOF

HALL (COMMUNAL)

SN The principal room in early houses, which occupies the entire height of the building.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

NT COLLEGE HALL
ENTRANCE HALL
GREAT HALL
OPEN HALL

Hall (Lobby)

USE **LOBBY**

HALL AND CROSS WING PLAN

SN A common plan form of large medieval and sub-medieval houses, with a hall range flanked by two wings; also found with only one wing.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

HALVED JOINT

SN A joint in which both timbers are reduced in thickness.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT JOINT

HALVED LAP JOINT

SN A joint in which one timber is reduced in thickness.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT JOINT

HAMMER BEAM

SN A short beam that projects into a roof space from the foot of a principal rafter to receive a hammer post and, often, an arched brace.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BEAM

HAMMER BEAM TRUSS

SN A truss with transverse timbers, like a tie-beam from which the middle section has been removed, supported on braces and carrying hammer-posts and braces that carry the open structure of the roof.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT TRUSS

HAMMER POST

SN A vertical timber resting on a hammer beam and forming a triangle between it and a principal.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT POST

HAMMERBEAM ROOF

SN A roof consisting of trusses that have a pair of brackets supporting the hammer posts that in turn support the rafters.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ROOF

Handrail

USE **RAILING**

HANGING BUTTRESS

SN A type of slender support carried on a corbel.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT BUTTRESS

HARNESS ROOM

SN A room where fittings such as saddles and harnesses for horses are usually kept.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT STOREROOM

RT TACK ROOM

HATCHMENT

SN A wooden panel, mounted on the wall of a church, bearing the Achievement of Arms of an individual whose funeral has taken place there.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

BT ACHIEVEMENT OF ARMS

HAUNCH

SN A part of an arch between the apex and the springer.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

HAYLOFT

UF Balk

SN A loft for the storage of hay.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

HEAD RACE

SN A channel, usually placed upstream of a mill, that carries water from a river or other water source to a water wheel.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

CL MACHINERY

RT TAIL RACE

HEARTH

SN The area directly in front of a fireplace or the floor of a fireplace itself.

CL IMPLIED FEATURE

BT ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURE

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT OPEN HEARTH

RT HEARTH PASSAGE PLAN

HEARTH PASSAGE PLAN

SN A plan in which the chimney stack backs onto the cross passage between a building's two

entrances.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
RT HEARTH

HECK DOOR

SN A door divided horizontally into two parts, independently hinged.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOOR

HEILMANN COMBER

SN A machine for combing the fibres of cotton, worsted, flax etc to remove short fibres, clean out extraneous matter, and lay the fibres more or less parallel to each other.
CL MACHINERY
BT COMBER

HELM ROOF

UF Rhenish Helm
SN A roof with four sloping sides, rising from four gables, joining at the apex like a pyramid.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

HERRINGBONE STUDDING

SN Studding in which the studs are at an inclined angle to the posts.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STUD

HESLOP STEAM ENGINE

SN A rotative beam steam engine patented in 1790.
CL MACHINERY
BT ROTATIVE BEAM ENGINE

HEXAGONAL PLAN

SN A building or structure with a six-sided plan.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

HINDS HALL

SN A dining hall for the use of seasonal labourers.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT DINING ROOM

HINGE

SN A movable joint, usually consisting of two plates joined by a pin, that fastens a door, gate, window etc. to its frame and allows it to open and shut.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FASTENING
NT ANCHOR AND COLLAR HINGE

HIP RAFTER

SN A rafter set at the corner of a hipped roof, to take the upper end of a common rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RAFTER

HIPPED ROOF

SN A ridged roof that slopes on all four sides.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF

HOLDEN COMBER

SN A wool combing machine for very fine wools.
CL MACHINERY

BT COMBER

HOLLOW CHAMFER

SN A chamfer that has been hollowed out to form a concave shape. This is also known as a chamfret.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT CHAMFER

Hollow Quoin

USE CLAPPING QUOIN

HOLLOW SPANDREL

SN A spandrel that is sunk below the surface of the arch.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT SPANDREL

Hood Mould

USE DRIPSTONE

HOPPER

SN A funnel-like container from which grain or other material is fed to a grinding mechanism below.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine in which the cylinder, crosshead and crankshaft lie in a horizontal line, as opposed to vertical designs.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

HORSE ENGINE

SN A device or engine powered by one or more horses or donkeys walking around a circular track and harnessed so as to turn a large toothed wheel, either in the same plane or above, which turned smaller wheels operating machinery.
CL MACHINERY

Horse Gin

USE HORSE WHIM

HORSE WHIM

UF Horse Gin
SN A timber, horse-powered device consisting of a large, rotating drum around which a rope would be wound, hoisting material from a quarry pit, mine shaft etc..
CL MACHINERY

HORSESHOE ARCH

SN An arch, either pointed or round, which broadens above the springing line, creating a horseshoe shape.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

HOSPITAL BLOCK

SN An area of a building functioning as a hospital.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT

HOT AIR ENGINE

SN An engine which uses air or the products of combustion as its working medium.
CL MACHINERY
BT ENGINE

Hot Bath

USE **CALDARIUM**

HUMAN FIGURE

- SN A sculptural or decorative representation of a human figure. Includes mythical and fantastical figures such as Cupid, Atlas etc.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT AMORINO
ATLANTIS
CANEPHORA
CARYATID
GARGOYLE
GREEN MAN
GROTESQUE
SHEELA NA GIG

HURST

- UF Hursting Frame
- SN The large wooden framework that supports the grinding wheels in a corn mill.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Hursting Frame

USE **HURST**

HYDRAULIC BOX CRANE

- SN A box crane which uses hydraulic power
- CL MACHINERY
- BT HYDRAULIC CRANE

HYDRAULIC CRANE

- SN A crane using hydraulic power.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE
- NT HYDRAULIC BOX CRANE
HYDRAULIC PILLAR CRANE

HYDRAULIC ENGINE

- SN An engine, introduced in Germany 1748 for use in mines, worked by high pressure water.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ENGINE
- NT DISK ENGINE

HYDRAULIC JIGGER

- SN A hydraulic machine used to magnify the stroke of a hydraulic piston. The pulleys and chains of a crane or other device are attached to the jigger.
- CL MACHINERY

HYDRAULIC PILLAR CRANE

- SN A hydraulic machine used to drive a pillar crane.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT HYDRAULIC CRANE

HYDRAULIC PRESS

- SN A machine that uses liquid pressure to exert a large force on two platens so that items placed between them are pressed to a shape, compressed, or forced together.
- CL MACHINERY

HYDRAULIC RAM

- SN A device in which a large quantity of low pressure water is made to pump a small proportion of itself to a greater height than its source or to a higher pressure; achieved by using the pressure rise resulting from suddenly

interrupting the flow

CL MACHINERY

HYDRAULIC TIPLER

- SN An hydraulically powered machine that tips coal into railway wagons, usually situated at a pithead.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT COAL TIPLER

HYPOCAUST

- SN An underfloor heating system.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

HYPOCYCLOID STEAM ENGINE

- SN A design of vertical steam engine patented in 1802.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE

ICONOSTASIS

- SN In Orthodox churches, the screen that divides off the sanctuary, usually decorated with sacred images (icons). (Source: Pevsner Glossary)
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SCREEN

IMMERSION FONT

- SN A structure, usually sunk into the ground, for the purpose of allowing total bodily immersion as part of a baptismal ceremony.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT FONT

IMPERIAL STAIRCASE

- SN A grand staircase where the lower flight splits into two upper flights.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

IMPLIED FEATURE

- SN Terms covering features of a monument or building which imply the previous presence of a component or structure. Use for negative evidence of a component or structure.
- CL IMPLIED FEATURE
- NT ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURE
BEAM SLOT
EAVES DRIP GULLY
POST HOLE
PUTLOG HOLE

IMPOST

- SN The band or block from which the springing of an arch occurs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH
- NT IMPOST MOULDING

IMPOST MOULDING

- SN A decorative style on a block or band from which an arch springs.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT IMPOST

INCINERATOR

- SN A machine used to burn and desiccate rubbish.

CL MACHINERY

INCLINED PLANE

SN A slope, usually with rails, along which a vehicle can be moved between two relatively flat stretches of railway, or by which a boat can be transferred from one level of waterway to another.

CL MACHINERY

NT CANAL INCLINED PLANE
RAILWAY INCLINED PLANE

INDOOR SWIMMING POOL

SN An enclosed feature, usually sub-terranean, constructed to contain water for public or private recreation and sporting activities. Often a component of a larger SPORTS CENTRE. Use OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL for unenclosed pools.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

BT SWIMMING POOL

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT SWIMMING POOL

INFIRMARY

UF Apothecarium

SN A room or group of rooms for healing the sick. Where it is a monument use the Thesaurus of Monument Types.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

INGLENOOK

SN An area within a large fireplace where it is possible to sit.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT FIREPLACE

INNER BAILEY

SN An inner defensive area within a castle.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT BAILEY

Inscribed Panel

USE **DECORATED PANEL**

Insulated Column

USE **DETACHED COLUMN**

INTERLACING ARCADE

SN Romanesque overlapping arcades, producing a series of pointed arches.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ARCADE

Intermediate Truss

USE **SECONDARY TRUSS**

INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

SN An area or space within a building.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

NT AGIASTERIUM

AMBITUS

ANTECHAPEL

ANTECHOIR

APOTHESIS

ARENA

ATRIUM (SECULAR)

AUCTION ROOM

BAPTISTERY

CHANCEL

CHEVET

CHOIR

CLOSET

CONFESSIONAL

CORRIDOR

CROSSING

FERETORY

HAYLOFT

LOGGIA

NAVE

OFFERTORIUM

ORATORY

ORCHESTRA PIT

ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER

PASSAGE

PENTHOUSE (APARTMENT)

PRESBYTERY

RETROCHOIR

RINGING CHAMBER

ROOM

SANCTUARY

SMOKE BAY

SPA POOL

STOREY

SUPERVISORY HUB

TRADING FLOOR

TRANSEPT

UNDERCROFT

WALKING SPACE

WARMING ROOM

INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE

SN An engine or prime mover, in which a mixture of air and fuel is ignited inside a closed cylinder, and the resulting explosion drives a piston to the opposite end of the cylinder, its movement turning a crankshaft via suitable mechanical parts.

CL MACHINERY

BT ENGINE

NT DIESEL ENGINE

GAS ENGINE

OIL ENGINE

PETROL ENGINE

INTERRUPTED TIEBEAM

SN A tiebeam whose central section is omitted to increase head room; its inner ends are held by a slip-braces or struts rising from a dropped tiebeam and can be used in end frames.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT TIEBEAM

INTRADOS

SN The lower, or inner, curve of an arch

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ARCH

RT EXTRADOS

INVERTED VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE

SN A type of steam engine in which the steam cylinders are placed above the crankshaft supported on a robust frame.

CL MACHINERY

BT STEAM ENGINE

IONIC BASE

- SN A base embellished with horizontal reeds and other mouldings.
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BASE
- IONIC CAPITAL**
- UF Beaked Ionic Capital
- SN A Capital with a rolled up cushion-like form on either side creating distinctive volutes.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER
- NT ANGLE CAPITAL
ANGULAR CAPITAL
- IONIC COLUMN**
- SN A column of the Ionic Order, set upon a base and characterized by its slender form.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER
- IONIC ENTABLATURE**
- SN An entablature consisting of an architrave, usually a frieze and cornice.
- CL ORDER
- BT IONIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ENTABLATURE
- IONIC ORDER**
- SN A classical order with an Attic base and fluted column. The cornice has dentils and the capital volutes.
- CL ORDER
- NT ASIATIC BASE
ATTIC BASE
IONIC BASE
IONIC CAPITAL
IONIC COLUMN
IONIC ENTABLATURE
- IRON ORE CALCINER**
- SN A kiln in which Iron ores were heated before smelting in order to drive off the impurities such as sulphur.
- CL MACHINERY
- ISOLATION WARD**
- SN An area of a building or complex, such as a workhouse or hospital, for isolating new residents before admission into main building, used to prevent spread of disease
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT WARD
- JACK FRAME**
- SN A machine for the final reduction in cross sectional area of a cotton sliver into a fine roving preparatory to spinning high counts of yarn.
- CL MACHINERY
- JACK RAFTER**
- SN A shortened common rafter that runs between ridge and a valley rafter, or between eaves and a hip rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER
- JACQUARD LOOM**
- SN A loom developed by Joseph Jacquard in 1801 which used a series of punched cards to control the movement of the warp threads thereby allowing complex patterns to be created without the intervention of the weaver
- CL MACHINERY
- BT LOOM
- JAMB**
- SN The vertical lining of a doorway, window or other opening.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT DOOR POST
- JENNY**
- SN An 18th century hand-operated machine capable of spinning several yarns at once, invented in circa 1767.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT SPINNING MACHINE
- JETTY**
- SN A projecting part of a building that overhangs the wall below it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT JETTY BRACKET
JETTY BRESSUMER
JETTY PLATE
- JETTY BRACKET**
- SN The bracket under a jetty bressumer.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JETTY
- JETTY BRESSUMER**
- SN The sill beam of the jettied upper floor resting on projecting ends of joists or on jetty brackets.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JETTY
- JETTY PLATE**
- SN The wall plate of the lower storey on which the joists of a jetty rest.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JETTY
- JIB CRANE**
- SN A crane consisting of a vertical tower or similar structure from which projects a movable boom, or jib, fitted with a mechanical hoist.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE
- NT FAIRBAIRN JIB CRANE
- JIB DOOR**
- SN An internal door flush with, and decorated to match, the wall it is set in for the purpose of concealment.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT DOOR
- Jigger
- USE **WALL CRANE**

JOCKEY PULLEY

- SN A pulley running on the outside of a belt to improve the effectiveness of a drive.
- CL MACHINERY

JOINT

- SN A junction whereby two members or elements of an artificial structure or mechanism are joined or fitted together, whether rigidly or hinged.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FASTENING
- NT BARE FACED DOVETAIL JOINT
BARE FACED TENON JOINT
BIRDMOUTHED JOINT
BRIDLED JOINT
DOVETAIL JOINT
FACE HALVED JOINT
HALVED JOINT
HALVED LAP JOINT
JOIST JOINT
JOWL
LAP JOINT
MASON'S MITRE
MORTICE AND TENON JOINT
NOTCHED LAP JOINT
SADDLE JOINT
SCARF JOINT
SCRIBED JOINT
SCRIBED MITRE
SECRET BRIDLE JOINT
SLIP TENON JOINT
SPRAYED AND Tabled SCARF JOINT
SPRAYED SCARF JOINT
STOP SPRAYED SCARF JOINT
THROUGH TENON JOINT
TRUE MITRE

JOINTED CRUCK

- SN A cruck truss whose blades are composed of two pieces of timber joined near the wall head in a variety of ways.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CRUCK

JOIST

- SN Horizontal timbers laid parallel to each other on which flooring is laid and to which a ceiling is fixed.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT COGGED JOIST
CROSS JOISTING
LODGED JOIST

JOIST JOINT

- SN A joint used to secure the end of a joist
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

JONVAL WATER TURBINE

- SN A parallel or axial-flow reaction water turbine invented in France in 1843, in which water descends through fixed curved guide vanes which direct the flow sideways onto curved vanes on the runner.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT WATER TURBINE

JOURNAL

- UF Gudgeon
- SN The area at the end of an axle or shaft around which a wheel, bearing etc. pivots or rotates.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

JOWL

- SN The end of a timber post made wider than the rest of its length on one face to accommodate tiebeams, wall-plates etc..
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

JUSTICE ROOM

- SN A room in the house of a Justice of the Peace in which cases were heard. Houses after 1848 contained these for prestige purposes since the practice of hearing cases at home was made illegal at that date.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

KEEL MOULDING

- SN A curved moulding with a sharp edge running along its centre. So named as its profile resembles the keel of a ship.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

KEEPING ROOM

- SN A room that serves as a combined living-room, kitchen and workshop.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

KERB

- SN A stone edging on a roadway dividing it from a carriageway.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

KERB PRINCIPAL

- SN A short principal rafter that rises from a tiebeam to a collar.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PRINCIPAL RAFTER
- RT KERB PRINCIPAL TRUSS

KERB PRINCIPAL TRUSS

- SN A truss with two curved kerb-principals, which are the short principal rafters rising from a tiebeam to a collar, placed either side of a crown strut.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS
- RT KERB PRINCIPAL

KEY

- SN A piece of wood of square or rectangular section driven through a scarf joint to tighten it
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FASTENING

KEY PATTERN

- SN Classical decorative motif of interlocking right-angled and vertical lines, usually applied as a continuous pattern.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

KEystone

- SN The wedge-shaped block placed at the crown of an arch to consolidate the structure. Sometimes employed as a decorative feature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH BRICK
- NT AGRAFE

KING MULLION

- SN A mullion which divides a window with four or more lights and is larger than the mullions either side of it, often sharing the dimensions of the frame's members.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT MULLION

KING PENDANT

- SN A vertical timber in a truss, descending from the ridge, and projecting below the lower transverse timber, normally used with scissor beams.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

King Pin

USE WATERWHEEL SHAFT

KING POST

- SN An upright post set on a tiebeam or collar and used to support a ridge piece.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT POST

KING STRUT

- SN A vertical timber set on a collar or tie-beam extending to the apex of a pitched roof.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT STRUT

KITCHEN

- SN A room in which food is prepared.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM
- RT SCULLERY

KNEE BRACE

- SN A very short brace between post and tiebeam, or post and wall plate.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACE

KNEE PRINCIPAL

- SN A principal that has a short, angled section, resembling a knee-joint, at one end.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PRINCIPAL

KNEELER

- SN A large approximately triangular stone at the foot of a gable, cut to have a horizontal bed and a top conforming, wholly or in part, to the slope of the gable.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

KNIGHTS CHAMBER

- SN A communal sleeping room in medieval houses for male servants.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

KNOTWORK

- SN Decorative ornamentation in the form of

interlacing ribbons or cords, usually in an intricate pattern.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

L SHAPE PLAN

- SN A house plan with a hall and a single wing.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

LABEL

- SN A rectangular dripstone.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT DRIPSTONE
- RT LABEL STOP

LABEL STOP

- SN A termination, either in the form of a decorative feature or a right-angle applied to the end of the moulding, of a label, dripstone or string course.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING
- RT DRIPSTONE
- LABEL
- STRING COURSE

LABORATORY

- SN A room, within a building or institution, equipped for conducting scientific experiments or research.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

LACED WINDOW

- SN One of a set of windows placed vertically and linked either decoratively or by aprons extending to the lintel below.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW

LADY CHAPEL

- SN A chapel dedicated to the Virgin, usually east of the chancel.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT CHAPEL

LAMP

- SN A light, usually encased and mounted upon brackets, often used outdoors. It may be powered by gas, electricity or house a candle.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

LANCASHIRE LOOM

- SN A semi-automatic loom developed in Lancashire. Although it is self-acting, it has to be stopped to recharge empty shuttles.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT LOOM

LANCET ARCH

- SN A pointed, two-centred, arch whose height is much greater than its span.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT POINTED ARCH
- NT COMPOSITE ARCH

LANCET WINDOW

- SN A tall, narrow window with a pointed arched head.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

- BT WINDOW
- LANDING**
- SN The area or platform at the top of a staircase.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- RT STAIRCASE
- LANTERN**
- SN A small structure, often polygonal or circular, on top of a roof, dome, tower etc. featuring apertures to light or ventilate the building it adorns.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- RT CROSSING TOWER
- LAP DOVETAIL JOINT**
- SN A joint in which the dovetailed member is proud of the receiving member and is not finished flush with it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT DOVETAIL JOINT
- LAP JOINT**
- SN A joint in which one timber is applied to the surface of the other.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT
- LARDER**
- SN A room in which food, usually meat, is kept.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM
- NT GAME LARDER
- LATERAL BUTTRESS**
- SN A buttress attached to a corner of a structure, seeming to be a continuation of one of the walls.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BUTTRESS
- LATH**
- SN The smallest piece of timber (2-5cms) across used in building, employed on rafters to support the roof covering or in a partition as a base for plaster or external render and wall covering.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- LAUNDRY ROOM**
- SN A room for washing and cleaning linen.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT UTILITY ROOM
- LAVATORIUM**
- SN A communal wash area, sometimes a dedicated outbuilding, or facility, such as a basin or trough, used by monks.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- LAVATORY**
- SN A room with apparatus for washing the hands and face, now often combined with a water closet.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT WASHING ROOM
- LAYER**
- UF Site Layer
- SN An archaeological unit of soil in a horizontal plane
- which may seal features or be cut through by other features.
- CL UNASSIGNED
- LEARNER POOL**
- SN Swimming pool, usually part of a larger LIDO or SPORTS CENTRE complex. Medium size pool, between large pool and paddling pool, used primarily for learners.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT SWIMMING POOL
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SWIMMING POOL
- LECTERN**
- SN A stand, either fixed or free-standing, usually with a sloping surface from which a bible, book or notes can be read, found in a church or lecture theatre.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- LECTURE THEATRE**
- SN A large room with fixed seating, often including audio-visual facilities, in which lectures are given.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT AUDITORIUM
- LESENE**
- SN A pilaster without base or capital.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PILASTER
- Low come
- USE **LUCAM**
- LIBRARY**
- SN A place set apart to contain books for reading, study or reference.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT READING ROOM
- LIERNE**
- SN A tertiary vault rib, usually employed for decorative purposes, that links one intersection of the main ribs to another.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RIB
- RT VAULT
- LIFT**
- UF Elevator
- SN An apparatus, featuring an ascending and descending platform or compartment, for carrying people or objects from one level or floor to another. This term can include the shaft or well in which such an apparatus operates.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CL MACHINERY
- LIGHT**
- SN A section of a window between mullions; thus for example a three-light window.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT GLAZING BAR
- WINDOW
- LIGHTNING CONDUCTOR**
- UF Lightning Rod

- SN A metallic rod attached to a high point on a building and leading to the earth for the purpose of conducting lightning away from the main body of the building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Lightning Rod

USE **LIGHTNING CONDUCTOR**

LINTEL

- SN A horizontal member spanning an opening and providing support to the wall above the opening.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT DOOR LINTEL
WINDOW LINTEL

LISTER COMBER

- SN A machine for combing out wool, mohair and alpaca, removing short fibres and any extraneous matter, and laying the long fibres more or less parallel to each other.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT COMBER

LIVING ROOM

- UF Lounge (Private)
- SN A room for general daily use, usually in a family dwelling.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM
- NT MORNING ROOM
SITTING ROOM

LOBBY

- UF Foyer
Hall (Lobby)
Vestibule
- SN A small room communicating with one or more apartments.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

LOBBY ENTRY PLAN

- SN A plan in which the front entrance opens into a lobby opposite to an axial chimney stack.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
- RT BAFFLE ENTRY PLAN

LOCHTORY

- SN A parlour in a monastery.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PARLOUR

Locum

USE **LUCAM**

LODGED JOIST

- SN A joist which rests on top of a beam.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOIST

LOFT

- SN Space used for storage in the roof.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ATTIC

LOGGIA

- SN A roofed structure, open on one side, usually

attached to a building, providing a seating area and its occupants with an uninterrupted exterior view.

- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

LONG AND SHORT WORK

- SN A Saxon quoin consisting of alternating horizontally and vertically laid stones.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT QUOIN

LONG GALLERY

- SN A long, high-ceilinged room, usually extending the full length of an Elizabethan or Jacobean house and often occupying an upper floor, used as a promenade, place of entertainment etc..
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT GALLERY (SECULAR)

Long Room

USE **GREAT HALL**

LOOM

- SN A machine for weaving cloth. A traditional loom comprises a framework with a horizontal back roller, the warp beam or warp roller, around which closely spaced warp threads have been wound parallel to each other, stretched horizontally onto a front roller.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT DRAW LOOM
JACQUARD LOOM
LANCASHIRE LOOM
NORTHROP LOOM
OSSET LOOM
POWER LOOM
WIPER LOOM

LOOPHOLE

- UF Alois
Balustraria
- SN An opening in a wall that is usually narrow on the outside but widens internally to allow a defender to stand and shoot through the loophole.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

LOUNGE (COMMUNAL)

- SN A room where the public can sit, often in hotels and airports.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM

Lounge (Private)

USE **LIVING ROOM**

LOUVRE

- SN An opening in the ridge of a roof intended to provide ventilation or an outlet for smoke; also the hood on such an opening that prevents rain entering.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT LOUVRED OPENING

LOUVRED OPENING

- SN An opening normally in a door or window filled with diagonally set slats to provide ventilation.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT LOUVRE
LOWSIDE WINDOW

SN A window that is lower than others in the
chancel side wall.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

LOZENGE

SN A decorative moulding in a diamond shape.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

LUCAM

UF Lew come
Locum
Luccam
Lucomb
SN A projecting structure in the roof of a mill
containing a window, allowing loads to be lifted
clear of the building's wall and protecting the
window from the weather.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

LUCARNE

SN A window in a spire, often in the form of a
dormer.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

Luccam

USE **LUCAM**

Lucomb

USE **LUCAM**

LUMBER ROOM

SN A room in which disused items, such as furniture,
are stored.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT STOREROOM

MACHICOLATION

SN An opening through which missiles or
combustible materials could be dropped upon
attackers. Usually through the roof of an
entrance way or in a projecting parapet.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BATTLEMENT

MACHINE

SN A single piece of apparatus that uses mechanical
power for a particular function.
CL MACHINERY

MACHINERY

SN Apparatus using mechanical power for a
particular function.
CL MACHINERY
NT ANGLE BOB
BACKWASHING MACHINE
BALANCE BOB
BALL MILL
BALL WINDING MACHINE
BOILER
BRINE TANK
CHEESE PRESS
CHUTE
CIDER PRESS

COAL TIPLER
COMBER
CONVEYOR BELT
COOLING TOWER
CRANE
CRUSHING CIRCLE
DASHWHEEL
DRIVE
ENGINE
ESCALATOR
FAIRBAIRNS LEVER
FLOUR MILL
FLYING SHUTTLE
FOURDRINIER MACHINE
GOVERNOR
HEAD RACE
HORSE ENGINE
HORSE WHIM
HYDRAULIC JIGGER
HYDRAULIC PRESS
HYDRAULIC RAM
INCINERATOR
INCLINED PLANE
IRON ORE CALCINER
JACK FRAME
JOCKEY PULLEY
LIFT
LOOM
MACHINE
MAN ENGINE
MASTICATOR
MECHANICAL STOKER
MILLING MACHINE
ORGAN
OVEN
PLANING MACHINE
PUMP
RAILWAY LIFT
RAILWAY SIGNAL
RAILWAY TURNTABLE
RIVER INTAKE GAUGE
SACK HOIST
SATELLITE DISH
SCOOP WHEEL
SCUTCHING MACHINE
SHAPING MACHINE
SHOE
SIFTER
SLASHER
SLOTING MACHINE
SLUBBING FRAME
SMUTTER
SPEEDFRAME
SPINNING MACHINE
STAMPS
STEAM WHIM
TAIL RACE
THRESHING MACHINE
THROWING MACHINE
TILT HAMMER
TREADMILL
TURBINE
WATER BALANCE ENGINE
WATER FILTRATION UNIT
WATER PURIFICATION UNIT
WATERWHEEL
WEIGHING MACHINE

WIND ENGINE
WINDING ENGINE

MAN ENGINE

- SN A device for raising miners individually from a shaft consisting of two rods, raised and lowered alternately, fitted with small platforms and powered by a water wheel or steam engine.
- CL MACHINERY

MANHATTAN ENGINE

- SN A twin cylinder compound steam engine introduced in the 1870's which combined a horizontal and vertical configuration in the same machine.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

MANSARD ROOF

- UF Gambrel Roof
- SN A curb-roof with curved or steeply pitched lower slopes and a hipped or pitched roof above. Named after the French Classical architect F. Mansart.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF

MANTELPIECE

- UF Chimney Piece
- SN A decorative structure of wood stone or metal, incorporating a shelf, surrounding the opening of a fireplace.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- RT FIREPLACE

MASONS MARK

- SN A device, monogram or symbol incised in stonework by a mason as a means of identifying his work. Particularly common in Romanesque and Gothic buildings.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

MASONS MITRE

- SN The non-diagonal joint at the right-angled meeting of two stone mouldings.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

MASTERS ROOM

- SN Room in a building or complex in which the master of an establishment, such as a workhouse or a school, is accommodated.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

MASTICATOR

- SN A powerful machine comprising a pair of heated cylinders revolving inside a chamber, and used for converting raw rubber into a soft plastic mass by being 'chewed' between knives or teeth projecting from the cylinders.
- CL MACHINERY

MEAL SPOUT

- SN A funnel, connected to an opening in the floor of the tun encasing the grindstones in a corn mill, that carries ground meal away to a bin or sack.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

MECHANICAL STOKER

- SN Machines for automatically feeding fuel onto the fire of steam boilers and other furnace plant, introduced at the beginning of the 19th century.
- CL MACHINERY

MEDALLION

- SN An oval or circular decorative feature often bearing an illustration or portrait in light relief.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

MEETING ROOM

- SN A room intended, and often furnished accordingly, as a venue for the holding of meetings.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT ASSEMBLY ROOM
AUDIENCE CHAMBER
BOARDROOM
COMMITTEE ROOM
COMMON ROOM
CONFERENCE ROOM
COUNCIL CHAMBER
COURTROOM
DAY ROOM
DEBATING ROOM
DRAWING ROOM
JUSTICE ROOM
LIVING ROOM
LOUNGE (COMMUNAL)
PARLOUR

MENS POOL

- SN A swimming pool restricted to the use of men only.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT SWIMMING POOL
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SWIMMING POOL

MERLON

- SN The solid, upright part of a battlement separating the openings, or crenelles.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BATTLEMENT

METOPE

- SN A thin, rectangular panel, sometimes enriched with sculptural relief, placed between the triglyphs in a Doric Order frieze.
- CL ORDER
- BT DORIC ORDER
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FRIEZE

MEZZANINE

- SN A storey of lesser height than those above and below it.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREY

MIHRAB

- SN A semicircular niche in the wall of a mosque used to indicate the Qiblah - the direction to be faced during prayers. Qiblah is set as the direction of the Kaaba in Mecca.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT NICHE

Mill Shaft

USE **WATERWHEEL SHAFT**

MILLING MACHINE

- SN A machine tool capable of creating a variety of forms and surfaces in materials by way of a spinning cutter positioned over a movable table.
- CL MACHINERY

MILLSTONE

- SN A flat, circular stone, usually made of sandstone, used in pairs for grinding corn and other meal.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

MINE HAULAGE STEAM ENGINE

- SN A steam engine working an underground cable haulage system in a late 19th century coal mine.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

Minstrels Gallery

USE **MUSICIANS GALLERY**

MISERICORD

- SN A projection from the bottom of a church stall designed to provide some support for a person standing in long services.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SEAT

MODILLION

- SN A small moulded bracket found on the Corinthian and Composite orders, and in plain form in the Ionic.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACKET
- NT ANGLE MODILLION

MORNING ROOM

- SN A sitting room or lounge in a house intended mainly for use during the morning.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT LIVING ROOM

MORTICE AND TENON JOINT

- SN The most common form of joint between two timbers meeting at right angles or at an oblique angle, the mortice being a socket cut in one timber to receive the tenon projection of the other.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

MOSAIC

- SN A surface made up of small pieces of hard material such as stone or tile, often in a decorative pattern.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT FLOOR

MOULDING

- SN An ornamental contour given to the angles or features of a building, whether a projection or a cavity, such as a cornice, an architrave or an astragal.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT ANNULAR MOULDING
ASTRAGAL
BAGNETTE
BAND (MOULDING)

BEAD
BEAK HEAD MOULDING
BED MOULDING
BILLET MOULDING
BOLECTION MOULDING
BRACKET MOULDING
CABLE MOULDING
CASEMENT
CATS HEAD MOULDING
CAVETTO
CHAIN MOULDING
CHEVRON MOULDING
COVE
CYMA RECTA
CYMA REVERSA
DADO RAIL
DOGTOOTH MOULDING
DRIPSTONE
ECHINUS MOULDING
EDGE ROLL MOULDING
EMBATTLED MOULDING
FILLET
GADROON
IMPOST MOULDING
KEEL MOULDING
LABEL STOP
LOZENGE
NAILHEAD MOULDING
NECK MOULDING
NUTMEG MOULDING
OVOLO
ROLL MOULDING
SCALLOPED MOULDING
SCOTIA
SKIRTING BOARD
STRING COURSE
TENIA
TORUS

RT ARCHIVOLT

MOVING CRANE

- SN A mobile crane.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE
- NT MOVING QUAY CRANE

MOVING QUAY CRANE

- SN A mobile crane usually found on a marine or inland quay.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT QUAY CRANE
MOVING CRANE

MULE

- SN A machine for spinning cotton yarn.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT SPINNING MACHINE

MULLION

- SN A vertical member dividing a window into two or more lights.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT DIAMOND MULLION
KING MULLION
- RT MULLIONED WINDOW
MUNTIN
TRANSOM

MULLIONED WINDOW

- SN A window divided into lights by mullions.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW
- NT DIOCLETIAN WINDOW
- RT MULLION

MUNTIN

- SN An upright framing member, or mullion, that separates two panels, such as in a panelled door or a window.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT MULLION

MUSIC ROOM

- SN A room in which music is performed.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM

MUSICIANS GALLERY

- UF Minstrels Gallery
- SN A loft, balcony or gallery, in a hall or church, for the use of musicians.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT GALLERY (SECULAR)
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)

MUTULE

- SN A small slab in a Doric cornice.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CORNICE

NAILHEAD MOULDING

- SN A decorative feature in the form of small pyramids in a continuous line.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

NARTHEX (CLASSICAL)

- SN A transverse vestibule at the west end of a church.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

NARTHEX (MEDIÆVAL)

- SN An antechurch which is transverse to the axis of the church and is covered or enclosed.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT ANTECHURCH
- RT GALILEE

NAVE

- SN The central division of a church, extending from the west end to the chancel or transepts.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

NECK

- SN A plain area situated between the top of the shaft and the capital of a Renaissance Tuscan or Doric Order column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NECK MOULDING

- UF Necking
- SN A moulding on the neck of a column.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

Necking

USE NECK MOULDING

NEEDLE SPIRE

- SN A steeply pitched spire whose base is significantly narrower than the tower on which it sits.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SPIRE

NEST HOLE

- SN Niche intended for pigeons or other birds to nest in, allowing the squabs and eggs to be harvested. Found inside specially built dovecotes and in the walls of other buildings.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- RT DOVECOTE

NEWCOMEN ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE

- SN A single acting, non-rotative beam engine worked by atmospheric pressure.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE

NEWEL POST

- SN The post at the centre of a winding staircase from which the steps radiate; or the post, supporting the handrail and string, at the angle of a square staircase.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT POST
- RT NEWEL STAIRCASE

NEWEL STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase where the vertical members are placed at the ends of flights to support the strings, handrails, trimmers and bearers.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE
- RT NEWEL POST

NICHE

- SN A shallow, ornamental recess, often arched and semicircular in plan, set in a wall or pier and usually containing a statue or ornament.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANGULAR NICHE
- CARREL (NICHE)
- CREDENCE
- EXEDRA
- MIHRAB
- RT AEDICULE (FRAME)
- APRON

NIGHT STAIR

- SN A staircase, usually leading from a dormitory, used by monks to enter the transept of a monastic church.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

NOBLE COMBER

- SN A machine for combing out wool, cleaning out extraneous matter and short fibres and laying the combed long fibres more or less parallel to each

other as required for Worsted spinning.

CL MACHINERY
BT COMBER

NOGGING

SN A section of stone or brickwork employed in a timber-framed building to fill the spaces between uprights or studs.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NON CONDENSING STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine from which the spent exhaust steam either passes out to the atmosphere and is lost, or in some cases is used as process steam in a factory.

CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

NON DEAD CENTRE STEAM ENGINE

SN A patented design of twin-cylinder, inverted vertical steam engine, which can be started irrespective of the position of the crank.

CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

NOOK SHAFT

SN A colonnette set in a corner or angle, such as the meeting of two walls or the place at which a doorframe meets the wall it is set in.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT COLONNETTE

NORTH LIGHT

SN A window usually spanning the full width of the north side of a roof allowing the maximum amount of direct and indirect light to enter.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW
RT NORTH LIGHT ROOF

NORTH LIGHT ROOF

SN A roof design, common to weaving sheds, featuring a saw tooth profile with unequal slopes forming each ridge and lights on its northern side.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ROOF
RT NORTH LIGHT

NORTHROP LOOM

SN An automatic power loom invented by James H Northrop in 1894.

CL MACHINERY
BT LOOM

NOTCHED LAP JOINT

SN A lap joint which has a notch cut in one side.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT
NT SECRET NOTCHED LAP JOINT

NOVICES ROOM

SN A room in a monastery used by monks or nuns as a day room.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

NURSERY

SN A room equipped for the care of babies and

young children.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

NUTMEG MOULDING

SN A decorative moulding featuring a series of small, projecting, dome-like shapes each resembling a halved nutmeg.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

OCTAGONAL PLAN

SN A plan of a structure which has eight sides.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

OCULUS

SN A circular or oval window or panel. Also the circular opening at the top of a dome.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

Oeil De Boeuf

USE **BULLSEYE WINDOW**

OFFERTORIUM

SN The area where the act of Offertory, where bread and wine are placed upon the altar, takes place.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

OFFICE

UF Business Room

SN A room in which commercial or administrative activities are carried out.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

OGEE

UF Ressant

SN A decorative form consisting of two upright S-shaped curves positioned opposite one another with their concave sections placed at the top.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
RT CYMA RECTA
OGEE ARCH
OGEE BRACE

OGEE ARCH

SN A pointed arch in which the arcs comprising it are centred on points both outside and inside the arch so that the point takes the form of a double S, or ogee.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT POINTED ARCH
RT OGEE

OGEE BRACE

SN A brace which is cut to a double curve.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE
RT OGEE

Ogee Moulding

USE **CYMA RECTA**

OIL ENGINE

SN An oil-fuelled internal combustion engine,

developed in the late 19th century, and usually made as a stationary, horizontal unit.

CL MACHINERY

BT INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE

Open Air Swimming Pool

USE **OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL**

OPEN HALL

SN A hall, or main living-room in a medieval house, open to the roof.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT HALL (COMMUNAL)

OPEN HEARTH

SN A hearth, normally placed clear of the walls, without a chimney stack or hood above.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT HEARTH

OPEN PEDIMENT

SN A pediment with a gap at its apex, sometimes filled with an urn or other decorative feature.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT PEDIMENT

RT BROKEN PEDIMENT

OPEN PLAN

SN A building plan where space is unconstrained by partitions.

CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS

BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

OPEN TRUSS

SN A truss which does not subdivide a space, as in the centre of a hall of two bays or in an undivided building such as a barn.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT TRUSS

OPEN WELL STAIRCASE

SN A staircase, usually rising through more than one storey, with a space at its centre around which the stair is carried by strings and newels.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT STAIRCASE

ORATORY

SN A small private chapel in either a house or church.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ORCHESTRA PIT

SN An area normally below a stage or dais occupied by an orchestra or musical group for performances and entertainment.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ORDER

SN A style of construction following an established set of criteria, based around the conventional use of a type of column.

CL ORDER

NT APPLIED ORDER

COLOSSAL ORDER

COMPOSITE ORDER

CORINTHIAN ORDER

DORIC ORDER

IONIC ORDER

TUSCAN ORDER

ORGAN

SN A musical instrument that produces sound through the passage of air through a number of pipes controlled by stops, pedals and keyboards.

CL MACHINERY

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

RT ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER

ORGAN LOFT

ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER

SN A dedicated room for housing the organ feeder bellows, can be an underground chamber or a free-standing building.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

ROOM

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

RT ORGAN

ORGAN LOFT

SN A gallery or platform within a place of worship housing the organ.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT GALLERY (ECCLESIASTICAL)

RT ORGAN

ORIEL WINDOW

SN A bay window, supported by corbelling, cills or brackets, projecting from an upper storey of a building.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT WINDOW

RT BAY WINDOW

ORTHOSTAT

SN A large vertical stone forming part of a structure. If the structure is roofed, the orthostat will stretch from the floor to the roof as a single slab.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINE

SN A compact design of steam engine which eliminates a connecting rod by having the piston rod directly attached to the crank.

CL MACHINERY

BT STEAM ENGINE

OSSET LOOM

SN A narrow hand loom.

CL MACHINERY

BT LOOM

OUBLIETTE

SN A hidden dungeon entered through a trap door from the room above it. Also a similarly concealed pit into which prisoners would be cast.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT DUNGEON

OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL

UF Open Air Swimming Pool

SN A unenclosed feature, usually sub-terranean, constructed to contain water for public or private recreation and sporting activities. Sometimes part of a LIDO complex. Use **INDOOR SWIMMING**

- POOL for pools within a covering structure.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SWIMMING POOL
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT SWIMMING POOL

OUTER BAILEY

- SN A large defensive area that usually has to be crossed before entering the inner bailey of a castle.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT BAILEY

OUTSHOT

- UF Outshut
- SN An extension to a building, though sometimes contemporary with it, housed under a lean-to roof.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Outshut

- USE **OUTSHOT**

OVEN

- SN An enclosed structure of brick, stone or metal in which material is heated or burned, or, in a domestic context, food is cooked, through the continuous radiation of heat from its floor, walls or ceiling.
- CL MACHINERY
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

OVERMANTEL

- SN An ornamental panel or decorative structure situated above a mantelpiece
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

OVERSHOT WHEEL

- SN A waterwheel turned by the weight of water discharged into buckets placed around its circumference from an outlet positioned above it.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT WATERWHEEL

Overstorey

- USE **CLERESTORY**

OVERTHROW

- SN A panel of often decorated wrought-ironwork forming the arch between two gate-piers or standards or above a gate. Also used for an arched support for a lamp-holder between two standards.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

OVOLO

- SN A Classical convex moulding, often decorated with egg-and-dart or similar motifs.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

PACKING PIECE

- SN A timber set on the back of a cruck blade to carry a purlin.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PAD

- SN A short timber laid across the top of a masonry wall to carry a wall plate or the foot of a common

rafter.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PADDLING POOL

- SN Man made shallow pool, usually made for children to play in rather than swim.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

PADSTONE

- SN A stone block set into a wall to support a truss or beam.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT TEMPLATE

Painted Panel

- USE **DECORATED PANEL**

PAINTING

- SN Fine art depiction in oil, watercolour or other media on wood panels, canvas or paper
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

PALAESTRA

- SN The exercise hall of a Roman baths complex.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM
- RT CALDARIUM
FRIGIDIARIUM
TEPIDARIUM

Palladian Window

- USE **VENETIAN WINDOW**

PALLET CHAMBER

- SN A room in which servants slept.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

PALMETTE

- SN A decorative motif representing a palm leaf. Often painted, incised or applied in relief, can occur singly or as a repeating pattern.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT FLORAL FEATURE

PANEL

- SN A defined portion of a surface, often a wall lining or door, usually rectangular, which may be recessed, level with or proud of its surrounding surface and may be framed by mouldings or channels.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT DECORATED PANEL

PANELLED DOOR

- SN A door adorned with panels, usually arranged in pairs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT DOOR

PANELLING

- SN A series of panels, usually of wood, combined to line a room.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT COFFERING
WAINSCOT

PANOPTICON PLAN

- SN A circular plan with a series of cells around a central core, often used for prisons.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

PANTRY

- UF Covey
Covie
- SN A room used for storing food.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT FOOD PREPARATION ROOM

PARADISE

- SN An atrium or open court, surrounded by porticoes, at the west end of a church.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

PARALLEL BRACE

- SN A brace, parallel to another, in wall framing or arcading, or in trusses between post and tiebeam; also referred to as a duplicate brace.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACE

PARAPET

- SN A barrier, usually in the form of a small wall, set to prevent people falling over the side of a bridge, balcony, roof etc.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BATTLEMENT
- PARAPET GUTTER
- RT BANQUETTE

PARAPET GUTTER

- SN A gutter running behind a parapet wall, the water channelled by it being discharged from holes in the wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT GUTTER
PARAPET

PARCLOSE

- SN A screen that separates a tomb or a chapel from the main body of a church.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SCREEN

PARGETTING

- SN Ornamental plasterwork applied to the exterior of a building, especially timber-framed houses of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries..
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT DECORATIVE PLASTERWORK

PARLOUR

- UF Winter Parlour
- SN Originally a reception room where visitors come to talk especially in a closed establishment such as a monastery or school. Later used to refer to any room used for entertaining guests.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT MEETING ROOM
- NT LOCHTORY

PARTITION WALL

- SN An interior wall, usually not load bearing, that divides a space.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

- BT WALL

PARVIS

- SN A space usually in front of a church entrance but can include the space surrounding a church.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

PASSAGE

- UF Passageway
Transyte
- SN A narrow means of access, often internal.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- NT AISLE
CROSS PASSAGE
ENTERCLOSE
SCREENS PASSAGE
SERVICE PASSAGE
TRIFORIUM
WALKWAY
WALL PASSAGE

PASSAGE AISLE

- SN A narrow aisle that pierces an internal buttress.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT AISLE
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT AISLE

Passageway

USE **PASSAGE**

PASSING BRACE

- SN A long straight timber, halved across other roof timbers, especially running from a wall post or aisle post across the tiebeam to the opposing rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACE

PASSING WINDBRACE

- SN A windbrace that bypasses one purlin to be jointed into the next purlin or principal.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BRACE

PATERA

- SN A flat oval or circular ornamental feature decorated in relief, often with flutes or floral motifs.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Paternoster

USE **BEAD AND REEL**

PAVILION

- SN A section of a building distinguished from the rest either architecturally or as a separate structure joined to the main building, often intended for entertainment, specialised functions or ornamental purposes.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

PAVILION PLAN

- SN A plan form in which pavilions lead off from a spiral corridor.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

PAVILION WARD BLOCK

- SN A pavilion ward in a workhouse, used to accommodate inmates
- CL AREAS AND SPACES

Pearl And Olive

USE **BEAD AND REEL**

PEDESTAL

- SN A base on which a statue, column etc. stands.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ACROTHERION
DADO (PEDESTAL)
PLINTH (PEDESTAL)

PEDIMENT

- SN A triangular gable usually above an entablature.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT AILERON
BROKEN PEDIMENT
OPEN PEDIMENT
- RT ACROTHERION
TYMPANUM

PEG

- SN A wooden nail, round or square in section, used to fix a joint.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PENDANT

- SN A decorative piece descending vertically from the bottom of a newel on a staircase, or from the junction of barge boards at the apex of a gable.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PENDENTIVE

- SN A spandrel which supports a dome and aids the transition between the dome and its square or octagonal base.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SPANDREL

PENSTOCK

- SN A channel or pipeline that feeds water to a waterwheel.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PENT ROOF

- SN A lean-to or monopitched roof, or a projecting canopy over a door, window, or stair.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF
- NT CATSLIDE ROOF

PENTHOUSE (APARTMENT)

- SN An apartment or suite of rooms usually occupying the top floor of a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

PENTHOUSE (SHELTER)

- SN A covered walkway attached to a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Pentice

USE **COVERED WAY**

PERGOLA

- SN An open roofed structure on which climbing plants are grown in order to provide a shaded walkway or seating area.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT EXTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

PERISTALITH

- SN A stone ring built to enclose and sometimes revet a burial mound or cairn.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PERISTYLE

- SN A colonnade all around the exterior of a building or an interior space such as a courtyard.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLONNADE

PETROL ENGINE

- SN An internal combustion engine which uses a mixture of air and petrol as fuel, the combustion of which is by an electric spark.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE

PEW

- SN A wooden bench with a back and ends, usually fixed and found in churches. The bench ends are often decorated.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SEAT
- NT BENCH PEW
BOX PEW
- RT PEW PLATFORM

PEW PLATFORM

- SN A base on which pews or benches can be placed.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- RT BOX PEW
PEW

PHOTOGRAPHIC DARKROOM

- SN A darkened room or workshop used by photographers to process prints from glass plates or photographic film.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

PIANO NOBILE

- SN The principal storey of a building, containing the main reception rooms, when not situated on ground level.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT PLAN COMPONENT

PICTURE FRAME

- SN A case or border, usually wood or metal, enclosing a picture, painting or photograph.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

PICTURE GALLERY

- SN A room within a house or building used to exhibit artworks, often decorated and lit accordingly.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT GALLERY (SECULAR)

PIER

- SN A solid support of masonry to sustain vertical

pressure and frequently each of the pillars from which an arch springs.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT GATE PIER
RT PILOTI

PIER BUTTRESS

SN A detached external pier by which an arch or vault is prevented from spreading.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BUTTRESS

PIERCED WINDOW

SN A window cut through a single slab of timber or stone.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

PILASTER

SN A flattened rectangular version of a column of one of the classical orders.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ANTA
LESENE
PILASTER STRIP
PILASTRADE

PILASTER STRIP

SN A form of pilaster without base or capital.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PILASTER

PILASTRADE

SN The equivalent of a colonnade but using pilasters.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PILASTER

PILE

SN A type of foundation in the form of a post sunk into the ground to support a building platform.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PILLAR

SN A vertical member standing without support.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Pillow Capital

USE CUSHION CAPITAL

PILOTI

SN A pier used to raise a structure or building above ground floor level so that there is open space beneath the structure
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT PIER

PINNACLE

SN Small ornamental pyramid or cone, often decorated, crowning a spire, turret, buttress etc.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

PIPE

SN A hollow, cylindrical structure or tube made of clay, lead, steel, wood etc. through which gas, oil, water or other liquids can be conveyed.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT RAINWATER PIPE

PISCINA

SN A water-drain connected to a stone bowl within a niche in the south wall of a chapel, used to receive the water in which the priest washed his hands and rinsed the Chalice.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
RT CRESCENCE

PIT WHEEL

SN The main gear wheel in a water mill, sharing the same shaft as the exterior water wheel but placed within the mill.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PITCHBACK WHEEL

SN A water wheel where the incoming supply of water is introduced at the top of the wheel and drops onto the paddles, or buckets, of the wheel which rotates in the reverse direction to that of the incoming flow.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATERWHEEL

PIVOT

SN A piece of stone or timber with a small cup shaped depression in its upper surface, set into the ground to fasten a door, gate, window etc to allow it to open and shut.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FASTENING

PLAN COMPONENT

SN The element or elements that make up the different parts of a structural plan.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
NT BAY
CORPS DE LOGIS
PIANO NOBILE
WING

PLANING MACHINE

SN A machine tool for producing large flat surfaces on metal objects. It comprises a large work table which slides backwards and forwards along a substantial guide bed, passing under a stationary bridge containing a fixed tool.
CL MACHINERY

PLANKED DOOR

SN A door made up of vertical planks on the outer face and horizontal planks on the inner face.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOOR

PLANS AND DIVISIONS

SN Plans of structures, particularly ground plans, and divisions or elements of structures that form part of these plans.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
NT PLAN COMPONENT
STRUCTURAL PLAN

PLAQUE

SN A metal or stone plate or tablet, usually inscribed, set into a wall, pedestal, floor etc., often serving as a memorial.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PLATE

SN A general term given to all horizontal timbers laid

on walls or posts in order to support other timbers.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT ARCADE PLATE
 COLLAR PLATE
 CROWN PLATE
 SILL PLATE
 SOLE PLATE
 WALL PLATE

PLAY ROOM

SN A room for children to play in.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT RECREATION ROOM

PLINTH (PEDESTAL)

SN The lowest part, usually projecting, of a pedestal or the base of a column.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT PEDESTAL

PLINTH (WALL)

SN The skirting or projecting base of a wall.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT WALL
 RT SKIRTING BOARD

POINTED ARCH

SN An arch produced by two curves, usually each with a radius equal to the span, which meet at a point.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT ARCH
 NT DROP ARCH
 LANCET ARCH
 OGEE ARCH

POLICE CELL

SN A room for temporary imprisonment and detention at a Police Station.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

PONCELET WATER TURBINE

SN An inward, radial flow reaction water turbine developed by Jean Victor Poncelet (1788-1867) in France in 1826.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT WATER TURBINE

PONCELET WATERWHEEL

SN An undershot water wheel, developed by General Jean Victor Poncelet (1788-1867) in France, which improved efficiency through the replacement of flat, wooden paddles with curved, metal vanes.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT UNDERSHOT WHEEL

PORCH

SN An interior or projecting shelter surrounding an entrance to a building.
 CL BUILDING COMPONENT
 NT PORTE COCHERE
 PORTICO

PORTAL FRAME

SN A frame to a structure formed by precast concrete beams placed in pairs.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

PORTCULLIS

SN A large, movable barrier, usually an iron or wooden grating with pointed bars along its bottom edge, with its sides set in vertical grooves above a castle's gateway enabling it to be dropped to bar entry.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT GATE

PORTE COCHERE

SN A porch which is sufficiently large enough to allow a vehicle beneath it.
 CL BUILDING COMPONENT
 BT PORCH
 RT CARRIAGE ENTRANCE

PORTERS ROOM

SN Room within a building or complex used by a porter.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

PORTICO

SN A porch with columns and pediments.
 CL BUILDING COMPONENT
 BT PORCH

POST

SN A substantial vertical member, usually a component of a main framework.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT CROWN POST
 DOOR POST
 HAMMER POST
 KING POST
 NEWEL POST
 QUEEN POST
 WALL POST

POST AND RAFTER TRUSS

SN A truss comprising principal rafters and wall-posts secured by knee-braces or sling-braces, but lacking tiebeams.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT TRUSS

Post And Truss Frame

USE **BOX FRAME**

POST HOLE

SN A hole occupied by a timber post or the void remaining after its removal, usually with packing.
 CL IMPLIED FEATURE
 BT ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURE
 NT POST PIPE

POST PAD

SN A pad on which a post rests to support part of a structure.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

POST PIPE

SN The space occupied by or left where a post has been.
 CL IMPLIED FEATURE
 BT POST HOLE

POST ROOM

- SN A room where letters and parcels are sorted prior to dispatch
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

POWDERING ROOM

- SN A small room off a bedroom, usually in eighteenth century houses, in which a person would have their wig powdered.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

POWER LOOM

- SN A power driven cloth-weaving machine.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT LOOM

PRESBYTERY

- SN A part of the chancel of a church where the altar is situated.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

Presence Chamber

- USE **AUDIENCE CHAMBER**

PRIESTS DOOR

- SN A priest's private entrance into a church, usually found on the south side of the chancel.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT DOOR

PRIESTS HOLE

- UF Dean Hole
- SN A concealed passage or room for the purpose of hiding and protecting a (Roman Catholic) priest during times of religious persecution.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

PRINCIPAL

- SN A structural member that supports a purlin. Use PRINCIPAL RAFTER where the principal is also a common rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT DIMINISHED PRINCIPAL
KNEE PRINCIPAL
PRINCIPAL WITH CURVED FEET

PRINCIPAL RAFTER

- SN A structural member that supports a purlin and is also a common rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER
- NT ANGLE RAFTER
KERB PRINCIPAL

PRINCIPAL RAFTER ROOF

- SN A roof made up of common and principal rafters.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF

PRINCIPAL RAFTER TRUSS

- SN A pair of principal rafters with a tiebeam, usually with a collar.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

PRINCIPAL WITH CURVED FEET

- SN A principal with a curved lower end that continues down the wall for a short distance.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PRINCIPAL

PRISON CELL

- SN A room for detention and imprisonment within a prison.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

PRIVATE ROOM

- SN A room for personal rather than public use.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RETIREMENT ROOM
- NT BOWER

PRIVY

- SN A latrine.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT WASHING ROOM
- NT REREDORTER

PRIVY CHAMBER

- SN A private chamber usually in a Royal residence.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

PROBATIONARY WARD

- SN A ward for receiving new paupers upon entry to a workhouse. They had to remain there until checked by medical officer.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT WARD

PROSCENIUM ARCH

- SN An arch associated with the portion of the stage between the curtain and the orchestra.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

PROTHESIS

- SN A room in a church to receive the congregation's offerings.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

PROTOMA CAPITAL

- SN A capital with a half figure projecting from each corner
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CAPITAL

PULPIT

- SN A raised structure from which a priest can preach.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

PULPITUM

- SN A stone screen, usually found in a monastic or collegiate church, that separates the choir from the nave.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SCREEN

PULVINATED FRIEZE

- SN A frieze that has a convex section.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT FRIEZE

PUMP

SN A power driven machine or device for raising a liquid or forcing it along a pipe, or for compressing a gas.

CL MACHINERY
NT AIR PUMP
CHAIN PUMP
DUPLEX PUMP
STEAM PUMP
WATER PUMP

PURLIN

SN A horizontal timber set in the plane of a roof's slope and supporting common rafters.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT COLLAR PURLIN
TENONED PURLIN
THROUGH PURLIN

Put Log Hole

USE **PUTLOG HOLE**

PUTLOG HOLE

UF Put Log Hole
SN A hole in a wall in which cross timbers, known as putlogs, were placed to allow scaffolding to be erected. Putlog holes are often left unfilled and are often the only evidence for the use of scaffolding.
CL IMPLIED FEATURE

Quadrangle Plan

USE **COURTYARD PLAN**

QUADRIPARTITE VAULT

SN A vault where the bay is divided by diagonal and transverse ribs into four cells or webs.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIBBED VAULT

QUARRY

SN A small square or lozenge-shaped pane of glass as used in a leaded light.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT WINDOW

QUARRY HOIST

SN A piece of machinery for lifting stone, or containers loaded with stone, from a quarry.
CL MACHINERY
BT CRANE

QUARTER BAR

SN A diagonal brace running from an end of a cross tree to the vertical post to support this.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT CROSS TREE

QUATREFOIL PLAN

SN A plan with four foils radiating out from a central point.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

QUATREFOIL WINDOW

SN A window either in the shape of a four leaf clover or circular with four foils enclosed.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT WINDOW

QUAY CRANE

SN A crane usually found at a marine or inland quay.
CL MACHINERY
BT CRANE
NT FIXED QUAY CRANE
MOVING QUAY CRANE

QUEEN POST

SN One of a pair of posts, placed symmetrically on a tie beam, supporting a collar purlin or plate.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT POST

QUEEN POST TRUSS

SN A truss with paired vertical posts set on the tie-beam and supporting collar purlins or plates.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

QUEEN STRUT

SN A strut which is part of a pair which support the collar and are supported by the tiebeam.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STRUT

Quire

USE **CHOIR**

QUOIN

UF Angle Stone
Coien
Coign
Coin
Coyn
SN A stone or brick used on a corner to reinforce it and also as decoration.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT CLAPPING QUOIN
LONG AND SHORT WORK

RADIATING CHAPEL

SN One of a series of chapels which project symmetrically from an apse or ambulatory at the east end of a church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT CHAPEL

RAFTER

SN An inclined member used to support laths under a roof covering. Normally one of a pair.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT AUXILIARY RAFTER
COMMON RAFTER
COMPOUND RAFTER
HIP RAFTER
JACK RAFTER
PRINCIPAL RAFTER
VALLEY RAFTER
VERGE RAFTER

RAFTER BRACE

SN A timber running obliquely across a series of common rafters.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

Rag And Chain Pump

USE **CHAIN PUMP**

RAIL

- SN A horizontal member of a wall frame between posts or studs, also the horizontal member in panelling, a panelled door or a window.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RAILING

- UF Handrail
- SN A barrier consisting of a horizontal rail supported by uprights.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

RAILWAY INCLINED PLANE

- SN A slope, usually with rails, along which a vehicle can be moved between two relatively flat stretches of railway.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT INCLINED PLANE

RAILWAY LIFT

- SN An elevator used to raise locomotives.
- CL MACHINERY

RAILWAY SIGNAL

- SN A signal usually mounted on a gantry, be it mechanical or electronic, to provide guidance to traindrivers on access to sections of track.
- CL MACHINERY

RAILWAY TURNTABLE

- SN A rotating circular platform operated by machinery to turn a steam locomotive around.
- CL MACHINERY

RAINWATER HEAD

- SN A small tank or cistern, often lead or cast-iron and sometimes ornamented, that collects rainwater from a gutter or channel prior to it being discharged.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RAINWATER PIPE

- UF Downpipe
- SN An exterior, vertical pipe that carries rainwater from a roof's guttering, usually to a drain.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PIPE
- RT GUTTER

RAISED CRUCK

- SN A cruck which is set in solid masonry above floor level but stretching a long way down the wall.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CRUCK

RAKING CORNICE

- SN A cornice along the sloping edge of a pediment or gable.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CORNICE

RAKING STRUT

- SN One of a pair of straight or curved members set at an angle on the tie-beam and framed into a principal rafter, often supporting a purlin.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT STRUT

RAMPART

- SN A protective earthen mound.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

REACTION TURBINE

- SN A prime mover which is rotated by the reaction from forcing a moving fluid to change direction.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT TURBINE

READING ROOM

- SN A room set aside for the purpose of reading, such as in a library or a club.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT RECREATION ROOM
- STUDY
- RT LIBRARY

REBATE

- SN A rectangular recess along the edge of a timber to receive a shutter, door or window.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

REBUS

- SN A decorative feature, or non-heraldic badge, representing the name of a person connected with a building, often in the form of a graphic pun on the name.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

RECEIVING BLOCK

- SN Series of rooms in a workhouse, prison or hospital, often including porter's lodge, baths, clothes store, washrooms, casual cells, rooms etc, for receiving inmates/patients. Use term in Monument Type Thesaurus if it is a freestanding building.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

RECEPTION ROOM

- SN A room in a house, hotel, business premises etc. where guests or visitors are received.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

RECREATION ROOM

- SN A room intended for the pursuit of recreational activities.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT FITNESS SUITE
- GAMESROOM
- GYMNASIUM
- MUSIC ROOM
- PALAESTRA
- PLAY ROOM
- READING ROOM
- SAUNA
- SMOKING ROOM

RECTANGULAR PLAN

- SN A plan in which a four-sided figure has all its angles at right angles and its opposite sides equal and parallel.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

REFECTORY

- UF Frater
- SN A dining hall, usually in a monastery or college.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT DINING ROOM

RELIC CHAMBER

- SN A room within a church or cathedral in which holy relics were kept.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

RELIEVING ARCH

- UF Discharging Arch
- SN An arch built into a wall above another arch or lintel to relieve it of some of the weight of the structure above.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

RELIGIOUS ELEMENTS

- SN Components within a religious, ritual or funerary site directly connected to the sacred practices involved at the site.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- NT ARK
- BIMAH

REREDORTER

- SN A latrine, or privy, situated at the rear of a monastery dormitory.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PRIVY

REREDOS

- SN A decorated screen behind an altar.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SCREEN

RESPOND

- SN A half-pier, corbel or other architectural element, usually situated at the end of an arcade, attached to a wall to support an arch.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Ressant

- USE **OGEE**

RETABLE

- SN A shelf that is behind an altar.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

RETIREMENT ROOM

- SN A room used for sleeping or resting in. Use more specific term.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT BEDROOM
- BOUDOIR
- DORMITORY
- PRIVATE ROOM

RETROCHOIR

- UF Back Choir
- SN The space between the high altar and the east wall or chapel in a large church, and often the area west of a Monks' choir.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

REUSED VESSEL COMPONENT

- SN Any structural component, usually of wood, which is believed to have derived from a vessel. Double index with the appropriate type of structural component eg. BEAM or if known the original term from the MARITIME FIXTURES AND FITTINGS thesaurus.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

REVTMENT

- SN A thin masonry facing or cladding employed to conceal the surface or structure behind it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Rhenish Helm

- USE **HELM ROOF**

RIB

- SN A moulding on a flat or vaulted ceiling, suggesting a structure or forming a pattern derived from vaulting..
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANGLE RIB
- LIERNE
- TIERCERON
- TRANSVERSE RIB
- WALL RIB

RIBBED VAULT

- SN A vault with a ceiling or undersurface subdivided by ribs into bays or webs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT VAULT
- NT FAN VAULT
- QUADRIPARTITE VAULT
- SEXPARTITE VAULT

RIDGE PIECE

- SN The horizontal timber running the length of a roof and positioned at its apex.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF

RING CRYPT

- SN A semicircular crypt below the apse of a church.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT CRYPT

RING GROOVE

- SN A gully in the form of a circle for holding vertical posts in the walls of iron age round houses.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RINGING CHAMBER

- SN A stage in a church tower where bell ringers stand.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- RT BELL TOWER

RISER

- SN The vertical face of a step.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT STEPS
- RT STAIRCASE
- TREAD

RIVER INTAKE GAUGE

- SN A gauge for measuring the volume of water flowing from a river to machinery using the water for motive power??
- CL MACHINERY

ROLL MOULDING

- SN A plain moulding of semi-circular section.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

ROLLER MILL

- SN A flour milling machine which uses horizontal steel rollers and dressing machines – sieves and purifiers – to gradually reduce wheat grains into constituent parts or ‘streams’ which millers call a ‘gradual reduction’ process.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT FLOUR MILL

ROOD BEAM

- SN A beam often situated above, and spanning the width of, the west end of a chancel and supporting a cross or crucifix.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BEAM

ROOD LOFT

- SN A loft or gallery supported on a covered, vaulted structure and projecting over the rood screen proper, occasionally used by minstrels or singers.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

ROOD SCREEN

- UF Chancel Screen
- SN A timber screen, often richly decorated, placed in front of a chancel to support a rood loft.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SCREEN

ROOF

- SN The exterior upper covering, and its supporting structure, of a building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BOWSTRING ROOF
COMMON RAFTER ROOF
COUPLED ROOF
EAVE
FLAT ROOF
GABLED ROOF
HALF HIPPED ROOF
HAMMERBEAM ROOF
HELM ROOF
HIPPED ROOF
MANSARD ROOF
NORTH LIGHT ROOF
PENT ROOF
PRINCIPAL RAFTER ROOF
RIDGE PIECE
THATCHED ROOF
WAGON ROOF

Roof Boss

- USE **BOSS**

ROOM

- UF Camera (Generic) Chamber
- SN An enclosed compartment within a building

intended for a purpose other than as a thoroughfare.

- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- NT ADYTUM
ALMONRY
ANCHORAGE
ANTEHALL
ANTEROOM
APARTMENT
APODYTERIUM
ARTISTS STUDIO
AUDITORIUM
BALLROOM
BANKING HALL
BAR ROOM
BELFRY
BLEEDING ROOM
BOILER ROOM
BOX OFFICE
BURSARY
CABINET
CALDARIUM
CAMERA (SUITE)
CASA MATE
CELL
CHANGING ROOM
CHINESE ROOM
CLOAKROOM
CONFESSIO
CONTROL ROOM
CRYPT
DINING ROOM
DRESSING ROOM
DUNGEON
FIRST AID ROOM
FOOD PREPARATION ROOM
FRIGIDARIUM
FUMIGATORY
FUNCTION ROOM
GALLERY (SECULAR)
GREAT CHAMBER
GRINDING ROOM
GUARD CHAMBER
HALL (COMMUNAL)
INFIRMARY
KEEPING ROOM
KNIGHTS CHAMBER
LABORATORY
LAUNDRY ROOM
LIBRARY
LOBBY
MASTERS ROOM
MEETING ROOM
NOVICES ROOM
NURSERY
OFFICE
ORGAN BLOWING CHAMBER
PALLET CHAMBER
PHOTOGRAPHIC DARKROOM
POLICE CELL
PORTERS ROOM
POST ROOM
POWDERING ROOM
PRIESTS HOLE
PRISON CELL
PRIVY CHAMBER

PROTHESIS
 RECEPTION ROOM
 RECREATION ROOM
 RELIC CHAMBER
 RETIREMENT ROOM
 SACRISTY
 SALON
 SCHOOLROOM
 SCULLERY
 SERVANTS HALL
 SERVANTS QUARTERS
 SERVICE ROOM
 SOLAR
 STAIRCASE HALL
 STATE APARTMENT
 STEWARDS ROOM
 STOREROOM
 STUDY
 TEPIDARIUM
 THRONE ROOM
 UTILITY ROOM
 VESTRY
 WAITING ROOM
 WASHING ROOM
 WORK ROOM
 RT CHAMBER BLOCK

ROSE WINDOW

SN A circular window containing tracery.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT WINDOW

ROSETTE

SN A circular stylised ornament, essentially a patera with floral enrichment, associated with classical architecture and occurring on the soffits of coffers, and as the fleuron of the Corinthian abacus.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT FLORAL FEATURE

ROTATIVE BEAM ENGINE

SN An engine in which the oscillating motion of the beam is translated via gearing to a rotative motion.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE
 NT HESLOP STEAM ENGINE
 TANK BED ENGINE

ROTATIVE STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine which produces rotary motion.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT STEAM ENGINE

SACK HOIST

UF Bag Hoist
 SN A mechanism, either automated or consisting of winches and pulleys, that raises sacks of grain on ropes or chains from one floor of a mill to another, usually through one or a series of trap doors.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 CL MACHINERY

SACRISTY

UF Diaconicon
 SN A room in a church where vestments and sacred

vessels are stored.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

SADDLE

SN A short timber set on top of two cruck blades.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SADDLE BAR

SN A horizontal iron bar set in a window opening to which a leaded light is fixed.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 RT CAME
 STANCHION
 WINDOW

SADDLE JOINT

SN A thin timber, usually sloping on both sides, fixed to the floor between the jambs of a doorway.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT JOINT
 RT THRESHOLD

Saddle Stone

USE **APEX STONE**

SAIL

SN A device, usually wooden, or fabric on a timber frame, designed to catch, and be driven by, the wind in order to power a windmill. For maritime uses see the Thesaurus of Maritime Archaeology.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Sail Back

USE **WHIP**

Sales Counter

USE **COUNTER**

Salomonic Column

USE **SPIRAL COLUMN**

SALON

UF Salone
 Saloon
 SN A large, high-ceilinged room, usually in a great house or palace, serving as a principal reception room; also a room used by the public for a specific purpose; or a drawing room in a house.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM

Salone

USE **SALON**

Saloon

USE **SALON**

SALT PAN

SN A large shallow pan, usually metal, in which seawater or brine is evaporated for the extraction of salt. The name is also often applied to the exterior pits or ponds used for the same purpose (see Thesaurus of Monument Types).
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SANCTUARY

SN The part of the chancel, between the altar rail and the eastern wall, containing the high altar.

CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

Sanctus Bell Cote

USE **BELLCOTE**

SASH WINDOW

SN A window with a frame for holding the glass, capable of being raised and lowered in vertical grooves.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

SATELLITE DISH

SN A device for receiving and sending radio-transmitted signals into the atmosphere.
CL MACHINERY

SAUNA

SN A room, usually lined with wood panels, that is heated to a hot and steamy temperature using a small stove and intended to be used for relaxation and therapeutic purposes.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT RECREATION ROOM

SAVERY ENGINE

SN An elementary steam engine working on the atmospheric principle; often used downstream of an overshot water wheel.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

SAW TOOTH TRUSS

SN A roof truss used for small spans with a saw-tooth overall shape braced by vertical and diagonal members.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

SCALLOPED CAPITAL

SN A type of cushion capital with the lunette on each face cut into a series of truncated cones to form a scallop shell-like decoration.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CUSHION CAPITAL

SCALLOPED MOULDING

SN An ornamental moulding whose curved, segmented form resembles that of a scallop shell.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

SCARF JOINT

SN A joint between two timbers meeting end to end.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

School Room

USE **SCHOOLROOM**

SCHOOLROOM

UF School Room
SN A room within a school, private house or institution used for lessons.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT CLASSROOM

SCISSOR BRACED TRUSS

SN A truss with braces crossing and fixed to each other, thus tying a pair of rafters together.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TRUSS

SCISSOR BRACES

SN One of a pair of crossing braces halved or lapped across each other, tying a pair of rafters together.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BRACE

SCONCE

SN A type of light fixture affixed to a wall in such a way that it uses only the wall for support, and the light is usually directed upwards.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

SCOOP WHEEL

SN A wheel, usually steam driven, used for raising water by means of buckets attached to its circumference.
CL MACHINERY

SCOTCH

SN A housing, normally of triangular section, in a post to take the end of a prop, to hold the post upright during construction.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SCOTCH CRANK ENGINE

SN A compact design of engine in which a connecting rod is dispensed with, giving a short baseplate.
CL MACHINERY
BT ENGINE

SCOTIA

SN A deeply concaved moulding, with a projecting lower edge, that sits at the base of a column between two torus mouldings.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

SCREEN

SN A vertical partition used to separate one area from another.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT ALTAR SCREEN
CHOIR SCREEN
ICONOSTASIS
PARCLOSE
PULPITUM
REREDOS
ROOD SCREEN

SCREENS PASSAGE

SN A passage that runs axially across the end of a hall with a screen between it and the hall and doorways to service rooms on the other side.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PASSAGE

SCRIBED JOINT

SN A joint in which the end of one timber is shaped to fit around the moulding on another.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

SCRIBED MITRE

- SN The junction of two timbers at right angles, with chamfers or mouldings meeting on a diagonal line, where one timber is cut to fit around the chamfer or moulding of the other timber.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SCULLERY

- UF Ewery
- SN A room, or part of a kitchen, for the cleaning and storage of kitchen utensils.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT KITCHEN

SCULPTURE

- SN A figurative or abstract design in the round or in relief and can be of various materials. For freestanding sculptures see also Monument Types Thesaurus.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT CALVARY

SCUTCHING MACHINE

- SN A machine for cleansing flax, hemp or cotton and forming the fibres into a continuous wide lap or sheet in preparation for carding.
- CL MACHINERY

SEA POOL

- SN Man made structure to contain tidal waters, often part of a LIDO, bathing or swimming complex at the sea edge.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT SWIMMING POOL
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SWIMMING POOL

SEAT

- SN A fixed object to sit upon. Use narrower terms where known.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- NT MISERICORD
PEW
SEDILIA
STALL

SECONDARY RAFTER

- SN The inner rafter of a compound rafter.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COMPOUND RAFTER

SECONDARY TRUSS

- UF Intermediate Truss
- SN A truss of slighter construction between principal trusses in an elaborate roof.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

SECRET BRIDLE JOINT

- SN A bridle joint which is invisible from all sides of the timber.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SECRET NOTCHED LAP JOINT

- SN A joint with a notch cut into its invisible inner

face.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT NOTCHED LAP JOINT

SEDILIA

- SN Set of three seats for the clergy found in the chancel
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT SEAT

SEGMENTAL ARCH

- SN An arch made up of part of a circle, the centre of which is below its springing line.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

Serliana

USE VENETIAN WINDOW

SERVANTS HALL

- SN A room for servants, particularly where they would eat.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

SERVANTS QUARTERS

- SN The part of a house frequented by servants when not performing their duties.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

SERVICE BLOCK

- SN An area of a building or complex specifically housing the kitchens, sculleries and services.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

SERVICE PASSAGE

- SN A passage providing access to utility services or a larger tunnel for the purposes of monitoring and maintenance. May also provide be used as an evacuation route.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE

SERVICE ROOM

- SN A room usually set aside for the provision of materials used in a household.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

SERVICE STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase normally used by servants and tradesmen.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

SERVICE WING

- SN A wing of a house used specifically for the storage of household materials and victuals.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT WING

SETBACK BUTTRESS

- SN A buttress that is set slightly away from a corner. Usually one of a pair.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BUTTRESS

SEXFOIL PLAN

- SN A decorative pattern, as used in tracery or a Gothic arch, featuring six lobes, or foils, separated by cusps.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
- SEXPARTITE VAULT**
- SN A vault whose bay is divided by diagonal and transverse ribs into six compartments or cells.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT RIBBED VAULT
- SHAFT**
- SN The part of a column between the capital and the base.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT SHAFT RING
- SHAFT RING**
- SN A moulded ring around a shaft.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT SHAFT
- SHAPING MACHINE**
- SN A machine tool for producing flat surfaces and slots on small work pieces by cutting away surplus material.
 CL MACHINERY
 RT SLOTTING MACHINE
- SHEELA NA GIG**
- UF Sheila Na Gig
 SN A carved stone female figure often found on castles and churches.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT HUMAN FIGURE
- Sheep Creep
 USE **CREEP**
- Sheila Na Gig
 USE **SHEELA NA GIG**
- SHELF**
- SN A flat, horizontal piece of timber or masonry projecting from or recessed into a wall to hold objects.
 CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- SHELL HOOD**
- SN A shell-shaped moulded hood over an exterior opening, such as a doorway.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT DRIPSTONE
- SHINGLE**
- SN A thin wooden slab or tile used in quantity as a roof or wall covering.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- SHOE**
- SN An inclined wooden trough which channels grain evenly from the feed hopper into the eye of the stones in a corn mill.
 CL MACHINERY
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- SHOULDERED ARCH**
- SN A flat arch or lintel with quadrants on the corbels rising from the jambs.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT ARCH
- Shovelboard Parlour
 USE **GAMESROOM**
- SHRINE**
- SN A ferret or repository for relics or any building containing such a repository, or any place or structure where worship is offered or devotions are paid to a saint or deity.
 CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
 NT AEDICULE (SHRINE)
- SHUTTER**
- SN A hinged, sliding or rolling door placed over a window's exterior or interior.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- SIDE LEVER ENGINE**
- SN A design of beam steam engine introduced circa 1800 in which, instead of a single overhead rocking beam, there are two beams positioned alongside the cylinder, one either side, giving a lower overall height.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE
- SIDE WALL FIREPLACE PLAN**
- SN A building plan in which the principal fireplace is positioned on the side wall.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
- SIFTER**
- UF Bolter
 Dresser
 SN A mechanical device, used in a corn mill, that sieves and grades flour or meal and separates oversized particles.
 CL MACHINERY
 NT WIRE MACHINE
- SIGN**
- SN A panel, board or device bearing an inscription, symbol or image, usually describing a function, name, location, instruction, or otherwise distinguishing the object or structure on which it is placed.
 CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- SILL**
- UF Cill
 SN The horizontal piece of timber or stone forming the bottom of a window, doorway or other opening, usually and properly designed to throw off water.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- SILL BEAM**
- SN A horizontal timber positioned at the bottom of a framed wall into which posts and studs are tenoned.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- SILL PLATE**
- SN A horizontal timber usually at the bottom of a

timber framed wall into which posts and studs are tenoned.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT PLATE

SIMS COMPOUND ENGINE

SN A form of tandem compounding of early beam engines, with a high pressure steam cylinder mounted on top of a low pressure one, introduced in Cornwall the 1840s by James Sims.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT BEAM STEAM ENGINE

SINGLE CELL PLAN

SN A simple, one-roomed structural plan.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

Site Layer

USE LAYER

SITTING ROOM

SN Originally a room in a house where a family would gather, usually in the evening, to sit and read, write, sew, play music etc. This term has become commonly used as an alternative to living room.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT LIVING ROOM
 NT SUN LOUNGE

SKEW ARCH

SN An arch with jambs that do not stand at an angle of ninety degrees to its face.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT ARCH

SKIRTING BOARD

SN A narrow timber board or moulding lining the base of an interior wall as a finish between it and the floor.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT MOULDING
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 RT PLINTH (WALL)

SKYLIGHT

SN A glazed opening in a roof or ceiling.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SLASHER

SN A machine for applying protective size to yarn intended for warp
 CL MACHINERY

SLATE HANGING

SN A wall cladding consisting of slates hung in overlapping rows.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT CLADDING

SLEEPER WALL

SN A wall, usually perforated to allow free passage of air, supporting the ground-floor joists of a building.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SLING BRACE

SN A brace, running from a post to a principal,

stiffening an interrupted tiebeam.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT BRACE

SLIP TENON JOINT

SN A joint with a loose tenon morticed into two touching pieces of timber
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT JOINT

SLOTTING MACHINE

SN A machine tool similar in general appearance to a shaping machine but in which the head or ram carrying the cutting tool moves in a vertical plane.
 CL MACHINERY
 RT SHAPING MACHINE

SLUBBING FRAME

SN A machine for further attenuating a sliver of cotton after it has been through a draw frame.
 CL MACHINERY

SLUICE

SN A gate or valve that controls the flow of water from a reservoir, harbour, etc..
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Slype

USE COVERED WAY

SMOKE BAY

SN A bay in a two storeyed house open to the roof to allow smoke to escape.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT BAY

SMOKE HOOD

SN A framed fireplace hood built on a breast and extending from one outer wall to the other or to a spere.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SMOKING ROOM

SN A room set aside within a club, hotel, large residence etc. for the benefit of guests or individuals who wish to smoke.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT RECREATION ROOM

SMUTTER

SN A cleansing or separating machine used in a corn mill for removing smut from grain before it is ground.
 CL MACHINERY

SOFFIT

SN The under surface of an arch, lintel or projecting architectural feature.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SOLAR

SN A first-floor chamber, often serving as a parlour, bedchamber or private room, in a medieval house. Also a loft, rood-loft or garret.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM
 RT CHAMBER BLOCK

SOLE PIECE

- SN A horizontal member supporting the posts in a timber framed structure.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SOLE PLATE

- SN A short timber set across the top of a wall to take the foot of a rafter and an ashlar piece.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PLATE

SOULACE

- SN A straight brace from rafter to collar in a common rafter truss.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPA POOL

- SN Manmade structure that contains water that is heated to a high temperature and sometimes has bubbling air jets. Meant to be used for therapeutic purposes.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

SPANDREL

- SN The quasi-triangular area between, and defined by, the upper sections of a pair of adjacent arches, or between the curve of an arch and the angle of a surrounding frame or structure.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT HOLLOW SPANDREL
PENDENTIVE

SPANDREL STRUT

- SN A short timber set diagonally in the spandrel of an arch brace, between the brace and the corner of the main frame.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT A STRUT

SPEEDFRAME

- SN A general name given to a series of machines which successively reduce the diameter of rovings before the final spinning into yarn.
- CL MACHINERY

SPERE

- SN A screen, with a wide central opening, or multiple narrower openings, spanning the lower end of a medieval hall, screening the cross entry and defining the screen, or cross, passage.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPERE TRUSS

- SN The structure across the lower end of a medieval hall containing the spere, its supporting posts and tie-beam.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT TRUSS

SPIDER

- SN A four-armed metal coupling, positioned at the centre of a windmill's sails, connected to the front of the striking rod and the shutter bars of all the sails, causing the shutters to open and close.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPINNING MACHINE

- SN A machine used for drawing out and twisting together short fibres to make a yarn or thread. Use more specific term where known.
- CL MACHINERY
- NT JENNY
MULE
WATER FRAME

SPIRAL COLUMN

- UF Salomonic Column
Twisted Column
- SN A column whose shaft is sculpted to give it a contorted or twisted appearance, sometimes referred to as a barley-sugar column.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT COLUMN

SPIRAL FLUTING

- SN A decorative feature, usually Norman, in which fluting takes a spiral rather than vertical form.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

SPIRAL STAIRCASE

- SN A staircase, circular in plan, that winds around a central newel.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- BT STAIRCASE

SPIRE

- SN A tall, circular, polygonal or square structure rising from a roof, tower, turret etc., tapering to a slender point.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT BROACH SPIRE
FLECHE
NEEDLE SPIRE
SPIRELET

SPIRELET

- SN A small form of spire.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT SPIRE

SPLAYED AND TABLED SCARF JOINT

- SN A joint which has a splay interrupted by a step
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SPLAYED ARCH

- SN An arch which has a larger radius on the front face of a wall than on the back.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ARCH

SPLAYED SCARF JOINT

- SN A joint with each timber ending in a cut slanted across its length.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT JOINT

SPLIT BALUSTER

- UF Engaged Baluster
- SN A half or whole baluster applied to a wall or pedestal, thus described as engaged.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT BALUSTER

SPRINGER

- UF Tas De Charge

- SN The point or block from which an arch or vault starts. The block generally has a horizontal base and sloped top.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPROCKET

- SN A triangular or wedge-shaped timber cocking-piece attached to the upper face of a rafter near its foot in order to reduce the slope above the eaves. Such eaves are referred to as being sprocketed.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPUR

- SN A short timber connecting a cruck blade to a wall above the point at which the blade diverges from it.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SPUR WHEEL

- SN A large gear wheel which, together with a smaller gear called a pinion, connects two parallel shafts and, in a corn mill, drives the stone nuts.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SQUINCH

- SN One or more arches built across an angle between two walls to support a polygonal or circular structure.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ARCH

SQUINT

UF Hagioscope

- SN An aperture cut obliquely in a wall, usually of a chancel, affording a view between the high altar and the aisles or side chapels.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STADDLE STONE

- SN A short, tapered, vertical stone supporting a rough stone disc so resembling a toadstool, often forming one of several uprights on which a timber structure, such as a granary rests, protecting the building from damp and vermin.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STAGE

- SN A raised platform, especially in a theatre or auditorium, for the use of performers or speakers etc.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STAINED GLASS

- SN Glass that has been coloured by fusing glass with a metallic oxide film or by burning pigment into the surface.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STAIR TOWER

- SN A tower, normally forming part of a larger structure, housing a staircase.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT TOWER

STAIR TURRET

- SN A small or subordinate tower, normally forming part of a larger structure, housing a spiral or

winding stair.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT TURRET

STAIRCASE

UF Stairway

- SN A flight of steps leading from one level to another.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

NT BACK STAIRCASE

DOGLEG STAIRCASE

ESCALATOR

EXTERNAL STAIRCASE

IMPERIAL STAIRCASE

NEWEL POST

NEWEL STAIRCASE

NIGHT STAIR

OPEN WELL STAIRCASE

SERVICE STAIRCASE

SPIRAL STAIRCASE

WINDER STAIRCASE

RT LANDING

RISER

STAIRCASE HALL

- SN A room which contains, wholly or partly, a staircase.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

Stairway

USE **STAIRCASE**

STAKE HOLE

- SN A small hole filled or vacated by a stake, normally driven into the ground.

CL IMPLIED FEATURE

BT ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURE

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STALL

- SN A fixed seat, often enclosed, usually found within an ecclesiastical building and frequently arranged in series to accommodate a congregation, choir or clergy.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

BT SEAT

STAMPS

- SN A series of water or engine-driven crushing machines used in ore dressing.

CL MACHINERY

STANCHION

- SN A vertical iron bar fixed within a window opening to support a leaded light.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

RT CAME

SADDLE BAR

WINDOW

STATE APARTMENT

- SN A room or group of rooms usually reserved for use by the monarchy or government.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINE

- SN A steam engine working at a fixed location.

CL MACHINERY

BT STEAM ENGINE

STEAM CRANE

SN A crane deriving its power from steam generated from solid fuels.

CL MACHINERY

BT CRANE

STEAM ENGINE

SN A power source deriving its energy from solid fuel, which is used to boil water in an almost closed vessel, producing steam which moves one or more pistons in tight fitting cylinders, the energy being transmitted by a piston rod to a diversity of devices

CL MACHINERY

BT ENGINE

NT A FRAME STEAM ENGINE

ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE

BEAM STEAM ENGINE

BULL ENGINE

CONDENSING STEAM ENGINE

CONTRA FLOW STEAM ENGINE

HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE

INVERTED VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE

MINE HAULAGE STEAM ENGINE

NON CONDENSING STEAM ENGINE

NON DEAD CENTRE STEAM ENGINE

OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINE

ROTATIVE STEAM ENGINE

SAVERY ENGINE

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINE

STEEPLE ENGINE

TABLE ENGINE

TANDEM COMPOUND

TRACTION STEAM ENGINE

TRIPLE EXPANSION ENGINE

TRUNK STEAM ENGINE

UNIFLOW STEAM ENGINE

VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE

WATER RETURNING ENGINE

STEAM PUMP

SN A pump driven by steam power generated by solid fuels.

CL MACHINERY

BT PUMP

STEAM TURBINE

SN A steam motor in which rotary motion is produced by steam impinging directly upon a series of vanes upon the circumference of a revolving cylinder or disc.

CL MACHINERY

BT TURBINE

NT COMBINED STEAM AND GAS TURBINE

STEAM WHIM

SN A steam-powered machine used for raising materials such as ore or water from a pit or shaft.

CL MACHINERY

STEEPLE

SN A collective term embracing a church tower's entire structure, including its spire.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

NT CROWN STEEPLE

STEEPLE ENGINE

SN A compact, free standing steam engine introduced circa 1810 and built mainly in small sizes.

CL MACHINERY

BT STEAM ENGINE

STEPS

SN A series of flat-topped structures, usually wooden or stone, on which a person places their feet when ascending or descending, facilitating movement from one level to another.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

NT RISER

TREAD

Stewards Parlour

USE STEWARDS ROOM

STEWARDS ROOM

UF Stewards Parlour

SN A room for higher-ranking servants.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

STIFF LEAF CAPITAL

SN A capital featuring stylised, often projecting, three-lobed leaves.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT CAPITAL

STILTED ARCH

SN An arch where vertical piers raise the springing line.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ARCH

STOKEHOLE

SN The hole through which the fuel for a fire is put to start and maintain the fire.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STONE CARVING

SN An inscription or illustration carved into the surface of a stone wall or other architectural element.

CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

STONE MILL

SN A flour milling machine which uses one or more pairs of horizontal millstones to grind wheat into flour which millers call a 'sudden death' process; within not more than 90 seconds complete wheat grain becomes wholemeal flour.

CL MACHINERY

BT FLOUR MILL

STONE NUT

SN Pinion which engages with the spur wheel and drives the millstones in a corn mill.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STONEMASONRY

SN A structure, part of a structure or area consisting of plain masonry.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STOP

SN A projecting, sometimes decorated, finish to a

moulding, chamfer, label, hood-mould or string-course.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
STOP SPLAYED SCARF JOINT
 SN A joint which has a splay with a short perpendicular section at each end.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT JOINT

STOPPED CHAMFER

SN A chamfer which does not extend the whole length of the surface it is ornamenting. The stop is the end of the feature and can be simple or ornamented.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT CHAMFER

STOREROOM

SN A room set aside for the storage of goods or valuables. Use more specific term where known.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT ROOM
 NT APOTHECA
 ARMOURY
 CELLAR
 CLOTHING STORE
 GUN ROOM
 HARNESS ROOM
 LUMBER ROOM
 TACK ROOM
 WARDROBE

STOREY

SN One of a building's horizontal divisions, being the space between two floors, or a floor and the roof structure.
 CL AREAS AND SPACES
 BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
 NT ATTIC
 BASEMENT
 MEZZANINE

STOUP

SN A fixed basin, containing Holy Water, positioned near the entrance of a church, usually placed within a niche, on a wall or pier, or freestanding upon a pedestal.
 CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

STRAINER ARCH

SN An arch whose purpose is to arrest or prevent structural movement in a building.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT ARCH

STRAINER BEAM

SN A transverse timber in aisled construction, joining aisle posts below tiebeam level, to allow rearing of pairs of posts.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT BEAM

STRAP

SN An iron plate connecting two or more timbers together.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STRAPWORK

SN A decorative feature of wood, plaster or carved masonry, often used in low relief on ceilings, panels or screens and resembling interlacing leather straps. Popular in the late 16th and early 17th centuries.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

STRIKING GEAR

SN A mechanism within a windmill, attached to the striking rod, allowing the opening and closing of the shutters or vanes of patent sails.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 RT STRIKING ROD

STRIKING ROD

SN An iron bar or rod running through the core of a windmill's windshaft that causes the opening and shutting of the vanes on patent sails.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 RT STRIKING GEAR

STRING

SN A sloping timber in a staircase holding the ends of treads and risers.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

STRING COURSE

SN A horizontal, moulded band, usually projecting, running across a wall, often indicating the position of a building's interior floor.
 CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
 BT MOULDING
 RT LABEL STOP

STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

SN A part of a building or structure that is an element of the construction.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT ABUTMENT
 AEDICULE (FRAME)
 AISLE
 ALCOVE
 ANCONE (CONSTRUCTION)
 ANCONE (STRUCTURAL)
 ANGLE BAR
 ANGLE STAFF
 APEX STONE
 APRON
 APSE
 ARCADE
 ARCH
 ARCHWAY
 ARRIS FILLET
 ASHLARING
 BALDACCHINO
 BALUSTRADE
 BAND (STRUCTURAL)
 BARGE BOARD
 BASE
 BATTEN
 BEAM
 BED NOOK
 BEETLE
 BELL FRAME
 BELLCOTE
 BLOCK
 BLOCKING COURSE
 BOLSTER

BOSS
BOX FRAME
BRACKET
BRAKE WHEEL
BRICKWORK
BRIDGE TREE
BUTTRESS
CAME
CAP
CAPITAL
CAPSTONE
CEILING
CENTERING
CHIMNEY
CLADDING
CLERESTORY
COLLAR
COLONNADE
COLUMN
COMPOUND PIER
COPING
CORBEL
CORBEL TABLE
CROSS TREE
CROWN TREE
CROWN WHEEL
CUPBOARD
CUTWATER
DAIS
DAIS CANOPY
DOME
DOOR
DOORCASE
DORMER
DRAW BAR
ENTABLATURE
FACADE
FAN CARRIAGE
FANTAIL
FASTENING
FIREPLACE
FIRING STEP
FLOOR
FLUE
FLUTING
FOUNDATION
FOUNDATION STONE
GABLE
GATE
GLAZING BAR
GRATING
GRILLE
GROIN
GULLY
GUN PORT
GUTTER
HAUNCH
HEAD RACE
HEARTH
HOPPER
HURST
JAMB
JETTY
JOIST
JOURNAL
KERB
KING PENDANT

KNEELER
LATH
LIGHT
LIGHTNING CONDUCTOR
LINTEL
LOOPHOLE
LOUVRE
LUCAM
MASON'S MARK
MEAL SPOUT
MILLSTONE
MULLION
MUNTIN
NECK
NICHE
NOGGING
ORTHOSTAT
OVERTHROW
PACKING PIECE
PAD
PADSTONE
PANEL
PARAPET
PEDESTAL
PEDIMENT
PEG
PENDANT
PENSTOCK
PENTHOUSE (SHELTER)
PERISTALITH
PIER
PILASTER
PILE
PILLAR
PILOTI
PIPE
PIT WHEEL
PLAQUE
PLATE
PORTAL FRAME
POST
POST PAD
PRINCIPAL
PURLIN
QUARRY
QUARTER BAR
QUOIN
RAFTER
RAIL
RAINWATER HEAD
RAMPART
REBATE
RESPOND
REUSED VESSEL COMPONENT
REVTMENT
RIB
RING GROOVE
ROOF
SACK HOIST
SADDLE
SADDLE BAR
SAIL
SALT PAN
SCOTCH
SCREEN
SHAFT
SHELF

SHINGLE
SHOE
SHUTTER
SILL
SILL BEAM
SKIRTING BOARD
SKYLIGHT
SLEEPER WALL
SLUICE
SMOKE HOOD
SOFFIT
SOLE PIECE
SOULACE
SPANDREL
SPERE
SPIDER
SPIRE
SPRINGER
SPROCKET
SPUR
SPUR WHEEL
SQUINT
STADDLE STONE
STAGE
STAINED GLASS
STAKE HOLE
STANCHION
STEPS
STOKEHOLE
STONE NUT
STONWORK
STOP
STRAP
STRIKING GEAR
STRIKING ROD
STRING
STRUT
STUD
TAIL POLE
TAIL RACE
TEMPLATE
THRESHOLD
TIE
TILING
TRANSOM
TRIMMER
TRUMEAU
TRUSS
TUN
TYMPANUM
UPRIGHT SHAFT
VAULT
VAULT SPRINGER
VENT
VOUSSOIR
WALKWAY
WALL
WALLOWER
WATER SPOUT
WATER TABLE
WATERWHEEL SHAFT
WEATHERBOARD
WHIP
WIND BRACE
WINDOW
WINDSHAFT
YOKE

STRUCTURAL PLAN

SN A plan form of a structure or building.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
NT AXIAL CHIMNEY PLAN
BAFFLE ENTRY PLAN
BASILICA PLAN
BUTTERFLY PLAN
CENTRAL FIREPLACE PLAN
CENTRAL STAIRCASE PLAN
CIRCULAR PLAN
COURTYARD PLAN
CRUCIFORM PLAN
DIRECT ENTRY PLAN
DOUBLE DEPTH PLAN
DOUBLE PILE PLAN
E SHAPE PLAN
END HALL PLAN
END LOBBY ENTRY PLAN
GABLE ENTRY PLAN
H SHAPE PLAN
HALL AND CROSS WING PLAN
HEARTH PASSAGE PLAN
HEXAGONAL PLAN
L SHAPE PLAN
LOBBY ENTRY PLAN
OCTAGONAL PLAN
OPEN PLAN
PANOPTICON PLAN
PAVILION PLAN
QUATREFOIL PLAN
RECTANGULAR PLAN
SEXFOIL PLAN
SIDE WALL FIREPLACE PLAN
SINGLE CELL PLAN
SYMMETRICAL PLAN
T SHAPE PLAN
THREE ROOM PLAN
THROUGH PASSAGE PLAN
TREFOIL PLAN
U SHAPE PLAN

STRUT

SN A member whose purpose is to keep two other members apart, so acting in a state of compression.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT A STRUT
ANGLE STRUT
CROWN STRUT
KING STRUT
QUEEN STRUT
RAKING STRUT
V STRUT

STUB TIEBEAM

SN A block in the position of a tiebeam.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TIEBEAM

STUD

SN A subsidiary member, usually vertical, in a framed wall or partition.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT CLOSE STUDDING
CRUCK STUD
HERRINGBONE STUDDING

STUDED DOOR

- SN A planked or battened door, with large nails or pegs with projecting heads keeping it intact.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT DOOR

STUDY

- SN A room for private work, reading etc.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- NT READING ROOM

SUN LOUNGE

- SN A sitting room fitted with large windows for the purpose of admitting the maximum amount of sunlight.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT SITTING ROOM

SUPERVISORY HUB

- SN An area or wing of a hexagonal plan warehouse or prison from where the supervision of the inmates is carried out.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

SWIMMING POOL

- SN Man made structure, usually sub-terranean, built to contain water for the purpose of immersion of people for sport and leisure.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- NT INDOOR SWIMMING POOL
- LEARNER POOL
- MENS POOL
- OUTDOOR SWIMMING POOL
- SEA POOL
- WOMENS POOL

SYMMETRICAL PLAN

- SN A building plan in which the rooms are symmetrically placed.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

T SHAPE PLAN

- SN A building or structural plan shaped like a T.
- CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
- BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

TABERNACLE

- SN A recess for holding the Holy Sacrament.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

TABLE ENGINE

- SN A compact steam engine of moderate power in which the steam cylinder was placed vertically on a table with the crosshead and guides mounted immediately above.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

TACK ROOM

- SN A room for storing and maintaining the equipment used in riding, eg saddles, bridles, reins etc.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREROOM
- RT HARNESS ROOM

TAIL POLE

- SN A pole projecting to the rear of a post mill to allow the sails to be moved into the wind.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

TAIL RACE

- SN A channel that returns water that has been used to turn a waterwheel back to the river or source from which it came.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- CL MACHINERY
- RT HEAD RACE

TANDEM COMPOUND

- SN A horizontal, stationary steam engine with two cylinders in line, one behind the other, the steam passing through each cylinder in turn.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE

TANK BED ENGINE

- SN A small self-contained rotative Beam Steam Engine.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT ROTATIVE BEAM ENGINE

Tas De Charge

- USE **SPRINGER**

Tearoom

- USE **DINING ROOM**

Telamone

- USE **ATLANTIS**

TEMPLATE

- SN A timber placed horizontally in a cob or stone wall to support the foot of a post or cruck blade.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- RT PADSTONE

TENIA

- SN A small moulding on the top of the architrave in the Doric order.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT MOULDING

TENONED PURLIN

- UF Butt Purlin
- SN A purlin that is joined to a principal rafter by a tenon joint.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PURLIN

TEPIDARIUM

- UF Warm Bath
- SN The warm room in a Roman baths.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT CALDARIUM
- FRIGIDARIUM
- PALAESTRA

THATCHED ROOF

- SN A roof featuring a covering of straw, reeds, rushes etc. used extensively during the medieval period but also popular in rural or rustic architecture.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

BT ROOF
Therm
USE **DIOCLETIAN WINDOW**

Thermal Window

USE **DIOCLETIAN WINDOW**

THOMSON WATER TURBINE

SN An inward radial-flow reaction turbine developed by James Thomson.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATER TURBINE

THREADED PURLIN

SN A purlin that is threaded through a hole in the principal rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT THROUGH PURLIN

THREE CENTRED ARCH

SN A depressed arch formed around three arcs: two struck from the springing line with one centrally placed arc struck from below it.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT ARCH

THREE ROOM PLAN

SN A building plan consisting of three rooms placed in a straight row.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

THRESHING MACHINE

SN A machine for beating out or separating grain from corn.
CL MACHINERY

THRESHOLD

SN A wooden, metal or stone strip attached to the floor between the door posts in a doorway covering the joint between two floor surfaces.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT SADDLE JOINT

THRONE ROOM

SN A room containing one or more thrones.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM

THROSTLE FRAME

SN An improved water frame spinning machine which differed from the water frame in mechanical details, being larger and operating at a much faster speed.
CL MACHINERY
BT WATER FRAME

THROUGH PASSAGE PLAN

SN A building plan in which a passage crosses the axis of the building, often at one end of a hall, with an external door at each end.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

THROUGH PURLIN

SN A purlin that passes a principal rafter
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT PURLIN
NT BACK PURLIN

CLASPED PURLIN
THREADED PURLIN
TRENCHED PURLIN

THROUGH TENON JOINT

SN A joint in which the tenon passes completely through the receiving timber.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

THROWING MACHINE

SN A machine used in the silk industry for applying the final twist to silk threads to make them suitable for weaving into a fabric.
CL MACHINERY

TIE

SN Any member that connects two bodies, such as the sloping sides of a roof, to prevent them pulling apart.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT TIEBEAM

TIEBEAM

SN A major horizontal timber spanning a roof space to connect a pair of principal rafters and prevent them spreading.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT TIE
BEAM
NT DROPPED TIEBEAM
INTERRUPTED TIEBEAM
STUB TIEBEAM

TIERCERON

SN A secondary rib usually springing from the junction of two other ribs, or one that rises between a main diagonal and transverse rib, from the springing to the ridge rib.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIB

TILE HANGING

SN A vertical cladding consisting of tiles hung in overlapping rows.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CLADDING

TILING

SN An area or series of tiles applied, usually to an interior floor or wall's surface, for practical or decorative effect.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

TILT HAMMER

SN An early form of powered forging hammer, featuring a cast-iron hammer head fixed to a pivoted wooden arm, introduced circa 1500 and used primarily in the iron industry.
CL MACHINERY

TOILET

SN A room containing a toilet, water closet etc..
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT WASHING ROOM

TOMB

SN A grave or sepulchre enclosed or covered by a

memorial.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT
RT AMBITUS
EASTER SEPULCHRE

TORUS

SN A large, convex moulding, sometimes ornamented, set at the base of a column and above its plinth.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT MOULDING

TOWER

SN A tall structure of any form, high in proportion to its lateral dimensions, often rising in stages, freestanding or part of another building, often used in fortifications and churches.
CL BUILDING COMPONENT
NT ANGLE TOWER
BELL TOWER
CLOCK TOWER
CROSSING TOWER
FOREBUILDING
STAIR TOWER
TURRET

TRACERIED HEAD WINDOW

SN A window which has its head beam decorated with elements of tracery.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

TRACERY

SN An arrangement by which panels, screens, vaults or windows are divided into parts of different shapes or sizes by means of moulded stone bars or ribs, called form-pieces or forms in the Medieval period.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
NT CINQUEFOIL

TRACTION STEAM ENGINE

SN A small mobile steam engine.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

TRADING FLOOR

SN An open area within an exchange building (e.g. cotton exchange, corn exchange, stock exchange) where goods are traded.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

TRANSEPT

SN A large division of a building which lies across, and at right angles to, its main axis, such as the arms either side of the crossing in a cruciform church.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
NT CROSS TRANSEPT
DWARF TRANSEPT

TRANSOM

SN A horizontal member dividing a window into two or more lights.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT MULLION

TRANSVERSE BEAM

SN A beam that runs the width of a building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BEAM

TRANSVERSE RIB

SN A rib which spans a vault passing from springer to springer at right angles to the axis of the vault.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT RIB

Transyte

USE **PASSAGE**

TRAPDOOR

SN A horizontal door within, and usually flush with surface of, a floor, ceiling or roof.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT DOOR

TRAVELLING CRANE

SN A crane, usually used in engineering workshops, that can be moved from place to place, often by means of rails.
CL MACHINERY
BT CRANE
NT TRAVELLING ROOF CRANE

TRAVELLING ROOF CRANE

SN A crane, usually used in engineering workshops that can be moved from place to place by means of overhead rails..
CL MACHINERY
BT TRAVELLING CRANE

TREAD

SN The horizontal surface of a step or stair.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT STEPS
RT RISER

TREADMILL

UF Treadwheel
SN A large wheel, often of timber construction, rotated by the walking action of people or animals placed within it usually to provide a power source for another machine or device.
CL MACHINERY

TREADMILL CRANE

UF Treadwheel Crane
SN A crane operated by a treadmill turned by the walking action of men placed within it.
CL MACHINERY
BT CRANE

Treadwheel

USE **TREADMILL**

Treadwheel Crane

USE **TREADMILL CRANE**

TREFOIL PLAN

SN A plan featuring three foils or lobes radiating outwards from a central point.
CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
BT STRUCTURAL PLAN

TREFOIL WINDOW

SN A window in the form of a three-leafed clover.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT WINDOW

TRENCHED PURLIN

SN A purlin that sits in a trench cut in the back of a principal rafter.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT THROUGH PURLIN

TRIFORIUM

SN An arcaded upper aisle, with all passage or blind arcade, usually occurring in large Romanesque or Gothic churches, above the aisle and below the clerestory.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT PASSAGE
RT BLIND ARCADE

TRIGLYPH

SN A grooved block placed in series, alternating with the metopes, in a Doric frieze.
CL ORDER
BT DORIC ORDER
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT FRIEZE

TRIMMER

UF Trimmer Joist
SN A short timber supporting end of joists or rafters to facilitate an opening, such as a door or dormer.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Trimmer Joist

USE **TRIMMER**

TRIPLE EXPANSION ENGINE

SN A design of steam engine in which either three cylinders, in the case of vertical engines, or four cylinders on horizontal engines, permit steam to be expanded three times as it passes through the installation.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

TRUE MITRE

SN The junction of two timbers at right angles which involves chamfers or mouldings meeting on a diagonal line and where the timbers meet on the 45 degree line of the chamfer or moulding junction.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT JOINT

TRUMEAU

SN A vertical stone mullion or shaft situated in the centre of a wide doorway to support its lintel or tympanum.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT DOORWAY

TRUNK STEAM ENGINE

SN A steam engine in which the pistons are long relative to their diameters, and there are no piston rods and crossheads.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE

TRUNKING

SN A channel or casing containing and protecting wiring, piping etc.
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

TRUSS

SN A combination of timbers to form a frame placed at intervals and carrying the purlins.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
NT AISLE TRUSS
BOWSTRING TRUSS
BOX FRAMED TRUSS
CLOSED TRUSS
COMMON RAFTER TRUSS
CRUCK
DOUBLE ARCH BRACED TRUSS
FALSE HAMMER BEAM TRUSS
HAMMER BEAM TRUSS
KERB PRINCIPAL TRUSS
OPEN TRUSS
POST AND RAFTER TRUSS
PRINCIPAL RAFTER TRUSS
QUEEN POST TRUSS
SAW TOOTH TRUSS
SCISSOR BRACED TRUSS
SECONDARY TRUSS
SPERE TRUSS

TUDOR FLOWER

SN Decorative ornamentation in the form of an upright, stalked trefoil used in Tudor architecture.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

TUDOR ROSE

SN A decorative feature in the style of a formalized rose.
CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
BT FLORAL FEATURE

TUN

SN A casement, usually wooden, in a mill enclosing the grindstones and preventing the loss of ground material before it is channelled into sacks.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

Tunnel Vault

USE **BARREL VAULT**

TURBINE

SN A motor in which rotary motion is produced by motive power, usually of water, steam or gas, impinging directly on a series of vanes upon the circumference of a revolving cylinder or disc.
CL MACHINERY
NT GAS TURBINE
REACTION TURBINE
STEAM TURBINE
WATER TURBINE

TURNED BALUSTER

SN A baluster, circular in plan, turned and cut on a lathe.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT BALUSTER

TURRET

SN A small tower, usually round or polygonal and attached to a structure. When a separate building, treat as a monument.

- CL BUILDING COMPONENT
 - BT TOWER
 - NT BARTIZAN
 - BELVEDERE
 - STAIR TURRET
- TUSCAN ARCH**
- SN An arch of the Tuscan Order.
 - CL ORDER
 - BT TUSCAN ORDER
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT ARCH
- TUSCAN BASE**
- SN A base of the Tuscan Order, featuring a square plinth supporting a large torus with a fillet above.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT BASE
 - CL ORDER
 - BT TUSCAN ORDER
- TUSCAN CAPITAL**
- SN A capital of the Tuscan Order featuring a square abacus.
 - CL ORDER
 - BT TUSCAN ORDER
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT CAPITAL
- TUSCAN COLUMN**
- SN A column of the Tuscan Order featuring a plain, unfluted shaft.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT COLUMN
 - CL ORDER
 - BT TUSCAN ORDER
- TUSCAN ENTABLATURE**
- SN An entablature of the Tuscan Order consisting of a plain architrave, frieze and cornice without decoration or enrichments..
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT ENTABLATURE
 - CL ORDER
 - BT TUSCAN ORDER
- TUSCAN ORDER**
- UF Gigantic Order
 - SN A biggest and plainest of the classical architectural orders, based upon a simplified version of the Doric Order. Sometimes called the Gigantic order, though not to be confused with the Colossal or Giant Order.
 - CL ORDER
 - NT TUSCAN ARCH
 - TUSCAN BASE
 - TUSCAN CAPITAL
 - TUSCAN COLUMN
 - TUSCAN ENTABLATURE
- TWIST BALUSTER**
- SN A spirally turned baluster.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT BALUSTER
- Twisted Column
- USE **SPIRAL COLUMN**
- TWO CENTRED ARCH**
- SN An arch formed around two arcs whose radii are each equal to the span of the arch.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT ARCH
- TYMPANUM**
- SN The face within a pediment, as enclosed by the cornices, or the solid infill of an arch above an impost, sometimes embellished with sculptural or relief ornament.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - RT PEDIMENT
- U SHAPE PLAN**
- SN A building or structural plan with a U shape.
 - CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 - BT STRUCTURAL PLAN
- UNASSIGNED**
- SN This is the top term for the class. This class includes terms with very broad definitions which could be assigned to three or more classes. See UNASSIGNED Class List for narrow terms.
 - CL UNASSIGNED
 - NT BURIAL PIT
 - FEATURE
 - LAYER
- UNDERCROFT**
- SN An underground, or partially underground, vault or crypt beneath a church or other building.
 - CL AREAS AND SPACES
 - BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- UNDERSHOT WHEEL**
- SN A water wheel where the inflow of water strikes the paddles, or floatboards, below the axis of the wheel.
 - CL MACHINERY
 - BT WATERWHEEL
 - NT PONCELET WATERWHEEL
- UNIFLOW STEAM ENGINE**
- SN A steam engine in which steam flows in one direction only at each stroke, as opposed to the commoner contra-flow engines.
 - CL MACHINERY
 - BT STEAM ENGINE
- Uplong
- USE **WHIP**
- UPPER CRUCK**
- SN A cruck with its feet sitting on a ceiling beam on the first floor.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT CRUCK
- UPRIGHT SHAFT**
- SN The main vertical axle running through the centre of a mill.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- UPWARD BRACE**
- SN A brace extending from a vertical to a higher horizontal timber.
 - CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 - BT BRACE

UTILITY ROOM

- SN A room in which domestic appliances and facilities for cleaning are stored.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM
- RT LAUNDRY ROOM

V STRUT

- SN One of a pair of inclined struts that meet at the bottom to form a V shape.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT STRUT

Vacuum Engine

USE **ATMOSPHERIC ENGINE**

VAGRANTS WARD

- UF Casual Ward
- SN A ward in a workhouse for vagrants
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT WARD

VALLEY RAFTER

- SN A rafter set diagonally where two sloping roofs meet.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER

VAT

- SN A large tank or cask for storing or holding goods, whether liquid, such as chemicals or fermenting beer, or dry, often during a production process.
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- RT YORKSHIRE SQUARE

VAULT

- SN A room or space with an arched ceiling or roof, the depth of which exceeds its span.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT ANNULAR VAULT
BARREL VAULT
CROSS VAULT
RIBBED VAULT
- RT LIERNE
WALL RIB

VAULT SPRINGER

- SN The impost, or point at which a vault rests upon its support, and from which it seems to spring. Hence the term describes the bottom stone of a vault, which lies on the impost.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

VENETIAN WINDOW

- UF Palladian Window
Serliana
- SN A window with three openings, the central light being arched and wider than those flanking it.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT WINDOW

Venison Larder

USE **GAME LARDER**

VENT

- SN A gap which allows air to circulate.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

VENTILATION SHAFT

- UF Air Shaft
- SN A shaft constructed to allow the circulation of fresh air, into a mine, building etc.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

VERANDA

- UF Verandah
- SN An open balcony or gallery extending along the outside of a building, providing principal rooms with shade by means of a roof or canopy supported by posts or light columns.
- CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Verandah

USE **VERANDA**

VERGE RAFTER

- SN A rafter set outside a gable to carry the roof beyond the wall face.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RAFTER

VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE

- SN An engine in which a vertical piston rod supplies energy via a crankshaft directly to the flywheel suspended above the cylinder.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT STEAM ENGINE
- NT HYPOCYCLOID STEAM ENGINE

Vestibule

USE **LOBBY**

VESTRY

- SN A room used in a church to store vestments and for the clergy to dress in.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

VOLUTE

- UF Volute Cushion
- SN A decorative, spiral scroll form, thought to have been based upon the shape of a ram's horn, employed in consoles, modillions, the capitals of orders such as the Ionic, Composite and Corinthian etc..
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Volute Cushion

USE **VOLUTE**

VOUSSOIR

- SN A wedge shaped stone or brick forming part of an arch or vault, with its radiating sides coinciding with the radii of that arch.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WAGON ROOF

- UF Barrel Roof
Cradle Roof
- SN A roof consisting of a series of rafters and arch braces set closely together to give the appearance of a continuous, uninterrupted arch or curved plate.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT ROOF

Wagon Vault

USE **BARREL VAULT**

WAINSCOT

- SN Wooden panelling, especially interior wall panelling that rises only to dado height.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- BT PANELLING

WAITING ROOM

- SN A room provided for the use of people waiting for a service, such as a train or bus service, or to see an individual such as a doctor or a dentist. When a dedicated structure, see Thesaurus of Monument Types.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT ROOM

WALKING SPACE

- SN A clear area in a church covered by the transepts and crossing.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE

WALKWAY

- SN A pedestrian passageway, often elevated, connecting two buildings or sections within a building.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WALL

- UF Analemma
- SN A structure, usually of brick, stone or timber, that encloses or defines a space or room.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- NT CURTAIN WALL
DADO (WALL)
PARTITION WALL
PLINTH (WALL)

Wall Arcade

USE **BLIND ARCADE**

WALL CRANE

- UF Jigger
- SN A wall mounted, hydraulically operated crane or winch, sometimes used to operate lifts.
- CL MACHINERY
- BT CRANE

WALL PAINTING

- SN A two dimensional image using paint applied to the surface of a wall.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES
- NT FRESCO
- RT CEILING PAINTING

WALL PASSAGE

- SN A passage constructed within the thickness of a wall.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT PASSAGE

WALL PLATE

- UF Wallplate
- SN A longitudinal timber set on top of a timber frame, brick or masonry wall on which roof-trusses or

rafters rest.

- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT PLATE
- NT AISLE PLATE

WALL POST

- SN A post, usually carrying a tiebeam, which forms part of a wall in a timber framed building.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT POST

WALL RIB

- SN An arched half-rib applied to the lateral wall surface in a vaulted bay, its function, rather than structural, being to complete the pattern of the vault's main ribs.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT RIB
- RT VAULT

WALL SAFE

- SN A metal safe built into wall
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

WALLOWER

- SN The first driven gear wheel on the vertical shaft within a corn mill which meshes with the brake wheel in a windmill, or the pit wheel in a watermill.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WALLPAPER

- SN Paper, often decorated with a printed pattern, painted or embossed design, and usually provided in rolls and used to line the interior walls of a building for decorative purposes.
- CL DECORATIVE FEATURES

Wallplate

USE **WALL PLATE**

WARD

- SN A room, usually in a hospital, in which a number of beds are located.
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT DORMITORY
- NT FEVER WARD
ISOLATION WARD
PROBATIONARY WARD
VAGRANTS WARD

WARDROBE

- UF Garderobe (Wardrobe)
- SN A room or cupboard usually used for the storage of garments.
- CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- BT CUPBOARD
- CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- BT CUPBOARD
- CL AREAS AND SPACES
- BT STOREROOM

Warm Bath

USE **TEPIDARIUM**

WARMING ROOM

- UF Calefactory
- SN A heated room within a monastery where monks could warm themselves.

- CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT INTERNAL AREA OR SPACE
- WASHING ROOM**
- SN A room intended for, and usually equipped to aid, the performance of ablutions.
CL AREAS AND SPACES
BT ROOM
NT BATHROOM
LAVATORY
PRIVY
TOILET
- WATER BALANCE ENGINE**
- SN A device for hoisting, or operating pumps, using water displacement as a lifting and balancing medium.
CL MACHINERY
- WATER FILTRATION UNIT**
- SN A plant used to sterilize water for use in public bathing establishments, not to be confused with desalination or purification units for drinking water.
CL MACHINERY
- WATER FRAME**
- SN A machine used for spinning cotton powered by water.
CL MACHINERY
BT SPINNING MACHINE
NT THROSTLE FRAME
- WATER LEAF CAPITAL**
- SN A late 12th Century capital featuring large, unribbed leaves growing outwards from each angle before curving up towards the abacus and turning inwards at the top.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CAPITAL
- WATER PUMP**
- SN A pump used to move water.
CL MACHINERY
BT PUMP
NT AQUA THRUSTER PUMP
- WATER PURIFICATION UNIT**
- SN A machine used for the purification of water, usually for drinking purposes.
CL MACHINERY
- WATER RETURNING ENGINE**
- SN A steam engine, often used in the 18th century, which drove a pump to return water back to a waterwheel so that it could be used over and over again.
CL MACHINERY
BT STEAM ENGINE
- WATER SPOUT**
- SN A pipe or channel to carry water outwards from a gutter or behind a parapet. If decorated with grotesque heads it is called a gargoye.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT GUTTER
- WATER TABLE**
- SN An inclined course on top of a projecting sill, cornice etc., designed to throw off rainwater.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- WATER TANK**
- SN A tank used for the storage of water, usually found as part of an institution like a workhouse or hospital complex
CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS
- WATER TURBINE**
- SN A prime mover in which a central wheel with curved vanes, enclosed in a chamber, receives water directed onto the curved vanes by a ring of fixed guide vanes, causing the wheel to rotate about its axis.
CL MACHINERY
BT TURBINE
NT FOURNEYRON WATER TURBINE
FRANCIS WATER TURBINE
JONVAL WATER TURBINE
PONCELET WATER TURBINE
THOMSON WATER TURBINE
- WATERWHEEL**
- SN A wheel turned by water to generate mechanical power.
CL MACHINERY
NT BREASTSHOT WHEEL
OVERSHOT WHEEL
PITCHBACK WHEEL
UNDERSHOT WHEEL
- WATERWHEEL SHAFT**
- UF King Pin
Mill Shaft
Wheel Shaft
SN The large main axle on which a waterwheel, which turns the shaft, and a pitwheel are mounted.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
- WEATHERBOARD**
- SN A piece of cladding in the form of a length of timber fixed horizontally to the building.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
RT WEATHERBOARDING
- WEATHERBOARDING**
- SN An external wall cladding consisting of overlapping horizontal boards.
CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
BT CLADDING
RT WEATHERBOARD
- WEIGHBRIDGE**
- SN A platform scale set within, and flush with the surface of, a roadway, for weighing vehicles, cattle etc.
CL MACHINERY
BT WEIGHING MACHINE
- WEIGHING MACHINE**
- SN A machine used for weighing objects.
CL MACHINERY
NT WEIGHBRIDGE
- WESTWORK**
- SN The west end of a church made up of a tower, entrance hall and upper room, usually with an

altar.
 CL BUILDING COMPONENT

Wheel Shaft
 USE **WATERWHEEL SHAFT**

WHEEL WINDOW
 SN A circular window with tracery or shafts radiating from the centre.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT WINDOW

WHIP
 UF Sail Back
 Uplong
 SN The principal longitudinal member or spine of a windmill sail, extending from the stock and supporting the sailbars.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WICKET
 SN A small hinged opening within a large door.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT DOOR

WILLANS CENTRE VALVE STEAM ENGINE
 UF Centre Valve Steam Engine
 SN A high speed, single acting compound steam engine with centrally placed piston valves controlling the distribution of steam.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

WIND BRACE
 SN A diagonal or arched member placed across rafters to stiffen and support a roof structure.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WIND ENGINE
 SN A simple, wind-driven water pump, also known as a windpump.
 CL MACHINERY

WINDER STAIRCASE
 SN A staircase that rises through only one storey and has treads and risers framed into square studs, one of them often on one side of a door-frame; it usually occupies a rectangular space.
 CL BUILDING COMPONENT
 BT STAIRCASE

WINDING ENGINE
 SN An engine used for directly winding up coal from deep mines, dating from the 18th century.
 CL MACHINERY

WINDOW
 SN An opening in a wall, roof, door, etc to allow light to enter. Usually used to include all component parts.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 NT BAY WINDOW
 BOW WINDOW
 BULLSEYE WINDOW
 CASEMENT WINDOW
 CROSS WINDOW
 DORMER WINDOW
 FANLIGHT
 FIRE WINDOW

LACED WINDOW
 LANCET WINDOW
 LOWSIDE WINDOW
 LUCARNE
 MULLIONED WINDOW
 NORTH LIGHT
 OCULUS
 ORIEL WINDOW
 PIERCED WINDOW
 QUATREFOIL WINDOW
 ROSE WINDOW
 SASH WINDOW
 TRACERIED HEAD WINDOW
 TREFOIL WINDOW
 VENETIAN WINDOW
 WHEEL WINDOW

RT AEDICULE (FRAME)
 APRON
 CAME
 GLAZING BAR
 LIGHT
 QUARRY
 SADDLE BAR
 STANCHION
 WINDOW LINTEL

WINDOW LINTEL

SN A lintel over a window.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT
 BT LINTEL
 RT WINDOW

WINDSHAFT

SN The main axle projecting through the front of a windmill on which the sails are mounted.
 CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

WING

SN A part of a building joined to the core of the structure and at an angle to it.
 CL PLANS AND DIVISIONS
 BT PLAN COMPONENT
 NT CHAMBER BLOCK
 CROSS WING
 SERVICE WING

Winter Parlour

USE **PARLOUR**

WIPER LOOM

SN An early power loom in which the shedding actions of the machine were controlled by tappets, or wipers, which received their motion from a rotating cam shaft positioned at one side of the loom.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT LOOM

WIRE MACHINE

SN A mechanical device, used in a corn mill, that separates bran from meal to produce a white flour.
 CL MACHINERY
 BT SIFTER

Withdrawing Chamber

USE **DRAWING ROOM**

Withdrawing Room

USE **DRAWING ROOM**

WOMENS POOL

SN A swimming pool restricted to the use of females only.

CL BUILDING COMPONENT

BT SWIMMING POOL

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

BT SWIMMING POOL

WOOLF COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

SN A beam steam engine, reciprocating or rotative, powered by two steam cylinders side by side.

CL MACHINERY

BT COMPOUND STEAM ENGINE

WORK ROOM

SN Room in a building or complex, such as a workhouse, in which work is carried out.

CL AREAS AND SPACES

BT ROOM

YOKE

SN A short timber linking two pieces of timber.

CL STRUCTURAL COMPONENT

YORKSHIRE SQUARE

SN Specialised fermenting vessel consisting of a two-storey system consisting of a shallow chamber approximately 2m high above which is a walled deck.

CL FIXTURES AND FITTINGS

RT VAT

Zigzag Moulding

USE **CHEVRON MOULDING**